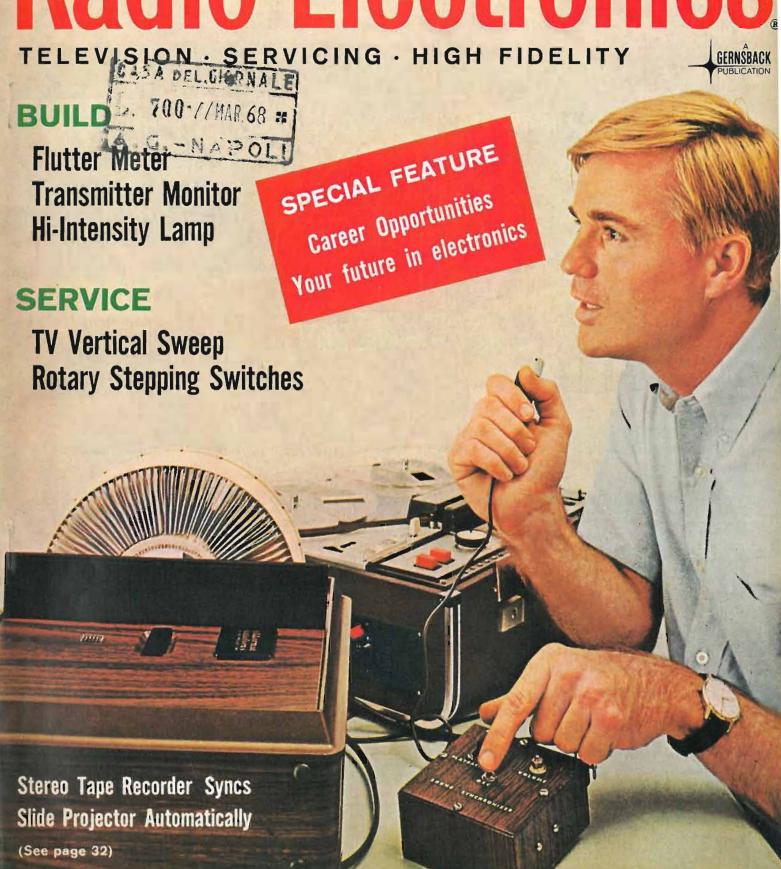
Solar power & basic IC projects

# Radio-Electronics



# WORLD'S LARGEST SELLING AND WORLD'S NEWEST :

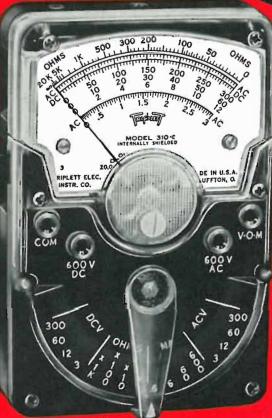
# Hand Size v.o.m's

MODEL 316-C World's Newest Volt-Ohm-Milliammeter





MODEL 319 World's Largest Selling Volt-Ohm-Milliammeter



**BOTH TESTERS** SHOWN **ACTUAL SIZE** 

- HAND SIZE AND LIGHTWEIGHT, but with the features of fullsize V-O-M's.
- 20,000 OHMS PER VOLT DC; 5,000 AC (310)-15,000 AC (310-C).
- EXCLUSIVE SINGLE SELECTOR SWITCH speeds circuit and range settings. The first miniature V-O-M's with this exclusive feature for quick, fool-proof selection of all ranges.

SELF-SHIELDED Bar-Ring instrument; permits checking in strong magnetic fields. FITTING INTERCHANGEABLE test prod tip into top of tester makes it the common probe, thereby freeing one hand. UNBREAKABLE plastic meter window. BANANA-TYPE JACKS-positive connection and long life.

Model 310-\$42.00

Model 310-C-\$53.00

Model 369 Leather Case-\$4.00

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THE TRIPLETT ELECTRICAL INSTRUMENT COMPANY, BLUFFTON, OHIO

# 310-C PLUS FEATURES

- 1. Fully enclosed lever range switch
- 2. 15,000 Ohms per volt AC (20,000 O/V DC same as 310)
- 3. Reversing switch for DC measurements

# MODELS 100 AND 100-C

Comprehensive test sets. Model 100 includes: Model 310 V-O-M, Model 10 Clamp-on Ammeter Adapter; Model 101 Line Separator; Model 379 Leather Case; Model 311 leads. (\$78.00 Value Separate Unit Purchase Price.)

MODEL 100-U.S.A. User Net .. \$74.00 MODEL 100 - C-



Same as above, but with Model 310-C, Net.....\$84.00

# What Does electronics Mean To You?

As you know, this is the "electronics age." And electronics technology is changing so rapidly that the average technician's store of knowledge is highly obsolescent. He must get more education or get out of this field! He must understand fundamental principles and concepts. Only on the basis of such understanding can he easily adapt to the swift changes now occurring.

The technician who knows only the "how" of electronics is left behind again and again by new designs and techniques. But by comprehending the "why," he remains an *expert* — well paid and respected in his field.

# Where Do YOU Go From Here?

Are you standing still? If you mean to be an electronicsman, get with it. You must prepare for the swift changes which are now occurring. Grantham strong-foundation training in electronics engineering technology leads to non-obsolescent skills — to skills which are based more on reasoning than on merely doing.

# Earn Your FCC License and Associate Degree

The entire Grantham educational program is *five* semesters in length. Semesters 1, 2, and 4 are offered by correspondence. In the first two semesters (by correspondence\*) you earn your first class FCC license and radar endorsement. But you don't have to stop there.

In today's world of electronics employment, an FCC license is important and worthwhile, but it's not enough! Without further education, you can't make it to the top. Train with the School which gives associate-degree credits for your license training, and offers you the opportunity to advance beyond the FCC license level to a college degree in electronics. The entire curriculum is as follows:

Semester I. — Basic Electronics Technology (by correspondence, 80 lessons)

Semester 2 — Communications Circuits & Systems (by correspondence,\* 80 lessons)

At this point you are prepared to pass the FCC examination for your first class radiotelephone license.

Semester 3 — Electronics Laboratory
(in residence, or credit given for practical experience)

Semester 4 — Advanced Technical Mathematics (by correspondence, 80 lessons)

Semester 5 — Circuit Design, & Computer Technology (in resident classes)

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# Grantham School of Electronics

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Telephone: (213) 469-7878

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# Accreditation, and G.I. Bill Approval

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The move you make today can shape your future. Begin now with a step in the right direction — Step #1 — and then follow through with Steps #2, #3, and #4.

Step #1 is a simple request for full information on the Grantham Associate Degree Program in Electronics. You take this step by filling out and mailing the coupon shown below. We'll send full information by return mail. No salesman will call.

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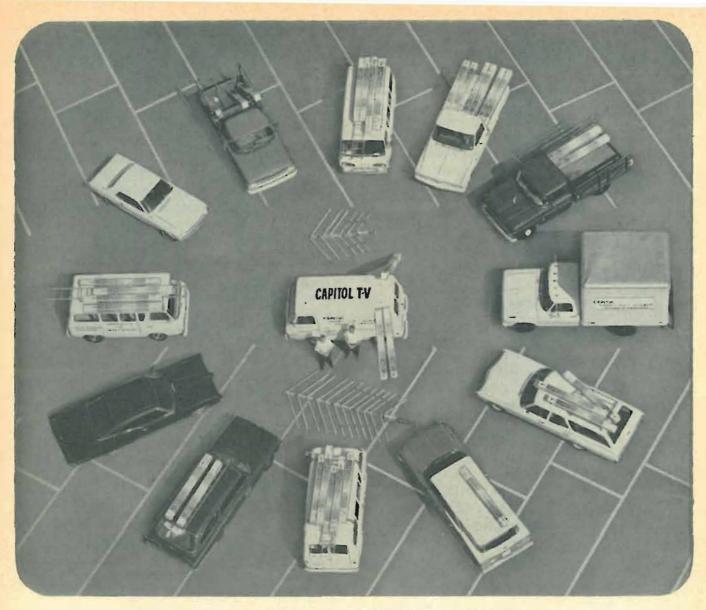
Step #3 is earning your ASEE DEGREE. This degree is conferred when you have earned credit for all five semesters of the Grantham curriculum.

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It's your move! Why not begin now with Step #1.

\*Semesters 1, 2, and 3 of the Grantham electronics curriculum are available also in resident classes at our Washington, D.C. school — at the address shown below.

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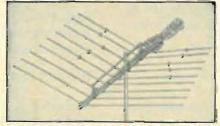
# "When you guarantee finer color pictures...

...like we do, you better deliver!" says George Comer and Bob Garrison, of Capitol TV Sales and Service, Atlanta, Georgia.

"We install antennas for many dealers, retailers, chains and department stores here in the Atlanta area. They look to us to give their customers the fine color reception their customers were guaranteed when they bought their sets. We make sure we deliver the best possible color pictures by installing JFD Color Lasers.

"Before using Color Lasers, we installed VHF LPV Log Periodics. Frankly, we didn't think a combination 82-channel antenna would work so well across the VHF, UHF and FM bands. But the Color Laser is proving it to us where it counts — in happy customers and protected profits."

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Only Color Lasers offer:

☐ BRILLIANT COLOR — flat (frequency independent) response across each channel, free from suck-outs or roll-off. Keeps colors vivid and alive.

ODIC DESIGN — the most efficient ever developed — provides higher gain, better

signal-to-noise ratios, needle-sharp directivity. Eleven patents cover its revolutionary space-age design.

MORE DRIVEN ELEMENTS. Harmonically resonant capacitor coupled design makes dual-function elements work on both VHF and UHF frequencies. Entire antenna (not just part of it as in other log periodic imitations) responds on every channel.

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The Best Antenna for Color TV is The Color Laser by

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Circle 9 on reader's service card

# Radio-Electronics

December 1967 VOL. XXXVIII No. 12 Over 55 Years of Electronics Publishing

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p 32—SLIDE TRIGGER ON TAPE

Equipment shown on cover: Sony Superscope Tapecorder TC-200 and Nikkormat Autofocus Slide Projector.



p 59-HI-INTENSITY LAMP



Member, Institute of High Fidelity. Radio-Electronics is indexed in Applied Science & Technology Index (formerly Industrial Arts Index)

The new Sony FM Stereo Tuner is highly sensitive. It pulls in the weakest stations sharply and clearly. For all its sensitivity, it is unusually insensitive. An ingenious new cadmium-sulfide CdS bandpass RF attenuator protects weak stations from being blanketed by strong signals. There's so much to recommend the ST-5000W. Double-tuning IF transformers, at all 8 stages of the IF section, reject spurious signals and noise. A 5-gang, high precision. silver-plated tuning capacitor contributes to excellent sensitivity. A

tuning meter pinpoints the center of any channel visually. Another meter helps adjust the antenna for maximum signal pick-up. A stereo switch automatically selects the correct mode-stereo or mono. An indicator light spots stereo programs. An adjustable muting switch suppresses interstation noise. Tune in the ST-5000W at your hi-fi dealer. Suggested list \$399.50. Sony Corp. of America, Dept. H., 47-47 Van Dam SONY St. Long Island City, New York 11101

Can a sensitive FM Stereo Tuner also be insensitive? Tune in and find out.



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Here's what they say about the pleasure of assembling the Schober Electronic Organ from kits . . . and enjoying the magnificent sound of an instrument they've created in their spare time.

"Building it was at least as much fun as playing it!"

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So proud I could pop
"I've done over 90 per cent of the
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Mrs. V. P. Allbert,
Topeka, Kansas

Nothing as fine under \$5,000 "... I could not find any organ that sounded as fine as the Schober under \$5,000."

Mr. Jerome J. Fraenkel, Franklin Square, N. Y.

Proud to own "I am proud to own such a valuable instrument,"

Mr. Jean J. Juteau, Montreal, Canada



The NEW Schober THEATRE ORGANone of four models available

Most cherished possession "My spinet has become the most cherished possession in our home-fabulous, indeed."
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Tremendous sound "The sound is conservatively, tremendous." Mr. Paul DeForest Wren, Westbrook, Conn.

Unbellevably easy to build
"When we ran out of
instruction, the organ was
finished . . . To me it was
unbelievable!"
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Thousands of music lovers in every walk of life-from teen-agers to grandmothers, from people who are "all thumbs" to electronic engineers—have enjoyed the pleasure of as-sembling, playing and hearing the magnificent sound of the Schober organ. Whether you favor Bach or Bop, there is a Schober organ that gives you full range of expressional and tonal quality—so like a fine pipe organ that many listeners can't tell the difference. You can build a Schober organ for as little as \$645.
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# NEWS BRIEFS

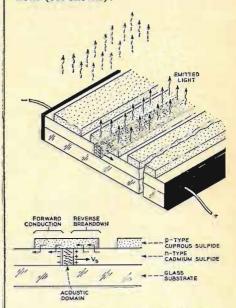
# TRANSISTORS-THREE FOR A PENNY?

That's the prediction of a major semiconductor manufacturer. By 1970, according to Philco-Ford's Microelectronics Division, the cost-per-transistor will be a few tenths of a cent. By 1975, cost should be down to a few hundredths of a cent.

The reason is LSI, or large-scale integration. Now being produced is an IC package containing 10 IC's, each of which contains 1,200 transistors fabricated at the same time. The package total is 12,000 transistors in a space only slightly larger than an ordinary IC.

# NEW LIGHT GENERATOR AND DETECTOR

An acoustic domain-a concentration of crystal lattice vibrations moving at the speed of sound-has been used by Bell Telephone Laboratories to generate light from an array of pn junctions (see sketch).



When excited by an external electric field, SALS (for Solid-state Acoustoelectric Light Scanner) emits light. Unlike other light-emitting solid-state devices, each SALS pn junction need not be connected in the circuit; the acoustic domains travel down the rows, exciting each junction in turn.

Depending on junction breakdown voltage and applied voltage, SALS may also be used as a light detecAmazing"power tool" for electronics men

Still working electronics problems with that old-fashioned manual tool, the pencil? You're not alone. And that's kind of a shame in this wonderful age when power tools have speeded up so many manual jobs. Now here is an amazing "power tool" that zips through electronic calculations like a power saw through soft pine. The CIE Electronics Slide Rule. It has a special scale that works reactance problems in seconds. And another scale that does the same for resonance problems. Plus two more scales that tell exactly where the decimal points go.

No guesswork. No paperwork. No rough calculations. You get an accurate answer in 20 seconds or less.

It also does the things ordinary slide rules do. Like multiply, divide and extract square roots in one setting. Or find reciprocals for resistance formulas, logarithms for decibel formulas, and trigonometric functions for AC circuitry formulas. And work the formulas in seconds.

The Electronics Slide Rule is easy to use even if you've never worked a slide rule before. It was developed by CIE, one of America's leading electronics schools. And it comes with a 4-lesson course that turns you into an expert. Not just an instruction manual, but a real Instruction Course. With assignments you may send in for grading by our instructors. And when you finish, a Certificate of Achievement that "tells the world" you're an electronics slide rule expert.

The slide rule and course are sold together -- for about half what we think they're worth. It's our way of getting acquainted with men around the country who want to get ahead in electronics.

Mail the coupon for FREE booklet describing this Electronics Slide Rule. Or write to Cleveland Institute of Electronics, Dept. RE-147, 1776 E. 17th Street, Cleveland, Ohio 44114. No charge or obligation.



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# impedance mismatch problems?

When most voice coil impedances were either 3.2 ohms or 8 ohms, speaker replacement was relatively simple. Then came transistor sets, and equip-

ment without output transformers, and now voice coil impedances range all over the map.

It's important to remember that a mismatched impedance in a speaker replacement will almost surely create problems... from a loss of volume to a blown transistor.

# Quam... and only Quam... helps you avoid these problems these three ways:

- 1. WIDE CHOICE—As Photofacts/
  Counterfacts participants, we know in advance what voice coil impedance the new equipment will require, so we generally have the right speaker in our comprehensive line when you need it.
- 2. VERSATILE SPEAKERS—Quam multi-tap speakers offer a choice of impedances in a single unit. Available in all the sizes you need for automotive replacement, Quam multi-taps handle 10, 20, or 40 ohm applications.
- 3. SPECIAL SERVICE—Just in case you run across an oddball, we offer this convenient exclusive: any Quam speaker can be supplied with any voice coil impedance, only \$1.00 extra, list price.



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t voice dances der 3.2 cohms, eplace-elative.
Then insistor equipers, and

### INSTRUCTIVE AND ENJOYABLE

Why not more of your articles on "Learn Color the Programed Way". It was very instructive and enjoyable to read. And for Jack Darr, once again, he is very helpful with his articles in "Service Clinic".

Anthony Pollifione Fairview, N.J.

More of these articles coming up, Tony.

### RADIATION AND CROWD CONTROL

Do private and government broadcasting stations control crowds and riots by various and varying pulsations? I am interested in city planning and would like to know if the street lighting and ground pulsations of a city affect outer space radiation.

Otis H. McLaughlin, Jr. Oklahoma City, Okla.

Don't know about street lighting and ground pulsations, but the broadcast stations use propaganda and advertising to move crowds. However, it's an idea; could try modulating the lights and the earth's tremblings.

### TAPE/SLIDE SYNCHRONIZER

In your June, 1967 issue there is an article by Lyman E. Greenlee describing a voice-controlled sound relay. I would like to control a slide projector from a specific sound recorded on a tape. Do you suppose Mr. Greenlee could write another article showing how this could be done?

Robert C. Gayhart Boulder, Colo.

Bob, you must have been doing some mindreading . . . see page 32.

# INFO ON HYPERBOLIC HORNS WANTED

I am taking your suggestion and writing to tell you what I would like to see in R-E. I liked Novak's article on speakers and enclosures ("Baffle: Speaker-Air Interface," June 1967). How about having him write an arti
(continued on page 12)

# Radio-Electronics

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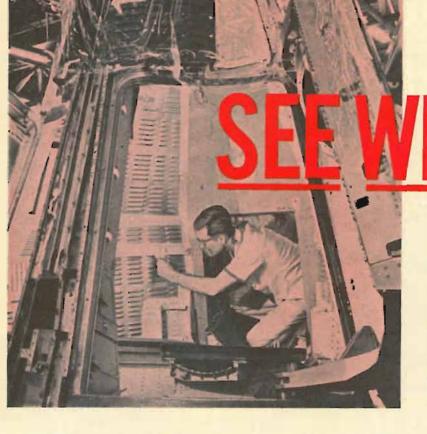
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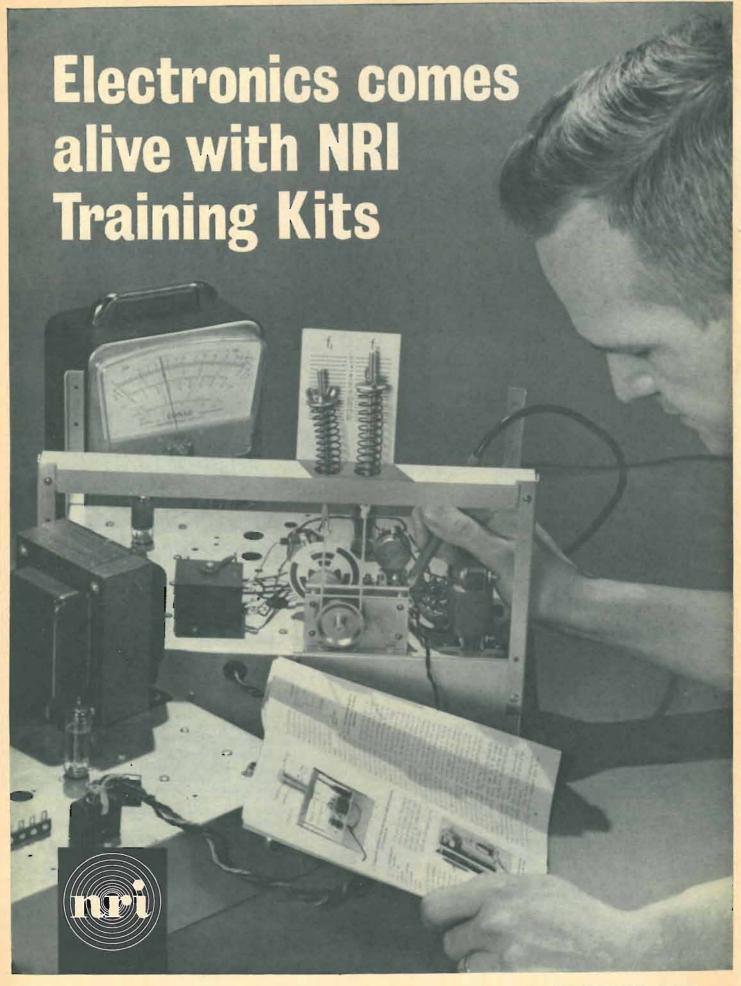
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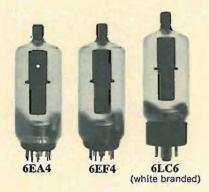
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   —
   Covers electronic equipment used on commercial ships, pleasure boats. Prepares for FCC License with Radar Endorsement.
- 10. MOBILE COMMUNICATIONS \* Learn to install, maintain mobile transmitters and receivers. Prepares for FCC License exams.
- 11. ELECTRICAL APPLIANCE REPAIR Learn to repair all appliances, including air conditioning, refrigeration, small gas engines. Leads to profitable part or full-time business.
- 12. ELECTRONICS FOR PRINTERS Operation and maintenance of Electronic equipment used in graphic arts industry. From basics to computer circuits. Approved by major manufacturers.
- \*You must pass your FCC License exams (any Communications course) or NRI refunds in full the tuition you have paid.

# Reward

for the recovery of each of these shunt regulator tubes



General Electric has discovered that certain of its large screen color TV sets containing these high voltage regulator tubes could emit soft X-radiation in excess of desirable levels.

Almost all of the sets which might have this potential X-ray emission have been found and modified with a new regulator tube specially designed for the purpose. We are now conducting a nation-wide search for the remaining obsolete regulator tubes.

We are looking for these tubes in two ways. Those in use in any model General Electric color television set. And new tubes in cartons, on shop shelves, in trucks and kits.

Now here's how you can help us and pick up your reward.

First, look for the above tube types of any brand in every large screen GE color set you service. If you find one, remove it and return it to this address:

General Electric Product Service Section Northern Concourse Building North Syracuse, New York 13212

For every one you turn in, you will receive a check for \$5.00 plus a new replacement tube at no extra charge. To qualify, you need only to provide the customer's name and address and the model and serial number of the TV set serviced.

Second, should you have unused tubes bearing these numbers in your shop or truck, send them to the following address, and you will receive a check in the amount of 50% of list price (plus transportation expense) for each and every tube returned:

General Electric Company
Building #12, Old Hartford Road
P.O. Box 1008
Owensboro, Kentucky 42301

Remember, every used tube will get you \$5.00 when mailed to Syracuse. And every new, cartoned tube when mailed to Owensboro will bring you a check worth 50% of the list price.

If you haven't seen it, we recommend you ask your GE Distributor for a copy of GE's recent "Service Talk" on X-ray precautions in servicing color TV receivers.

GENERAL ( ELECTRIC

### CORRESPONDENCE continued

cle on hyperbolic horns, both bass and high frequency, including nomograms to calculate the necessary parameters since the math is so complicated.

ARTHUR GONTY, M.D. Menominee, Mich.

# SUBMINIATURE INTEGRATED ANTENNA

In News Briefs (July 1967), you mentioned the Subminiature Integrated Antenna developed from the use of high-gain rf transistors, under an Air Force program. Can you provide me with information to build one of these antennas at home?

WILLIAM G. RINGEL Indianapolis, Ind.

I am very much interested in the Subminiature Integrated Antenna concept, and would like to see more on this subject as it becomes available.

DAVID B. GIBSON

Dade City, Fla.

I would like more detailed information on S.I.A. antennas or possibly a schematic diagram.

ANDREW USIS Cleveland Heights, Ohio

One article on how to make an S. I. Antenna is scheduled to appear in the February 1968 issue, if we can get the antenna to work.

### R-E IN VIETNAM

I want to take this opportunity to thank you for your wonderful Reader's Service. We really appreciate a great magazine like yours over here where it's so hard to get information and literature, so thanks again.

PFC RAYMOND R. SAKSA
3rd Marine Division
Vietnam

### REMINDER BETTER ON TAIL LIGHTS

The "Parking Light: Brake Reminder" described in Noteworthy Circuits (April 1967) will work with either parking lights or headlights if the buzzer is connected to the tail lights rather than the parking lights.

WILLIAM R. SPEAKMAN Reading, Pa.

### WANTS FAIRCHILD'S #L914

I would like to build the Audio Tone-Burst Generator (July 1967) described by Dr. De Sa. However, I have not been able to locate the Fair-

# NEW MASTER COURSE IN COLOR TV...

# WITH NTS COL

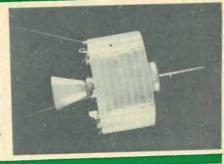
Big 25" Color TV kits included in new Master Color TV Home Study program. Learn Color TV; keep the new 25" color TV receiver you build with exciting kits we send you. 10 million homes in this country will have color TV by the end of 1967. This industry needs technicians as never before, and NTS-trained men can move quickly into the big money.

COLOR TV SERVICING BRINGS HIGH PROFITS

New color sets need careful installation, precision tuning and skilled servicing. NTS home training can put you in this profit picture—prepare you for big pay, security, or start a business of your own.



This is the "space age". It offers new opportunities in communications, industrial electronics, computer technology, and many others. Automation has increased the need for skilled electronics technicians in thousands of manufacturing plants. Only the well trained man makes it big. Industry wants and demands this kind of man . . . the NTS man. Pick your field. Let an NTS Project Method Program help you toward a well-paid career in Electronics wherever you travel.





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Speeds, simplifies setting of combination locknut/slotted screw adjustments on rheostats and similar controls used in a wide variety of electrical and electronic equipment.

Handle is drilled so you can run an 8" screwdriver blade right through its center and down through the hollow nutdriver shaft.



Ideal for all-around production, maintenance, and service work, this new HSC-1 Set contains eight interchangeable hollow nutdriver shafts in the most popuar hex opening sizes from 3/16" thru 9/16"



WRITE FOR BULLETIN N867



XCELITE, INC., 10 Bank St., Orchard Park, N. Y. 14127 In Canada contact Charles W. Pointon, Ltd.

RADIO-ELECTRONICS

child µL914 integrated circuit, at the price mentioned (under \$1.00). Would you please advise me as to where I may order this part. Incidentally, I enjoy your magazine a great deal, especially the construction articles.

> LT. CHARLES D. HAMILTON, USAF Valdosta, Ga.

Try Powell-Florida, 2049 W. Central Blvd., Orlando, Fla., 32805; Cramer Florida, Inc., 4141 N.E. Sixth Ave., Ft. Lauderdale, Fla., 33308; Hall Mark Electronics, 7233 Lake Ellenor Drive, Orlando, Fla., 32809; Carolina Radio, 221 W. Washington St., Greenville S.C., 29601; or Schweber Electronics, 2109 Clinton Bldg., Huntsville, Ala., 35805. These are 5 stocking distributors nearest you. If you still have a problem, write directly to Fairchild Semiconductor Div., P.O. Box 1058, Mountain View, Calif., 94040. Keep in mind when ordering that many distributors have a minimum charge per order requirement and the less-than \$1.00 charge may not be available to you if your order is too small!

### MANUFACTURERS AS VILLAINS?

Dear Editor:

I suppose you would not dare to tell about how the manufacturer is the serviceman's worst enemy, since he comes along with different parts just to be different. I mean minor changes not affecting quality. They should not be allowed to introduce new components unless there is at least a 5% increase in quality or performance. The electronic business should be cleaned up.

V. N. EVERT Moncton, N. B., Canada

If the manufacturer is the serviceman's worst enemy, as you say, he would not make it possible for the serviceman to be in business. At the risk of oversimplification—the formula is simple; no products made and sold, no products to service. Would you believe that a manufacturer does not make a change or add more parts to his inventory than he has to? Each addition or modification costs both time and money and complicates his operation. There is no argument about the need to reduce number of parts to be inventoried, but if things were made simpler, you would have more people competing with you for your servicing business. As it stands, there is a shortage of servicemen.

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# Microminiature Electronics

by Israel Kalish. Microminiature electronics develby Israel Kalish. Microminiature electronics developed for the space and missile programs is now spreading into all phases of electronics, and will soon be commonplace in entertainment, commercial, and industrial electronic equipment design. This book clearly explains microminiature basics, and will not only help the reader prepare for packaging, operating, and servicing military microminiature equipment, but also orient him in the "think small" trend in civilian equipment. The text is of the programmed type, including questions and answers to review and accelerate learning. 304 pages; \$495

# AM-FM-TV Alignment



# **ABC's of Thermocouples**

by John D. Lenk. This book provides much-needed information on the important but little known subject of thermocouples. Provides a basic understanding of how they work, how they are constructed, and the many ways in which they are applied. Standard types of thermocouples and their accessories are described; color coding is explained; includes full data on calibrating and methods of compensation control for use in laboratory, flight, data system, and other environments. Also covers thermocouple readouts, recorders, and controllers. \$725 128 pages; 5½ x 8½". Order 20586, only .....

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by Howard W. Sams Engineering Staff. Explains the normal operation of a given tv circuit, and then shows exactly the waveform display, voltage, symptoms, picture-tube display, etc., that occur when any component in that circuit is faulty. This invaluable book, in eight main sections, illustrates and describes the malfunctions that occur in specific circuits and shows how to identify and overcome them. Unbelievably practical for fast troubleshooting. \$795 160 pages; 5½ x 8½". Order 20597, only....

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by John Potter Shields. Provides a thorough understanding of the basic types of power supplies used in current electronic equipment. Explains the operation of various rectifier circuits—half-, full-wave, and bridge types—and describes the characteristics of gas and high vacuum tubes, as well as scr's used in these circuits. Explains the basics of filters and voltage regulators; describes solid-state voltage and current regulation. Includes semiconductor-type power supplies, converters, and inverters. Provides typical values and construction data. 112 pages; 1950 5½ x 8½°. Order 20571, only

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FINCO MODEL #65-1
Distribution Amplifier \$29.95 list 2-tube 4output VHF-TV or FM
Distribution Amplifier for 300 OHM Operation, providing 8 dB gain at each 300 ohm output to feed home or commercial systems.

FINCO MODEL #65-5 Distribution Amplifier \$44.95 list VHF-TV 75 OHM Single Outlet Distribution Amplified for deluxe home or commercial use to feed multiple sets through line tap offs or splitters. Delivers 17 dB Low Band and 14 dB High Band.





FINCO MODEL #65-2 Distribution Amplifier \$39.95 list 2-tube 4output VHF-TV or FM Distribution Amplifier for 75 OHM CO-AX Operation, providing 6 dB gain at each 75 ohm output to feed deluxe home or commercial systems. FINCO MODEL #65-6 Amplifiers \$79.95 list. VHF-TV Antenna Mounted two-transistor preamplifier with 75 OHM two-tube Single Output Distribution Post-amplifier up to 30 dB gain for improved reception. Used in home or commercial installations to feed multiple sets.





FINCO MODEL #65-3
Antenna Amplifier
\$44.95 list New VHFTV Antenna Amplifier
and Power Supply with
built in single or dual
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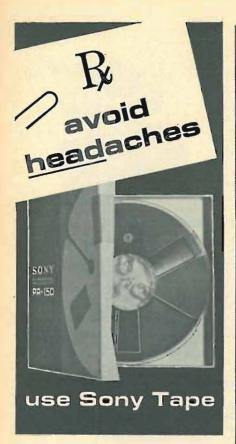
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If you've been using any of the so-called bargain tapes, chances are you should have your heads examined. The odds are good that the heads are excessively worn and you're not getting the most out of your recorder. If you want to keep "factory-fresh" sound to your recorder-and avoid future "headaches" and keep it that way - Here's the prescription-buy Sony Professionalquality Recording Tape. Sony Tape is permanently lubricated by the exclusive Lubri-Cushion process. Sony's extra-heavy Oxi-Coating won't shed or sliver and is applied so evenly that recordings made on Sony Tape are not subject to sound dropouts. Sony Tape captures and reproduces the strength and delicacy of every sound-over and over again. There's a bonus, too, with every 5" and 7" reel of Sony Tape-a pair of Sony-exclusive "Easy Threader" tabs to make tape threading the easiest ever. And Sony reels are a sturdier, heavier gauge plastic for protection against possible warping. It's just what the "Doctor" ordered and yours for just pennies more than "bargain" tape.



# In the Shop . . . With Jack

By JACK DARR

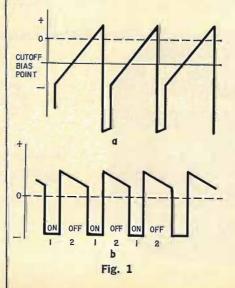
ONE OF THE WORST PROBLEMS IN A TV is the flyback that runs hot with no apparent cause—no shorts, yoke good, and so on. It just runs hot! The set usually makes a pretty good picture: Voltages are off just enough to be obvious, and the cathode current of the horizontal output amplifier (tube or transistor) will be too high. (The energy's got to come from somewhere, to heat the flyback, and this is it.

All right now—why? Well, let's look at the basic characteristics of all flyback circuits, especially the amplifier itself. It's a pulsed stage. Although the tube or transistor used will have a rating of maybe 15 watts, the actual power dissipated during conduction can run as high as 500 watts!

The reason the stage can get away with this massive overload is simple—it goes on only for a few microseconds. Then, the poor thing cools off for quite a while, comparatively speaking, until the next pulse comes along. You can see that conduction time is a key factor in how much power the tube or transistor has to dissipate. Another factor is the output load (the flyback transformer).

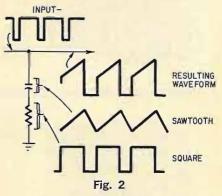
Now, we're getting near the key point—the shape of the driving pulse voltage. Fig. 1-a shows a normal tube pulse, and Fig. 1-b a transistor drive pulse. Note the difference between "on time" and "off time." This is it.

Pulse shape is determined by the driving circuits and the horizontal oscillator. In transistor circuits, you'll usually find a *driver* stage; its main purpose is to get the required rectangular pulse shape, and to set the on-off time ratio.



This column is for your service problems—TV, radio, audio or general and industrial electronics. We answer all questions individually by mail, free of charge, and the more interesting ones will be printed here.

If you're really stuck, write us. We'll do our best to help you. Don't forget to enclose a stamped, self-addressed envelope. Write: Service Editor, Radio-Electronics, 154 West 14th Street, New York 10011.



The basic output of the horizontal oscillator may be a sawtooth, sine wave or even a fair square wave. None of these shapes will do, for driving the output amplifier. Transistor output stages are driven by what looks like a square wave. A close look with a scope shows that it's actually a rectangular wave, with a very precise ratio of ontime to off-time, usually about 1:2.

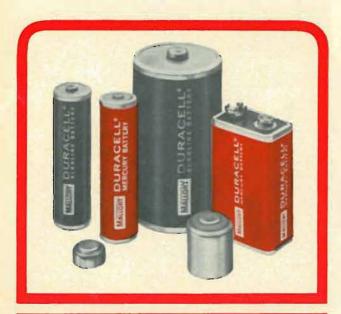
This output wave is shaped by RC networks to make the proper shape. Fig. 2 shows the basic circuit, and what it does. The output waveform is determined by the point of takeoff, and by the ratio of part values—resistance to capacitance. The proportions of the drive waveform, with respect to the cutoff point (bias) of the output amplifier, determine the on-off time of the amplifier and its total power consumption.

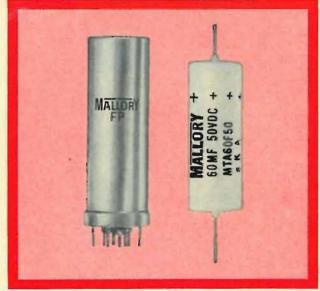
Sounds complicated but it isn't. Use a scope to look at the waveform and compare it to the one shown on the schematic. Then measure its p-p voltage. If there is enough distortion to cause trouble, it'll be pretty obvious. Confirm the diagnosis by taking voltage measurements, current readings and checking the output. Another way: substitute a known good drive waveform from another TV set.

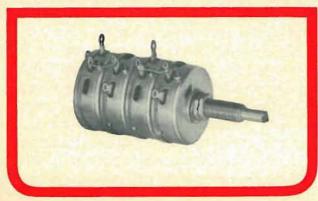
If you "sub" a drive signal from (continued on page 22)

# MALLORY Tips for Technicians MALLORY

# Remember to ask-"What else needs fixing?"







That's the question to ask to add extra profit to every service call. It makes sense. Just about every customer who calls you for TV repair owns other electronic products that are excellent prospects for service. You've already invested your time getting to his home. So why not see what further service you can render?

Does it work? You bet! On a test program sponsored by Electronic Industries Association, in which Mallory is an active member, service men got 6% more profit from business they added just by asking that simple question.

Here are some tips that you can use to cash in on this idea.

Portable radios, for instance. Most homes have at least one. Ask 'em, "How about fresh batteries?" And then sell Mallory Duracell® batteries... best buy in long life and fade-free power. And don't forget cameras, flashlights and toys. They need batteries, too, and there's a Duracell type for every job.

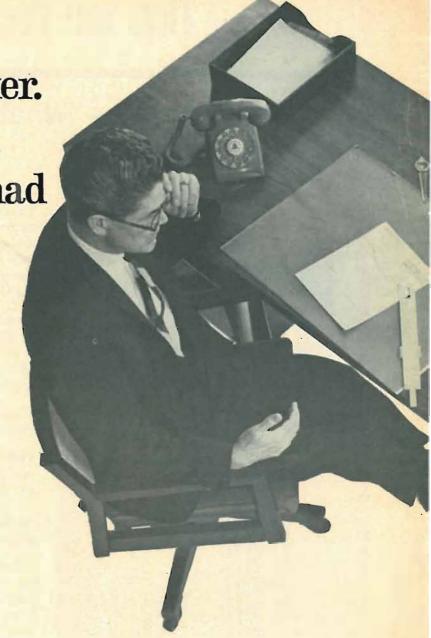
Ask to check table radios . . . then listen for hum as the set warms up. Many people put up with hum because they've forgotten how well the radio sounded when new. But hum may be a sign that a filter capacitor is near the end of its life. Replace with a Mallory FP, WP, TC or MTA. Your Mallory Distributor can supply the exact size and rating you need.

How about hi-fi and stereo? Ask to turn them on, and see if you detect anything that calls for service. You can suggest adding remote speakers for a porch or family room. Be sure to include a Mallory balance control and remote volume controls, to make the installation complete. Record changers and electronic organs are good service opportunities, too.

Try this profit-building "What else needs fixing?" idea on the next calls you make. And for the quality components that make every job sure, see your Mallory Distributor. Mallory Distributor Products Company, a division of P. R. Mallory & Co. Inc., Indianapolis, Indiana 46206.

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I'd promote him
right now if he had
more education
in electronics."



# Could they be talking about you?

You'll miss a lot of opportunities if you try to get along in the electronics industry without an advanced education. Many doors will be closed to you, and no amount of hard work will open them.

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Going back to school isn't easy for a man with a

full-time job and family obligations. But CREI Home Study Programs make it possible for you to get the additional education you need without attending classes. You study at home, at your own pace, on your own schedule. You study with the assurance that what you learn can be applied to the job immediately.

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CONDUCTIVITY	None	None	Slight	Slight
ANTI-STATIC PROTECTION	Excellent	Fair	Poor	Poor
DRIFT	None	Slight	Yes	Yes



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Circle 22 on reader's service card

# lar Science 's Stereo

(THERE'S A SOUND REASON.)



new LT-112B-1 for yourself. Only \$199.95.

Popular Science magazine's reviewer said, "I rate the LT-112-B as one of the finest FM tuners available - in or out of kit form." All of this fabulous tuner's critical circuitry comes pre-wired, pre-tested, and pre-aligned and the full-size, full-color instruction manual makes the rest simple. In just eight hours, you'll have it completed. Again, in the reviewer's words: "Stereo performance is superb, and the set's sensitivity will cope with the deepest fringe area reception conditions ... drift is non- scott where innovation is a trackinon existent." See your Scott dealer and review the

Copyright 1967, HH Scott, Inc.

SCOT

In the Shop . . . With Jack

(continued from page 16)

a working set, read the cathode current and compare its value to what you had with the original drive. This will tell you what's really going on.

### Divide and conquer

In all cases of flyback trouble, you should divide the circuit into two parts: input (or drive) and load (see Fig. 3). The load includes everything fed by the flyback: yoke, damper, HV rectifier (also regulator and focus rectifiers in color sets), and the boost circuits, including the boosted-boost. The drive section includes the horizontal oscillator and driver, afc and all wave-shaping networks in its output.

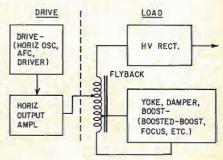


Fig. 3

Load defects are usually pretty easy. They'll affect the output pretty badly—narrow sweep, low HV, etc. If you suspect yoke trouble, substitute the horizontal windings of another yoke, and read the boost voltage. Since the flyback pulse from the yoke is considered as the source of boost, if boost returns to normal, you've confirmed your diagnosis without even seeing a raster!

Input trouble can be harder. A substitute signal can confirm the diagnosis pretty quickly, after a scope check has shown the possibility of trouble—drive signals with excessive flattening of the tops, curvature, too much spiking, and so on; any kind of noticeable deviation from the correct waveform shown on the schematic.

Monitor the cathode current of the output amplifier as a good guide. When you find the real trouble, cathode current will go back down to normal, and the output will come up to normal.

Now, if a sub-signal shows that the set's own oscillator circuit is out of shape somehow, you've got to find out what and why. The cause of this kind of trouble is usually pretty simple (like (continued on page 26)



# Are you eligible for the Bright Guy Awards?

It's easy to get them—and to get all the business they'll bring you. New customers. More sales. More money.

The Bright Guy Awards is the big program Sylvania's running this year to boost your sales.

Your Sylvania distributor can put your name and address in TV Guide ads in your



area. The ads call you "the brightest serviceman in town"—and tell people in your town why they should call you.

You'll get into the Yellow Pages, too, under the heading

"TV Service and Repairs."

Once again this year you'll be eligible for over one hundred valuable, interesting



SMB-Bright Guy gifts, just for buying the Sylvania TV replacement parts you normally buy anyway.

And you'll get window displays proclaiming you "the brightest"—the TV service-

man everyone's reading about.

You're eligible for the Bright Guy Awards just by buying Sylvania's famous color bright 85® picture tube. And our other picture tubes, and our receiving tubes. So see your Sylvania distributor.

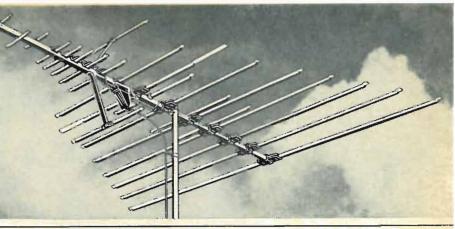


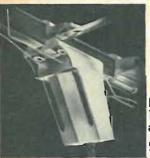
Sylvania Electronic Tube Division, Electronic Components Group, Seneca Falls, New York 13148.



Circle 23 on reader's service card

# Winegard put these features in to bring the best color out





Downlead and Pre-Amplifier Housing—permanent housing is built-into the antenna; provides complete weatherproofing for downlead connector cartridge or pre-amp cartridge.



High Tensile Aluminum Elements; with Gold Anodizing—aluminum alloy has PSI rating of 38,000 compared to 27,000 PSI for alloys used in other antennas. More than 49% stronger and 29% more resistant to bend and wind distortion. Elements and boom are gold anodized for the only permanent protection against corrosion and fading.



Solid State Pre-Amplifiers—incorporate revolutionary new silicon overlay transistors, the best performing and most powerful transistors available for antenna use. Drop into pre-amplifier housing at point of signal interception.

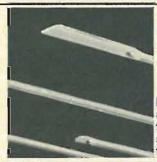


Ellipsoidal Boom—the only aluminum shape engineered especially for antenna use; proved far stronger than any other boom design.



Electro-Lens\* Director System—patented system absorbs entire signal and focuses it directly onto driven elements for pinpoint directivity.

\*U. S. Patent No. 2700105 Canada No. 511984



FM Control Element—provide exceptionally high gain on FM bands and provide for the attenuation of FM bands in areas where strong FM signals interfere with tv reception



Impedance Correlators—patented correlators automatically increase 75 ohm driven elements to 300 ohms to provide 100% signal transfer from antenna to set.



CS-285 Band Separator (with printed circuit)—comes at no additional cost with all 82 channel Super Colortrons to separate UHF and VHF signals. Attaches easily to terminals on back of set.



Vertical Resonant Reflectors—UHF reflectors achieve highest realizable gain on channels 14 to 83 because of exceptionally large vertical capture area; more UHF gain than any other 82-channel design.



2-Year Antenna Replacement Warranty—
the only antenna in the industry that gives your customer a 2-year replacement privilege.

# No wonder so many dealers are selling so many Winegard Super Colortrons so fast.

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And when you drop-in an instantloading pre-amplifier (there are eight to choose from not counting the color spectrum filter) you've got yourself an antenna that does just about anything you want it to do, just about anywhereespecially when it comes to color tv.

The solid state pre-amplifiers enable you to instantly increase gain on all channels. They let you custom match the Super Colortron to any reception requirement in seconds, using either 75 ohm coax or 300 ohm downlead—and with all connections completely enclosed and protected against the weather.

You can take your choice. There are ultra high gain, low noise 82-channel UHF-VHF-FM pre-amplifiers...VHF-FM pre-amplifiers... UHF pre-amplifiers... and FM pre-amplifiers. And then there's that color spectrum filter. It shuts out electro-magnetic interference...lets only pure TV signals come through for the clearest color pictures ever.

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Circle 24 on reader's service card

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# **Solid State Circuit Boards**

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# **AUDIO AMPLIFIERS**

Transistorized audio pre-amplifiers and amplifiers capable of delivering 200 MW of audio power, sufficient to drive a small speaker or a number of ear-phones. The AA-100, which includes a mounted volume control, is designed for general purpose audio applications and can also be used to modulate the TR-100 Transmitter (see below). The AA-300, a 200 MW amplifier, has ex-cellent frequency response and low distortion characteristics which make it ideally suited for broadcast, recording, and TV applications. Either amplifier may be powered from a 9 volt source such as a battery or the PS-300 Power Supply. In applications where greater audio power is required, the AA-100 or the AA-300 may be used to drive the Model AA-400 Power Amplifier (see below).

	Model AA-100	. Model AA-300	
Frequency Response	±3 db, 100 to 12K cps	±1 db, 20 to 20K cps @ 200 MW ±2 db, 20 to 35K cps @ 100 MW	
Harmonic Distortion	Less than 3%, 100 to 12K cps	Less than 1%, 20 to 20K cps @ 100 MW Less than 2%, 20 to 20K cps @ 200 MW	
Input Impedance	150, 600, and 100K ohms (shielded transformer)	50 to 150 ohms, or 600 ohms, balanced (mu-metal shielded permalloy core transformer) 2K or 100K ohms unbalanced	
Gain	70 db	80 db, 50 ohm input, 8 ohm load	
Output Impedance	500 ohms and 8 ohms (grain oriented transformer) 200 MW		
Circuit	5 transistors, 1 thermistor	7 transistors, 1 thermistor	
Power Supply	9 volts DC, 50 MA	9 volts DC, 100 MA	
Size	5½" L x 1¾" W x 1" H	8" L x 21/4" W x 11/2" H	
Weight	3½ ounces	12 ounces	



# 1-WATT AUDIO POWER AMPLIFIER

A transistorized audio power amplifier that can be driven to a full 1-watt output by a 1.5 volt signal. When the AA-400 is used with the Round Hill AA-100 or AA-300 Amplifier, a complete high gain, 1-watt audio system is obtained. Power can be furnished by any stable DC source delivering 14 volts at 150 MA, such as the PS-300. Model AA-400

Frequency Response........ ±1 db, 20 to 20K cps @ 1 watt Harmonic Distortion...... Less than 1.5%, 20 to 20K cps @ 1 watt ..... 500 ohms and 2,000 ohms Input Impedance ....

Output Impedance	4 to 16 ohms
Circuit	4 transistors
Power Supply	
Size	
Weight	3 ounces

# REGULATED POWER SUPPLY

\$995

The PS-300 is a zener-referenced, voltage regulated power supply which delivers a highly stable, extremely low ripple DC output of 9 volts with load up to 200 MA and an unregulated output of 14 volts DC. The PS-300 is ideally suited for transistor circuit applications requiring a well-filtered regulated DC source, and may be used to furnish power to all Round Hill circuit boards.

Input Voltage ..... 105-120 volts AC, 60 cps, 5 watts Regulation ...... Line + load 5 MV Ripple ..........Under full load 10 MV, peak-to-peak 



9 volts DC fully regulated; 14 volts DC unregulated 4½" L x 2" W x 1½" H 23 ounces (with transformer)



The TR-100 is a complete crystal controlled Transmitter for the Citizens' Band. It is factory pre-tuned and supplied with a channel 10 crystal. The Transmitter is capable of an RF output in excess of 100 MW and may be modulated with the Round Hill AA-100 Amplifier. Transmitter power supply requirements are 9 volts DC which can be obtained from the PS-300 Power Supply.

RF Output	100 MW, 50 ohm load
Power Supply	9 volts DC, 50 MA
Size51	1/2" L x 134" W x 2" H
Weight	
Additional CB Crystals	\$3.00 each

ROUND HILL ASSOCIATES INC. A SUBSIDIARY OF MILO ELECTRONICS 434 Avenue of the Americas, New York, N.Y. 10011

STATE

MODEL	QTY.	PRICE ea.	AMOUNT
AA-100 AUDIO AMPLIFIER		\$ 6.95	\$
AA-300 AUDIO AMPLIFIER		\$14.95	\$
AA-400 AUDIO POWER AMPLIFIER		\$ 9.95	\$
PS-300 POWER SUPPLY		\$18.95	\$
TR-100 TRANSMITTER		\$10.95	\$
CB CRYSTAL (channel: )		\$ 3.00	\$
		TOTAL:	\$

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In the Shop . . . With Jack

(continued from page 22)

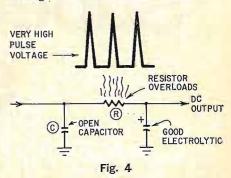
all others!): too much leakage in a small capacitor, or a resistor that has drifted off value too far.

A wee bit of leakage in the coupling capacitor from oscillator output to amplifier grid will really shake things up, by upsetting the dc bias level on the grid. (This of course, determines the cutoff point of the amplifier, and the amount of time it is held in conduction, dissipating power.)

Normally, this kind of trouble will not be in the frequency-determining parts of the circuit or in the afc. If it is, you can certainly tell! The most common cause will be a defective "saw-forming network" somewhere between the oscillator and output.

## Red hot mystery

Once in a while you'll find a trouble, the cause of which won't be a short or a leak, but an open input capacitor, as in the B+ boost filter circuit shown in Fig. 4.



If the input filter capacitor is open, a greater proportion of the pulses goes through the resistor; some of which are bypassed to ground by the ouput filter capacitor and some of which get into other circuits to cause other troubles.

Under this circumstance you could wind up with a big mystery . . . the resistor would run red hot even though there is nothing abnormal on the load side to draw an excessive amount of current.

To find these things, use the scope again; it's the only thing that'll let you see what's going on. Look for the presence of high pulse voltages in what should be "pure dc" circuits. Hook the scope to the circuit, and then bridge good capacitors across all suspected ones. When you find the open one, the pulse will just about disappear.

Just remember the old adage: "This thing worked, once, with these part values in it. So, if I can get all the parts back to where they were then, it'll work again!" R-E

# Merry Crystals from...



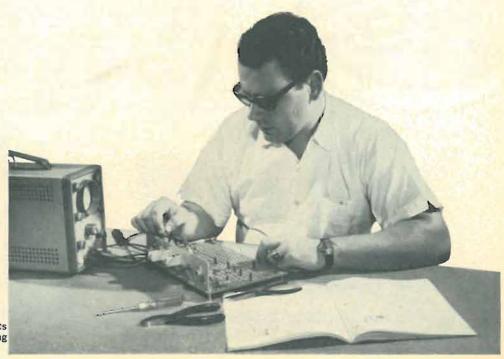
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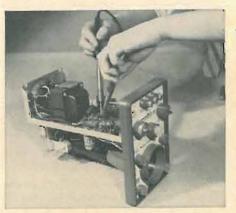
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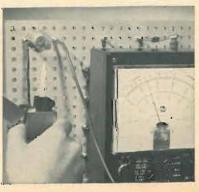
Construction of Multimeter.





Construction of Oscilloscope.

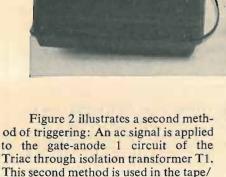
Temperature experiment with transistors.



BUILD A SOLID-STATE TAPE/SLIDE SYNCHRONIZE

Easy automatic slide changing with commentary from your tape recorder

By ROBERT S. HAVENHILL



triggers the Triac, which conducts and activates the motor (or solenoid) in the projector. The slide advances.

In the record mode, it's necessary to simultaneously trigger the Triac (to advance the slide) and produce an ac signal (to put sync on the tape). The circuit is shown in Fig. 3. Closing S1

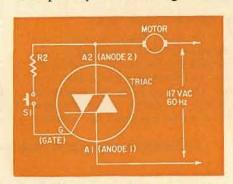
SHOWING COLOR SLIDES is a good way to recreate your vacation for friends. By adding commentary on tape, you're relieved of repeating the same thing, and you can't forget what you said last time. But changing slides is still a nuisance.

The synchonizer changes slides for you automatically. All you need is a stereo tape recorder. You put the voice commentary on one track, and a sync signal on the other. When friends drop in, you simply load the projector and the recorder, turn them on, and the show runs automatically. The recorded sync pulses advance slides as your commentary moves ahead. And there are no relays to chatter or stick.

# Theory

The heart of this synchronizer is a bidirectional thyristor, called a Triac. As you know, a silicon controlled rectifier can conduct only on one-half of an applied ac voltage. Why? Because an SCR is simply a diode with a gate. A Triac consists of essentially two diodes in reverse parallel, with a gate. It can conduct on both halves of an ac waveform and can be used as a full-wave control and switch. A Triac can also be gated by ac, which is quite useful.

Figure 1 shows the symbol for a Triac and one method of triggering it. When S1 is closed the gate is connected to anode 2 through current-limiting resistor R2. The Triac then conducts and switches on the ac motor. (Some slide changers are operated by a solenoid, but the principle is the same.)



slide synchronizer on playback. The

recorded sync signal on the tape is fed

to the primary of T1. The signal then

Fig. 1—Triac is turned on with voltage between gate and anode 2. It can conduct on both halves of an applied ac voltage.

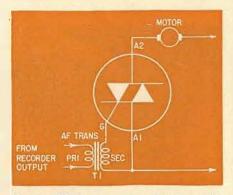


Fig. 2—Either ac or dc will trigger the Triac. Signal can also be applied between gate and anode 1 to turn the device on.

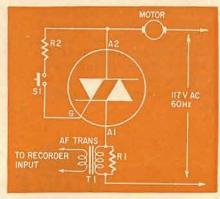


Fig. 3-Drop across R1 is sync signal.

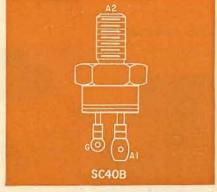


Fig. 4—Typical Triac outline, terminal connections, with mounting stud at top.

triggers the Triac and advances the slide. At the same time the 60-Hz ac to the motor passes through R1, causing a 1-volt drop. This 1-volt signal is passed through T1 to the second tape channel, while voice commentary is going on the first channel. Fig. 4 shows outline and terminal connections of the Triac.

# Operation-record

The synchronizer (Fig. 5) is connected to one recording input of the tape recorder through J1, and, to the slide changer through P1. S1 is set to the record function. The tape recorder is then adjusted to record voice from a microphone on the other input channel. The tape is started and when you want to change slides, S2 (or remote switch S3) is pressed. This triggers the Triac into conduction and starts up the slidechanger motor (or solenoid). In a motor-operated changer, when S2 is released the cam switch in the slide changer continues to feed ac to the motor or solenoid until the cycle is

Meanwhile, as S2 is closed, the sync signal is passed through T1, volume control R3 and J1 to the input of the recorder. The level of the sync signal can be set with R3; thus the volume control of the recorder does not need to be changed in going from record to playback.

S3 is an optional remote-control switch. It lets you put sync on tape without having to be near the unit.

# Operation—playback

The cable connecting J1 to the recorder microphone input is now used

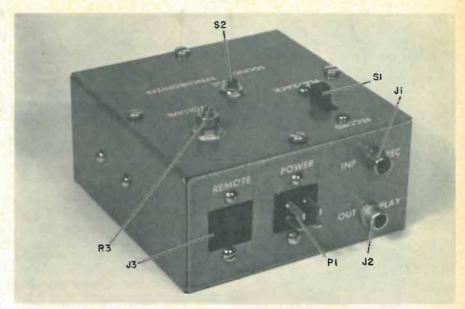


Fig. 6—Remote jack J3 isn't required . . , it is useful for remote operation of S2. Locking control is used for R3 to avoid accidental misadjustment of sync level.

to connect J2 to the external speaker jack of the recorder. (This jack must be on the same channel the sync signals were recorded on.) S1 on the tape/slide synchronizer is set to the playback function, and the recorder controls are set for stereo (or split-channel) playback.

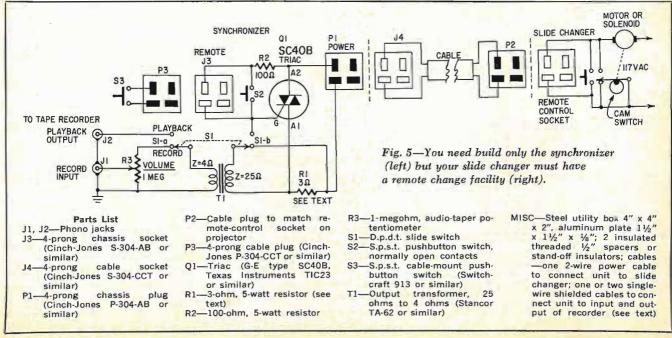
When you play back the tape, you'll hear commentary as usual through the tape speaker. But the syncchannel speaker should be muted, and the sync signal goes into J2 and the primary of T1. The signal is stepped up about 2.5 times by T1 and is then applied to the gate of the thyristor.

Note that closing either S2 or S3 will override all automatic controls and cause a slide change during either

recording or playback.

This synchronizer can be used with nearly any slide changer with remote pushbutton operation, and with any stereo or split-channel tape recorder with power amplifiers. It cannot be used with a tape deck since preamp output isn't high enough to trigger the Triac. The SC40B requires 1.5 to 3 volts and 25 to 100 mA for triggering, and will control up to a 6-amp load at 120 volts.

Transformer T1 isolates the power line from the recorder and gives a fair impedance match between recorder output and the Triac gate. In the record function the impedance match to the recorder input is not good, but continued on page 91



# The Solar-Powered

Self-powered amphibious vehicle will get the

By JOHN HOKE



Fig. 1—First lay out the materials you will need to build the solar vehicle.

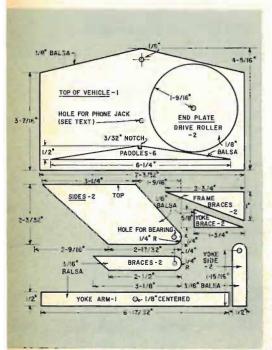


Fig. 2—Unless otherwise marked, sections are cut from two sheets of 1/8" balsa.

A FULL-SCALE GAMMA GOAT IS A MILItary vehicle designed to operate effectively on any kind of ground. This solar-powered model doesn't look much like the real thing, but it does have similar rough-terrain capabilities. It manages well on land or water, and solely with light power.

You'll find the goat easy to build. It's assembled almost completely from tailored-to-fit parts that can be obtained easily from local sources (see Fig. 1).

The vehicle frame is made from 1/8" balsa wood, with 1/4" balsa used for the yoke and for local reinforcement of the thinner wood.

To make later finishing much easier, all surfaces of the balsa should be filled before you cut out the parts. Spread shellac or Elmer's glue smoothly over the wood surface. Lightly sand the treated surface (when it's dry) with about a 320-grit paper before cutting. Use a one-sided razor blade or X-Acto knife to cut the wood. Follow the plans shown in Fig. 2.

### Roller construction

Assemble the front roller as shown in Fig. 3. Use acetone or methylene chloride to cement together the lids of two 6-oz Styrofoam cups. Carefully cut a ½" hole through the center of both lids. An eyelet "bearing" must be centered in the bottom of each cup, to receive the axle.

Next, make the balsa yoke for the front roller, following the plans shown in Fig. 2. Assemble the yoke and mount the front roller in it (Fig. 4). Install two eyelets "bearings" in the yoke with collars inward. The axle can be a piece of coat-hanger wire.

The drive roller is the only component that must be constructed to fairly exacting tolerances. The arrangement is a fixed-shaft device in which the whole roller and motor revolve around an axle held stationary to the frame of the vehicle. The roller is made of two more Styrofoam cups glued together bottom to bottom as shown in Fig. 5. Be sure to cut well-centered holes large enough to accom-

modate the motor. A sharp razor blade, wet with soapy water, makes cutting the Styrofoam much easier. (Make sure all parts are dry before you cement them.)

Using RTV (room-temperature vulcanizing) rubber, cement the motor mount—a discarded core from a roll of cellophane tape—into place against the bottom of one of the two cups. Center it well so that the motor, when put into the mount, also will be properly centered.

# Making the wheels

The end plates (Fig. 6) seal the drive roller. They also are the wheels on which the model runs on land. Each is made from a balsa disk and a plastic cup cover. The eyelets "bearings" used to support the drive roller in the frame of the vehicle must be carefully centered. Cement a cup lid to each balsa disc so the grooves into which the lip of the cup fits will remain uncovered. Be careful to center the lids well on the balsa discs. Use Silastic for joining these two pieces.

Six paddles are provided for propelling the model in water. Mark paddle locations on the drive roller as follows: Using a compass, draw a circle on paper—make it a bit larger than the drive roller ends. Then make a sixpointed star pattern with the compass. Transfer the points directly to the rim of one cup, marking them with a pen (see Fig. 5).

The paddles should be sanded smooth, and filled with shellac or Elmer's glue. To keep the paddles from trapping air or picking up water when running in water, cut vent holes ( 1/42" notches) into the apex of each paddle, as shown in the pattern (Fig. 2).

Next, cement the paddles to the drive roller (Fig. 7).

After the drive-roller end plates and covers have been bonded firmly together, drill out the center holes in which the eyelets will be mounted. Hole size depends upon the size of the eyelets you use. Be sure to strip the eyelets of paint or enamel; they have to carry current from the solar cell to the

# **Gamma Goat**

kids out in the sun this Christmas





Fig. 3-The front roller assembly: Glue two Styrofoam cup lids together. Then cut 1/2" hole through each lid center for axle. Finally, push cups into lids as shown.

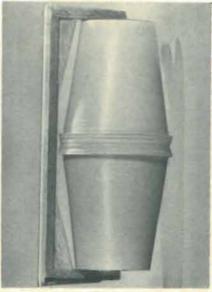


Fig. 4-Front roller is mounted beneath the movable yoke, using two eyelet bearings and a piece of coathanger wire. Unit functions as the steerable roller axle.

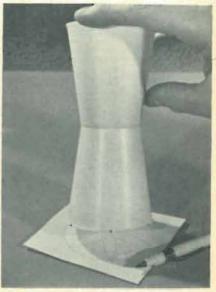


Fig. 5-Cement two additional Styrofoam cups together, bottom to bottom. to form the drive (or motor) roller. Then mark ends for locations of six drive paddles.



Fig. 6—Cement a balsa disc (follow the pattern of Fig. 2) to each Styrofoam cup lid. Then slip each "sandwich" on end of a drive-roller cup. Use two cups and lids.



Fig. 7—Use silastic rubber (or bathtub caulk) to cement paddles to the outside of the drive roller. Be careful not to plug or block the vent holes in paddles.

Materials List

sa wood— $\frac{1}{2}$ " x 8" x 2' (vehicle frame)  $\frac{1}{4}$ " x  $\frac{3}{6}$ " x  $\frac{1}{2}$ " x 3' (yoke and supports) Balsa wood-

ports)
Cups and lids—Styrocups, 6 oz. #67s
Eyelets—Brass, or painted eyelets
Model paint—For painting styrene; Spray
Pla by Testor's, and AMT lacquer

Anodized aluminum (or Lucite)-3' x 4" x 3/32"

Shaft coupler-Motor and drive-shaft coupling; Aristo M233:20, Universal

couping, two required
Solar cells—Series strings of three cells
each; H. & R. No. TM13K490/3;
\$2.50 per 3-cell module. Minimum
of two modules required. Herback & Rademan, 1204 Arch St., Philadel-

phia, Pa. 19107 Phone plug—Subminiature two-conduc-tor (Switchcraft No. 850)

Phone jack—Subminiature two-conduc-tor (Switchcraft No. TR-2A

Gearhead motor—Dc drive motor, Inca-bloc No. SR601AO, with reductor of 1, 5, 10, 15, or 20 rpm (select one speed) \$8.37 to \$9.42 depending on speed (plus shipping). Portescap U.S., 730 Fifth Avenue, New York, N.Y. 10019 Switch—D.p.d.t. toggle switch Miscellaneous—Dow RTV silicone rubber,

bathtub caulk (white-clear), Elmer's glue, spray paints, shellac, epoxy, pins, tape. motor. As Fig. 8 shows, you'll need four eyelets, each with about 8" of wire attached. Use an enameled wire—No. 26 is a good choice—for this hookup. Make the connection to the outside of the eyelet so the wire won't interfere with the axle. Two eyelets are used in the vehicle frame (Fig. 9) and two more are used in the drive roller (Fig. 10). Wire the drive-roller eyelets to the motor terminals, as shown in Fig. 11.

Instead of eyelet bearings, you can use miniature phone jacks and plugs (transistor radio size) at one end of the drive roller. This is a much easier and more reliable way to apply power to the motor.

Construction of the vehicle frame is straightforward—refer to Figs. 2

and 9. Take care to locate the side panels exactly before you glue them; their leading and trailing edges are not parallel. (Carry the "top" marking onto the pieces, when you cut them.) Use Elmer's glue or a twin-mix epoxy resin for bonding.

### Hole drilling

To make things easier later on, drill out the bearing holes as soon as the side members and their braces have been cemented. Drill all other holes, too, so you won't have to juggle the finished frame while you are trying to drill holes in it.

If you plan to use a "plug-in" solar panel (so you can remove the panel to use it for other purposes) drill

an opening for the phone jack at this time (Fig. 12). If you also wish to use a forward-reverse switch, do necessary drilling and cutting at this time. In all such drilling operations, use pieces of backup wood so the holes will be neat. Add epoxy cement to the wood around the phone jack hole, for strength.

Before spray-painting the frame, sand it lightly with a fine emery paper. When spraying the model, take care not to get any paint on the unfinished roller assemblies; most spray paints will dissolve Styrofoam. A special paint (see Parts List) must be used to finish the rollers.

Assembly of the drive roller comes next. Use a round pin file or a tube of emery paper to clean out the eyelet bearings thoroughly so they will offer

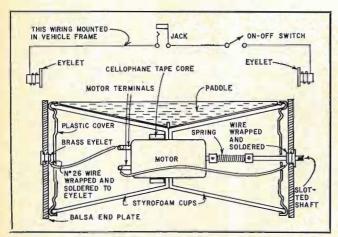


Fig. 8—Cement the motor inside the drive roller with some RTV rubber. Cellophane tape core holds motor securely in place.

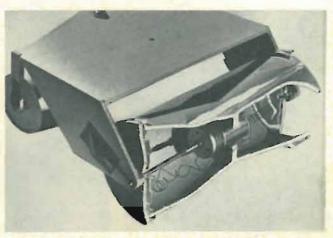


Fig. 9—Motor and drive roller turn when power is applied. Drive shaft is held fixed by cotter pin tied to vehicle frame.



Fig. 10—Solder motor wire to eyelet; mount eyelet in end of drive roller with collar out.

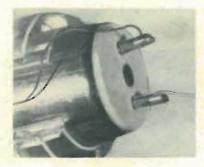


Fig. 11—Solder wires from the drive-roller eyelets to the two motor terminals. Don't overheat.

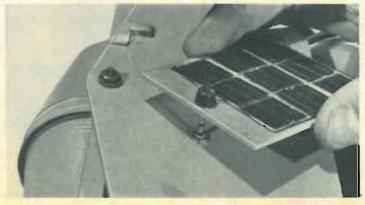


Fig. 12—Cement the solar cells to piece of Lucite or aluminum with a phone plug at one end. Wire cells, plug in series.

good electrical contact. Carefully study Fig. 8 and you will note that one axle is friction-fitted to the motor shaft with a piece of snug-fitting spring. If the vehicle is to be run in only one direction—that in which the spring will "grab" the shafts—this simple hookup is all that will be needed. If, however, you plan to provide a forward/reverse switch, you will need to use a nonslip coupling, such as one with set screws at both ends.

### Motor coupling

The drive shaft can be a piece of coat-hanger wire, but a length of ½" drill rod is better. Cut the axle long enough to let it extend through both the bearing in the drive-roller end

plate and the bearing in the vehicle frame (see Fig. 10). About ½" to ¼" of the shaft should extend beyond the frame bearing. As the shaft must be held stationary at this point, it should be slotted with a file. A ½6" hole drilled through the tip also will provide a means to anchor the shaft.

When the motor and shaft are in place, the two end plates can be put in place, the cup lips tucking into the grooves of the lids.

The drive-roller assembly will need an axle for use in the opposite end of the assembly when it is placed in the frame. A piece of bare coathanger will work, but a piece of heavy copper wire is better, since this axle also must conduct electrical current.

This axle is slipped into place

Fig. 13-A 150-watt flood lamp at 4 feet will run the goat on smooth floor indoors.



Fig. 14-In water, the goat sinks in a bit due to motor weight. But it floats!

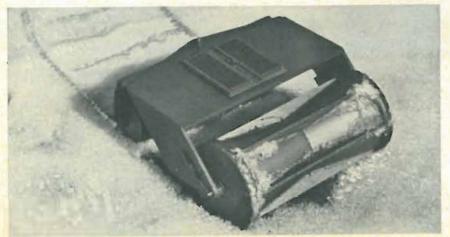


Fig. 15-Drive-roller paddles permit the goat to chop its way through deep snow.

through both frame and drive-roller bearings, when the drive roller has been positioned in place. You can bolt the axle in place if you wish, but a simple right-angle key-headed member is all that is needed. Use a piece of Mylar tape, placed over the keyed portion, to hold it in place.

When the drive axle is in place, it must be pinned so that it cannot turn. Use a partially straightened-out paper clip, leaving a "key head" on it over which Mylar tape can be put to hold it to the frame. The end slips through the axle slot to keep it from turning.

Before mounting the drive-roller assembly, spray it with a paint that will not dissolve or damage the Styrofoam cups (see Parts List.) Do not use heat to hasten drying; it will permanently damage the Styrofoam.

The yoke of the steering roller is secured to the frame with a small nut and bolt. An eyelet can be potted into the frame to serve as a mount if you wish. Washers should be used to distribute the loading this junction must endure. A flat rubber faucet washer should be sandwiched between the yoke and frame both to separate them and to provide enough friction to hold the yoke in any position.

### Final assembly

After the yoke is mounted, the roller assembly that fits into the yoke is secured in the yoke bearings. A single, straightened-out piece of coathanger rod extending through all bearings does the job nicely. An L-bend in one end of the wire provides a lever across which to tape the rod in place to one leg of the yoke.

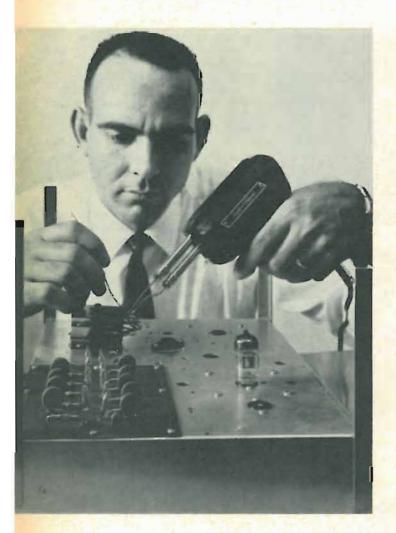
A word about choice of motors: The gear reduction you select from those listed depends on how you plan to use the vehicle. If you use three strings of solar cells, the goat will go over pretty rough ground with a 10 to 15 rpm motor—in sunlight. Even with a 20-rpm motor, it will manage well on dirt or grass.

If you want it to perform well on water, the higher the rpm the better! (Even a 40-rpm unit will run it on water.) The prototype model was made with a 15-rpm motor, which moves over fairly rough ground; it also runs at a reasonable rate on water.

Under a full sun, it is exciting to watch such a device operate, knowing that the energy source is free! But take care: If you tire of watching the goat—or if the sun goes behind a cloud—don't just go away and leave the Gamma Goat untended. You might forget it. Then, when the sun returns, it will wander off! It's a toy and it's in time for Christmas, so have a Merry Christmas.

R-E

# YOUR FUTURE IN ELECTRONICS



Exciting, challenging opportunities await you in this fast-growing field

By RAY CLIFTON

Photos courtesy of DeVry Institute of Technology, Grantham School of Electronics, National Radio Institute and RCA Institutes, Inc.

Item: Today at least 50,000 trained electronics technicians are urgently needed to fill well-paying jobs in the U.S.

Item: Additional jobs are being created each year for electronics technicians. The field is expanding rapidly.

Question: Are you an electronics technician?

Question: Would you like to become one—or become a better one?

Statement: Whether you become a (better) technician or not is up to you. Here's how you can.

### Job Opportunities

Consumer electronics: Installing and servicing home radio and television receivers, hi-fi and stereo equipment, public-address systems, burglar and fire alarms, and other electronic devices are included in this segment of the industry. Some technicians are self-employed, and some work for others.

With widespread public acceptance of entertainment and other electronic equipment for the home, this field is wide open for skilled technicians.

Industrial electronics: Installation and service of in-plant gear, including computers, servo systems, microwave equipment, burglar and fire alarms, closed-circuit television equipment, intercoms, electronic machine controls, etc. Most technicians work in a plant; some are field-service representatives traveling around the country with expenses paid, and some are self-employed.

These days the wheels of industry are turned electronically, and technicians are in high demand. Wages are good, with periodic raises and promotions, paid vacations and health benefits.

Electronics manufacturing: Quality control, assembly-line inspection and testing, installation and maintenance of inplant electronic equipment, building prototypes, instrument calibration, etc.

Many technicians in this field are promoted to engineering assistants or associate engineers. They have prestige and a solid future. Salaries are good and employment is steady.

Broadcasting and communications: Includes operation, installation and maintenance of transmitters, studio and associated equipment at AM, FM, TV and shortwave broadcast stations. Installing and servicing commercial two-way mobile radio and fixed stations, and telephone equipment. Operation, installation, maintenance of tape, disc and film equipment for motion-picture and recording studios.

More people use radio communications today than ever before. The number of transmitters in use grows each year. All need qualified technicians to service them.

Hobby electronics: Some persons like electronics for its own sake. They are hi-fi/stereo addicts, ham radio operators, construction builders or CB enthusiasts. They often study electronics because it makes their hobby more fun. A hobby isn't a job, but playing around with a hi-fi amplifier or a ham rig is an easy way to gain valuable practical experience. An electronics hobby can even help you get a better job.

### Skills Needed

Regardless of the type of electronics work you would like to do, you must know a certain amount of theory and have some practical experience. The more you know about any equipment, the better and faster you can get it to work; that means money and personal satisfaction.

Consumer electronics: You must know how to use basic test equipment such as a voltmeter, oscilloscope, signal generator, etc. You must be familiar with AM, FM and TV receivers, as well as their antennas, and audio amplifiers and

power supplies. You should understand how transistors, vacuum tubes and semiconductor diodes work, as well as how to handle them.

Industrial electronics: You should be as qualified as the man in the consumer electronics field. In addition you must be familiar with the specialized equipment or systems used in your chosen industrial electronics field. Such things as tachometers, Q-meters, dc choppers, magnetic control amplifiers, polyphase rectifier circuits, telemetering equipment, medical equipment, closed-circuit TV systems, TV cameras, etc., are all part of this exciting industry.

Electronics manufacturing: You need most of the preceding skills, and more. Since your work can be that of an engineering assistant, you must be able to construct equipment from notes, schematics and other plans. You should know how to use laboratory-type test equipment. You may be given an opportunity to supervise and instruct others. Broadcast and communications: A technician in this field must first have an FCC Commercial Radio Operator license, so he may legally operate, service and maintain radio and TV transmitters. He needs a working knowledge of electronic test instruments and of transmitters. Test equipment includes rf bridges, field-intensity meters, sound-level meters, etc. Other equipment includes TV sync generators and cameras, subcarrier generators and single-sideband equipment.

### Acquisition of Skills

There are several ways to become technically qualified for a rewarding career in electronics.

Self-study: You buy a book, read it, work some problems and examples, perhaps build some electronic devices to get to know circuit operation and hardware. This method requires much self-discipline. You have no teacher to guide you or explain things not covered in the book. Many technicians have started this way, but as their thirst for knowledge grew with their experience, many of them found it to their advantage to pursue a more formalized program.

On-the-job training: Quite a few technicians got their start helping out around a radio or TV shop after school. They learned the tools of the trade, the hardware and much of the jargon. However, on-the-job training is only as good as the quality of supervision and programing of activities. Just taking any job in any radio and TV store or factory is not the answer.

But on-the-job training, while it puts you in electronics right away and brings in income, can be a dead end unless you also study theory. Many persons use the self-study method along with work. Some attend manufacturer's seminars and technician association training meetings. Most technicians at one time or another have beefed up their training with a correspondence course.

Home study (Correspondence course): You follow formal lesson plans designed by experts to include all needed information. After studying a lesson, you answer questions on the subject; your answers are read and graded by instructors. They will answer any questions you have and give you extra help when necessary. Kits are often used. You begin your program with a course in basic electronics, then pick a more specialized area to work in, such as industrial electronics or consumer electronic servicing.

You can study at home while you are employed fulltime. You set your own speed, and you study at your convenience. Costs and time are determined by the complexity and completeness of a course.

Classroom study: For many persons, this is the best way to learn electronics in the shortest time. You attend regular classes, meet your instructor face-to-face at each session,

and follow a planned course. You learn not only "book theory" but perform bench experiments and get the feel of the hardware.

### Supplementary Reading

You will find many fine electronics books and magazines in your local electronics distributors, bookstores, and newsstands. Some books are short and deal with a specific subject such as how transistors work using a vom, etc. Oth-



Home-study courses often include useful electronic projects.



With training, you can be a part of the big TV network shows as a video control technician.

ers are complete texts, and still others are comprehensive reference books. Practically all electronics technicians read such books and magazines from time to time to keep up with the field.

### Guidance

Many companies will advise you how to go about qualifying for employment with them. Some have complete onthe-job training programs for new employees, and will start you as an apprentice with little or no electronics knowledge at first.

You can also seek guidance from the last school you attended, or from the school you would like to attend. You can write any school and ask them for their catalog and other descriptive material about the courses they offer. The National Council of Technical Schools and the National Home Study Council (see the partial listing of electronic schools for address and more photos on page 40) will also provide you with helpful information.

R-E

# Q. and A. On an Electronics Career

Q: Can a woman study electronics and work in the field?
A: Yes. Sex is no barrier to training or employment.
Knowledge, ability and experience are what count.

Q: Is there any age limit for new students?

A: Generally no, but educational prerequisites make it difficult for young children to qualify. Teenagers and persons in their 60's have benefited from electronics training.

Q: What educational requirements are there?

A: For vocational training (such as radio-TV servicing or industrial electronics) at least an 8th-grade education is necessary. For engineering technology (assistant to engineer in manufacturing) a student must often be a high-school graduate. These are general rules; each school has its own requirements.

Q: Does a student have to take a basic electronics course first?

A: Not always. If you're already working in electronics and have basic knowledge, you may qualify for an intermediate or advanced course. Most schools have guidance counselors to help you choose the right course for you.

Q: Does an electronics school have contact with major electronics employers to assist graduates to obtain jobs?

A: Yes—most schools maintain placement services for such purposes.

Q: Will a school guarantee a graduate a job?

A: An ethical school won't make such a promise. The final decision on employment is a personal one between graduate and employer.

Q: Do employers recognize diplomas?

A: Yes. Accredited schools must meet standards which require that only students who have made passing grades obtain diplomas. Thus the certificate means you have satisfactorily completed a course or program.

Q: Does a student have to choose his entire program at once?

A: No—you can take each course as you want it. (However, you must take certain subjects before advanced ones.)

Q: Can a student take a home-study course, then transfer to resident school and receive credit?

A: Generally yes, depending on the school(s) involved. It is usually easier to do this at the same school.

Q: Can members of the armed forces on active duty enroll in correspondence courses?

A: Yes. Since lessons are handled by mail, it makes no difference where the student is.

Q: Can veterans attend electronics schools under the GI

A: Yes. Most schools are approved for veteran training.

Q: Don't training courses become obsolete, with such new devices as FET's and IC's appearing in electronics?

A: Yes—advances in electronics make lessons out-of-date from time to time. Because of this, schools constantly revise and update their courses to include the latest technical material. Some schools even issue regular bulletins to students and graduates, with details of new devices and techniques.



All schools today use training aids and test equipment. You learn the functions, the symbols, and how the circuits work.



Part of your training should be working in the laboratory to develop the feel of tools, test equipment and troubleshooting.

# **Electronics Schools Directory**

Academy Avionics Reno-Stead Airport Reno. Nev. American Institute of **Engineering and Technology** 1139 W. Fullerton Pkwy. Chicago, III. 60614 American School Drexel Ave. at 58 St. Chicago, III. 60637 Canadian Institute of Science & Technology 263 Adelaide St., W. Toronto, Ont., Canada Capitol Radio Engineering Institute 3224 16 St., N.W. Washington, D.C. 20010 Central Technical Institute 1644 Wyandotte St. Kansas City, Mo. 64108 Cleveland Institute of Electronics 1776 E. 17 St. Cleveland, Ohio 44114 Commercial Trades Institute 1400 W. Greenleaf Ave. Chicago, III. 60626 Cook's Institute of Electronics Engineering P.O. Box 10634 Jackson, Miss. 39209 Coyne Electronics Institute 1501 W. Congress Pkwy. Chicago, III. 60607

DeVry Institute of Technology 4141 Belmont Ave. Chicago, III. 60641 Elkins Institute 2603 Inwood Rd. Dallas, Tex. 75235 Grantham School of Electronics 1505 N. Western Ave. Hollywood, Calif. 90027 Heald College 1215 Van Ness Ave. San Francisco, Calif. 94109 Hemphill Schools 1584 W. Washington Blvd. Los Angeles, Calif. 90007

Indiana Home Study Institute P.O. Box 1189 Panama City, Fla. 32401 International Correspondence Schools Scranton, Pa. 18515 National Radio Institute 3839 Wisconsin Ave., N.W. Washington, D.C. 20016 National Technical Schools 4000 So. Figueroa St. Los Angeles, Calif. 90037 Niles Bryant School 3631 Stockton Blvd. Sacramento, Calif. Northrop Institute of Technology 1199 W. Arbor Vitae Inglewood, Calif. Philco Technical Institute 219 No. Broad St. Philadelphia, Pa. 19107 RCA Institutes, Inc. 320 W. 31 St. New York, N.Y. 10001 Sams Technical Institute, Inc. 1720 E. 38 St. Indianapolis, Ind. 46218 Technical Training International Inc. 10447 So. Torrence Ave. Chicago, III. 60617 Tri-State College 2487 College Ave. Angola, Ind. 46703 Valparaiso Technical Institute Valparaiso, Ind. 46383

Some schools offer correspondence courses, some residence training, some both. This is only a partial listing. For more information about other schools, write:

National Council of Technical Schools 1507 M St., N.W. Washington, D.C. 20005 National Home Study Council 1601 18 St., N.W. Washington, D.C. 20009



# The FCC License ... and how to get it

Your admission ticket to a career.

#### By THOMAS R. HASKETT

ONE OF THE MOST COMMON "DIPLOMAS" FOUND IN ELECtronics is the Commercial Radio Operator license issued by the Federal Communications Commission. By act of Congress, most of the nearly 2 million radio and television transmitters used in the US today must be operated-and all must be serviced and maintained—only by persons holding one of the various classes of FCC operator license.

To obtain a "ticket," you must pass a written examination covering, among other things, electronics and radio theory and practice. Thus, possession of an FCC license is generally considered proof of electronics knowledge. Such proof can help you obtain a technical job, even though the position may not legally require a license.

To work as a technician servicing transmitting equipment you must have a ticket, of course. But even if you don't intend to troubleshoot transmitters, a license can be helpful. At nearly half of the 7000 US broadcast stations, for instance, you'll be a more valuable employee if you have a Radiotelephone Third-Class license with a broadcast endorsement. Whether you're an announcer, a typist or a janitor, you can then legally perform routine transmitter operation.

#### License requirements

To be eligible, you must be a US citizen and capable of transmitting and receiving spoken messages in English. Further requirements depend on the class of license you want. Table I lists the elements of the examination you must pass for each license. Here's what the exam covers:

Element 1-Basic Law: Radio laws, treaties and regulations which every operator must know.

Element 2—Basic Operating Practice: Procedures used when communicating by means of radiotelephone stations. Element 3-Basic Radiotelephone: Technical, legal and other matters which apply to radiotelephone stations (other than broadcast). Covers general electronics theory.

Element 4-Advanced Radiotelephone: Advanced technical, legal and other matters which apply particularly to AM, FM and TV broadcast stations. Covers advanced electron-

Element 5-Radiotelegraph Operating Practice: Procedures used when communicating by means of radiotelegraph stations.

Element 6-Advanced Radiotelegraph: Technical, legal and other matters which apply to all classes of radiotelegraph stations, and associated matters such as radio navigational aids and message traffic routine. Covers advanced electronics theory.

Element 7-Aircraft Radiotelegraph: Basic theory and practice in the operation of radio communication and navigational systems used on aircraft.

Element 8—Ship Radar Techniques: Specialized theory and practice which applies to installation, servicing and maintenance of ship radar equipment used for marine naviga-

Element 9—Basic Broadcast: Basic regulatory matters which apply to the operation of AM and FM broadcast stations.

Table I-Requirements for FCC Operator Licenses

	Element 1 Basic law	Element 2 Basic Operating Practice	Element 3 Basic Telephone	Element 4 Advanced Telephone	Element 5 Telegraph Operating Practice	Element 6 Advanced Telegraph	Element 7 Aircraft Telegraph	Element 8 Ship Radar	Element 9 Basic Broadcast	Code	Special Require- ments
RADIOTELEPHONE	1	173.1									
First-Class License	X	X	χ	Х			H.	(3)			
Second-Class License	X	Х	χ					(3)			
Third-Class Permit	Х	Х		m, p	W.			Chr.	(4)		
Restricted Permit	PAT	15			TO H		1				At least 14 yrs old; declaration only req'd.
RADIOTELEGRAPH	111							1.0		(5)	
First-Class License	х	х			х	X	(1)	(3)		25/20	At least 21 yrs old; 1 year service
Second-Class License	X	χ	POT	THE STATE OF	X	X	(2)	(3)	E T	20/16	
Third-Class Permit	Х	Х			Х					20/16	

Aircraft telegraph endorsement required on this license to operate radiotelegraph station on aircraft. (Exception: If license holder has been chief or sole operator in such capacity prior to 2-15-50.) Aircraft telegraph endorsement, 25-wpm code speed, and at least 18 years of age required on this license to operate radiotelegraph station on aircraft.

<sup>3</sup> Ship radar endorsement required on these licenses to service and maintain ship radar equipment.
4 Basic broadcast endorsement required on this license to operate certain classes of broadcast transmitters.
5 First figure indicates plain-language words; second figure indicates 5-character code groups; both per minute.

#### Preparing for the exam

There are two general ways to study: One is to buy (or borrow) a handbook. Several are listed in Table II.

These books contain sample questions similar to those contained in the FCC exam. Each question is followed by the correct answer and the theory behind it. The best way to study is to cover the answer with a piece of paper while you read the question. Then write your answer. If you are correct, check that question off and go on to the next. When you miss a question, study the background material and work a few problems based on the subject. Refer to other books if you like; the object is to become familiar with the theory and practice, not just the answer.

The second way to study for the FCC exam is to enroll in a correspondence or residence school and take a course designed to prepare you on this subject.

To pass the examination for any class of radiotelegraph license, you must be able to transmit and receive International Morse code at the rate specified in Table I.

Code instruction is seldom available at the schools

#### Table II—License Study Manuals

Commercial Radio Operator's Question & Answer Guide, by Martin Schwartz. No. 8-01 (Elements 1, 2 and 9) 1964, \$0.75; No. 9-01 (Element 3) 1967, \$1.95; No. 10-01 (Element 4) 1958, \$1.25. Ameco Publishing Corp., Williston Park, N.Y.

First-Class Radiotelephone License Handbook, BON-2, by E. M. Noll. Howard W. Sams & Co., Inc., Indianapolis, Ind., 1966, \$5.25.

Radar License Endorsement Handbook, RLH-1, by E. M. Noll. Howard W. Sams & Co., Inc., Indianapolis, Ind., 1964, \$2.95.

Radio Operating Questions and Answers, 13th Edition (text), by J. Hornung and A. McKenzie. McGraw-Hill Book Co., Inc., New York, N.Y., 1964, \$6.00.

Radio Operator's License Handbook, RON-1, by E. M. Noll. Howard W. Sams & Co., Inc., Indianapolis, Ind., 1965, \$3.25. (Covers Third-Class Radiotelephone license with broadcast endorsement.)

Radio Operator's License Q & A Manual, 7th Edition, by Milton Kaufman. Hayden Book Co., Inc., New York, N.Y., 1966, \$7.95.

Radiotelephone License Manual, 3rd Edition, by Woodrow Smith. Editors & Engineers, Ltd., New Augusta, Ind., 1962, \$5.75.

Second-Class Radiotelephone License Handbook, 3rd Edition, QAN-2, by E. M. Noll. Howard W. Sams & Co., Inc., Indianapolis, Ind., 1966, \$4.95.

Successful Preparation for FCC Radio Operator License Examinations, by O. L. Geiger. Prentice-Hall, Inc., Englewood Cliffs, N.J., 1960, \$9.95.

mentioned; they usually prepare you only for radiotelephone exams. Code-practice tapes, records and books are available through electronics distributors.

#### Taking the exam

If you live in or near any of the cities listed in Table III, look up the FCC field-office phone number and call them for information. Exams are usually given each week at these offices.†

If you live away from the cities in Table III, your best bet is to write to the nearest listed office. Ask them where your nearest examining point is, and when the next exam will be given. Ask them also to send you one each of FCC Forms 756 and 756-B (the official applications for license). When you plan to take an exam anywhere but an FCC district office (those shown in Table III) you must fill out and mail in the application in advance.

You must pay a fee with your application for a license.

One useful book is *Learning the Radiotelegraph Code*, American Radio Relay League, Newington, Conn., \$0.50.

†Don't apply to a field office for a Restricted Radiotelephone Permit. While there are some exceptions, you should usually write to FCC, Gettysburg, Pa. 17325. Ask for FCC Form 753, which is the application for this class of permit.

#### Table III—FCC Field Offices

P.O. Box 644 Anchorage, Alaska 99501 Los Angeles, Calif. 90014 San Francisco, Calif. 94126 San Pedro, Calif. 90731 Oenver, Colo. 80202 Washington, O.C. 20555 P.O. Box 150 Miami, Fla. 33101 Atlanta, Ga. 30303 Honolulu, Hawaii 96808 Chicago, III. 60604 New Orleans, La. 70130 Baltimore, Md. 21202

Communications Commission.

Boston, Mass. 02109 Detroit, Mich. 48226 St. Paul, Minn. 55102 Kansas City, Mo. 64106 Buffalo, N. Y. 14203 New York, N. Y. 10014 Portland, Ore. 97205 Philadelphia, Pa. 19106 P.O. Box 2987 San Juan, P. R. 00903 Oallas, Tex. 75202 Houston, Tex. 77002 Norfolk, Va. 23510 Seattle, Wash. 98104 Address all communications to "Engineer in Charge, Federal

If you appear at an FCC district office in person, you may pay cash; otherwise send only check or money order by mail. Cost depends on the class of license or permit: First-Class, \$5; Second-Class, \$4; Third-Class, \$3; Restricted Radiotelephone permit, or renewal of any license, or endorsement of license, or duplicate license, \$2.

When you take the exam, you'll be given the code test first if you apply for any class of Radiotelegraph license. You must receive and transcribe consecutive words or code groups for a period of one minute without error at the specified rate of speed. If you fail the code test, you won't be given the written exam.

You will be given a series of printed questions to answer in writing, and (for some elements) you'll be required to draw (or correct) a few schematic diagrams. The minimum passing grade for each element is 75%.

If you fail any element, you are not allowed to go any further in the exam. You will be issued, however, whatever license you have qualified for. For example, suppose you applied for a Radiotelephone First-Class license, passed Elements 1 and 2, but failed Element 3. You would then be issued a Radiotelephone Third-Class permit.

Once you have failed an element, you normally cannot take another commercial exam for two months, (If you have urgent need for the license and are willing to do further study at once, however, you can apply for a waiver of this rule, on FCC Form 757-B.)

#### License privileges

Okay, you passed the exam, you got the license—now what can you do with it? That depends on which license.

The Restricted Radiotelephone permit is intended for operators only, and has limited usefulness. You are authorized to operate the following classes of stations: remotepickup broadcast, land and ship maritime telephone, aviation, public safety (police and fire), industrial, land transportation (taxicab and trucking). You may not perform any servicing or maintenance of transmitters.

The holder of a Radiotelephone Third-Class permit may operate all of the preceding stations, plus instructional fixed TV stations, international fixed public stations (common carriers) and-with a broadcast endorsement-AM broadcast stations with power output of 10 kW or less and nondirectional antennas, and FM broadcast stations with power output of 25 kW or less. This permit does not allow any servicing or maintenance of transmitters.

A Radiotelephone Second-Class license permits operation of all the preceding (no broadcast endorsement required to operate broadcast stations), plus TV auxiliary and booster stations, and CATV relay stations. This license is also really useful in an electronics sense; it allows you to perform servicing and maintenance at the following types

(continued on page 71) RADIO-ELECTRONICS



# 30 BASIC IC PROJECTS

Part 1 of 2 parts to help you learn how to work with IC components and their related circuits

By R. M. MARSTON

HAVE YOU IGNORED INTEGRATED CIRcuits in your construction projects as "too expensive" or "specialized"? Forget those ideas—cheap, plentiful IC's are here, and you can build many circuits with them.

A real winner is the Fairchild  $\mu L914$ —it costs less than a dollar. For your money you get 4 silicon planar 2N708 transistors and six resistors, all encased in an epoxy block roughly the size of a TO-5 case. The 2N708 transistors have an  $f_T$  (gain-bandwidth product) of 450 MHz.

The internal circuit of the  $\mu$ L914 is shown in Fig. 1, and lead connections in Fig. 2. By juggling around the connecting leads and maybe adding a few extra components, you can come up with: a differential amplifier, a multichannel audio mixer, or an audio oscillator, just to name a few examples.

Remember just two basic rules: (1) Do not think of an IC as some fantastic new technical device needing new application techniques all its own. (2) Do think of the IC as a bunch of perfectly normal transistors and resistors, bonded together in a single block, and requiring perfectly normal transistor-circuit design techniques.

With Rule 2 in mind, take a look at Fig. 1, the internal circuit schematic

+VCC98 6400 640Ω (6)\* (16) DRIVES DRIVES 450Q(4) 3 63 02 NEEDS NEEDS NEEDS NEEDS (3) (3) (3) \*FIGURES INDICATE NUMBER OF "GAIN UNITS"-SEE TEXT INTERNAL CIRCUIT OF UL914

Fig.I

of the  $\mu$ L914. Unwanted transistors can be effectively cut out of the circuit by shorting them base to emitter.

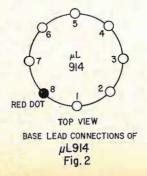
Cut Q2, Q3 and Q4 out of circuit by shorting pins 2, 3, 4 and 5. Wire a bias resistor from pin 1 to pin 7, and you're left with a perfectly normal common-emitter amplifier, Q1. Short out only Q2 and Q3, and apply bias to Q1 and Q4, and you have two normal common-emitter amplifiers.

Cut Q3 and Q4 out of circuit, and apply bias to Q1 and Q2. Now you have a two-channel mixer with output at pin 7. Apply bias to all four transistors and short pins 6 and 7, and the IC works as a four-channel mixer.

As you can see, it's easy to wire the  $\mu$ L914 to work in a number of alternative basic modes. Once you've figured out which mode you want, you can get on with circuit design just as if you were using standard transistors.

Want to use the  $\mu$ L914 in pulse or logic applications? A nice feature about this micrologic line of IC's is that you don't have to figure input and output drives in terms of impedance and current. Fairchild specifies input and output needs as so many units of drive, as shown circled in the diagrams.

Thus, the  $\mu$ L914 needs 3 units of drive at each input and gives 16 units of drive at each output. Each output can therefore drive as many as five following input stages. This means that, if you want to use a stack of the circuits interconnected, you can easily



calculate just how many inputs each output can drive directly, and normally complex circuit layout calculations can be simply made.

Now let's look at some practical applications.

#### Waveform generators

When the  $\mu$ L914 is operated as a differential amplifier, one of the two outputs will be in phase with, but of greater amplitude than, the input signal. It follows that if this signal is fed back to the input the circuit will act as an oscillator or waveform generator. The waveform generated will depend on the form of positive feedback connection used in the circuit.

Fig. 3 shows how to connect the IC as a wide-range audio generator to cover 150 Hz to 40 kHz in three ranges. An approximately rectangular waveform is generated, since a simple RC (R6-C2) feedback network is used. R6 acts as the variable frequency control.

Fig. 4 shows the connections for making the circuit act as a 1-kHz Wien bridge sine-wave generator. The frequency-determining components are R1-C3-R6-C2.

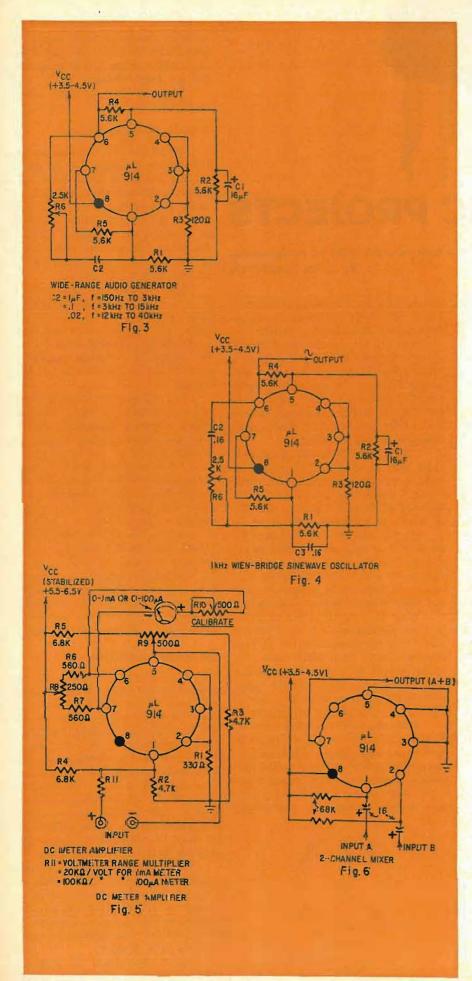
When using this circuit R6 should be adjusted to give a pure sine wave on an oscilloscope. It is possible, using a 4.5-volt supply, to obtain a pure sine-wave output of about 1 volt peak to peak from the circuit. Note that the values used for C2 and C3 are not standard and must be built up by wiring standard components in parallel. The operating frequency can be changed, if required, by changing the values of C2 and C3; an increase in value gives a decrease in frequency.

#### Dc meter amplifier

The differential amplifier is widely used as the basis of an electronic voltmeter or for increasing the sensitivity of moving-coil current meters. The trouble with normal transistors in these applications is that the circuits are subject to considerable zero drift with small changes in temperature. This is partly due to differences in characteristics of individual transistors. Another reason is that, due to its physical position in the circuit, one transistor may be subjected to larger temperature changes than the other.

When an IC is used as a meter amplifier, however, drift troubles do not exist. IC transistors are etched on a common slab of silicon and must inevitably be held at equal temperatures and have their characteristics closely matched as a result.

Fig. 5 shows how to wire the  $\mu$ L914 for use as a dc meter amplifier. If a 1-mA meter is used, its sensi-



[The  $\mu$ L914 IC retails for \$0.80 at Fairchild distributors. Most of them do not accept mail orders for less than \$10.00. Semiconductor Specialists, P.O. Box 8725 O'Hare International Airport, Chicago, Ill. 60666 accepts mail orders of \$3.00 or more. If you must purchase by mail-order, we suggest you order four  $\mu$ L914's. They are quite versatile and you can use them in future construction projects.—Editor]

tivity will be increased more than 20 times (to 50  $\mu$ A). A 100- $\mu$ A meter can be increased more than 10 times (to better than 10  $\mu$ A).

If a voltage-range multiplier (R11) is wired in series with the input lead as shown, the sensitivity of the resulting electronic voltmeter will be raised to 20,000 ohms/volt using a 1-mA meter, and to 100,000 ohms/volt with a 100-μA meter. Note that this circuit uses a 6-volt stabilized supply which can be obtained from a Zener diode.

Once the meter amplifier has been built, set it up as follows:

- (a) Short the input terminals, and set R8 for a zero reading on the meter.
- (b) Open the input terminals and set R9 for zero on the meter.
- (c) Repeat (a) and (b) until no further zero adjustment is required.
- (d) Select the multiplier (R11) for the full-scale voltage required. Example: If a l-mA meter is used and a fullscale value of 10 volts is required, R11 should be 200,000 ohms.
- (e) Apply a known voltage close to the required full-scale value to the input terminals and adjust R10 to indicate this voltage on the meter. The voltmeter is now ready for use.

When using the voltmeter, this series of checks should be repeated occasionally to make sure that calibration is correct. Readjustment will rarely be needed in practice, and R8, R9 and R10 can be preset types tucked away out of sight at the rear of the completed instrument. The unit may be used as a multirange voltmeter by providing switch selection of various R11 values.

#### Mixer circuits

Since the  $\mu$ L914 contains two pairs of transistors sharing a common collector load, each pair of transistors can be made to operate as a two-channel audio mixer if the transistors are suitably biased.

Fig. 6 shows how to wire the IC as a two-channel mixer using the Q1-Q2 pair of transistors only, and Fig. 7 shows the alternative connection using

the Q3-Q4 pair. Both these circuits give a voltage gain of about 16, between each input and the output.

The  $\mu$ L914 can be made to serve as a four-channel mixer by using both halves of the circuit and shorting all collectors to a common load. Fig. 8 shows the circuit. The voltage gain between each input and the output is about 8 in this mode.

#### Emitter follower

You can obtain a normal emitter follower by using the connections shown in Fig. 9. Input impedance is about 12,000 ohms; it can be increased by using normal bootstrap techniques, if required. Only one emitter follower can be made from each  $\mu$ L914.

#### Common-emitter amplifiers

The differential amplifier can be used with advantage to replace conventional common-emitter amplifier stages. The current taken by a C-E stage from the supply line remains virtually constant under operating conditions, and there is thus no great need to incorporate decoupling networks in the supply lines when cascading stages.

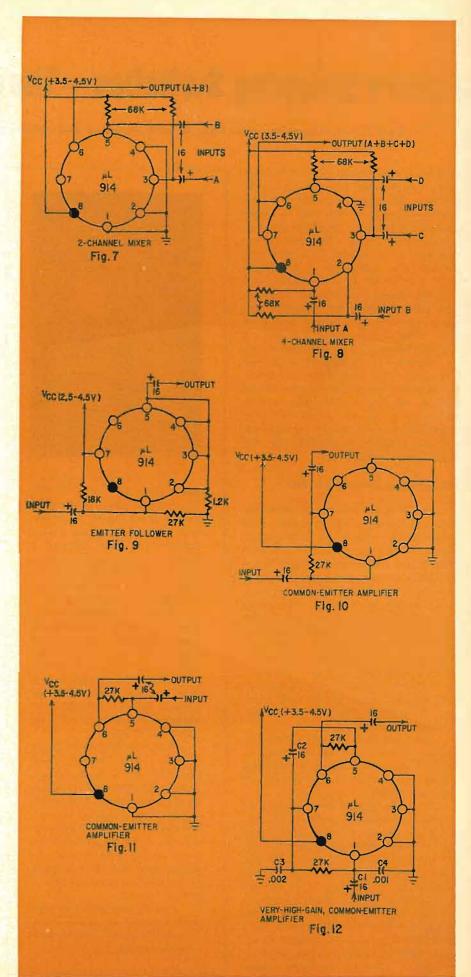
The  $\mu$ L914 can, however, also be used to replace a conventional common-emitter amplifier. Fig. 10 shows one connection using Q1 only, while Fig. 11 shows an alternative connection using Q4. Both these circuits give voltage gains of about 20, and have flat frequency response within 3 dB from 60 Hz to well over 1 MHz.

The  $\mu$ L914 connections can be modified so that the amplifiers of both Figs. 10 and 11 are incorporated in a single circuit, and two independent common-emitter amplifiers are made available. Alternatively, this modification can be made and the two amplifiers cascaded to form a single veryhigh-gain amplifier. The connections for this mode are shown in Fig. 12.

The circuit of Fig. 12 gives a voltage gain of about 400, and has a frequency response that is within 3 dB from 100 Hz to about 200 kHz. The low-frequency end of the spectrum can be extended by increasing the values of C1 and C2. Capacitors C3 and C4 limit the upper end of the frequency response; if they are not used, the circuit will, through internal feedback, act as an oscillator operating at a frequency of several megahertz.

Now that you've seen these first 10 applications of the  $\mu$ L914, you may want to try a couple. Next time we'll show you even more interesting uses for this inexpensive IC.

Continued next month



# Rotary Stepping Switches—They're Everywhere

Part 2—Use them for counting, circuit selection and remote control

By TOM JASKI

PART I OF THIS SERIES DESCRIBED HOW rotary switches are used for the selection of as many points as the selecting switch carried, but with only a single sequence of pulses. A telephone dial is a useful control device which produces a maximum of 11 pulses. Thus supplying control pulses with such a dial might make it necessary to dial several times until the correct total number of pulses were delivered. Note too that most telephone-type dials will deliver one extra pulse. Thus if 3 is dialed, 4 pulses are actually delivered by an unmodified dial.

Fortunately, it's possible to prevent such action. An electrical modification can be made, by inserting a slow-release relay in the circuit. The relay is then picked up by the first pulse—the relay blocks all line pulses until it is picked up. It's also possible to modify the dial mechanism mechanically.

#### Changing a telephone dial

Fig. 1 shows how to eliminate the extra pulse from a standard older-type telephone dial. Note the "off-normal" contacts. These are operated by a small brass foot attached to the shaft. When the dial is rotated, the normally closed contacts are opened (and the normally open contacts are closed). The pulses are produced by the interrupter as the dial is on the return stroke. By extending the brass foot of the off-normal contacts a little (this can be done by soldering on a small piece of brass) and sending the pulses through one of these contacts, the extra pulse can be eliminated. The last pulse is then blocked by the off-normal contact.

Note too that the dial's mode of forming pulses—making or breaking contacts—can be changed by adjusting the position of the interrupter cam on

the geared shaft.

Using the dial for selection leads to a more sophisticated, two-level system. By using a switch of 10 points per level and 10 levels (Automatic Electric type 80, or equivalent), a 2-digit code can select any one of 99 points. Fig. 2 shows the diagram for such a selector system. S1 is a minor switch, operated by the first digit dialed; this action selects the level of S2. The next set of pulses then rotates S2 to the desired contact. As arranged here, the pulse line also becomes the control line, and the circuit resets



The Roto-Netic stepping motor from Heinemann Electric Co. converts pulses into rotary motion consisting of 10 precise steps. The device (see photo) consists of a linear solenoid, a spring-loaded, plunger-type armature, and a ratchet-and-pawl actuator on the end of the plunger that turns the output shaft.

When the solenoid is energized by a pulse, the plunger is drawn into the coil against spring tension. After the pulse, the solenoid is de-energized, and the spring forces the plunger back to "rest" position. This drives the actuator against a 10-tooth starwheel and produces 36° of shaft rotation (one step).

The actuator prevents the starwheel from rotating more than 36°, and a pawl prevents reverse rotation. This means there's no possibility of overshoot, and overshoot compensation isn't necessary. Each step is precisely the same as the last, and since the power stroke occurs upon denergization, even the last stroke is recorded in case of power failure.

Speed is nominally 600 steps per minute and operates on either 12 volts dc or 115 volts ac with a bridge rectifier.

on a single pulse, but only after it has come to rest.

1CR is the relay which translates the pulses so a local power supply can be used. As pulses arrive, motor magnet MM1 steps S1 to the desired level of S2. Slow-release relay 2CR also energizes on the first pulse and remains energized until the pulses stop. When they do, and 2CR releases, relay 3CR is energized through now closed off-normal contacts ONS1 (which are on switch S1) and locks up on the supply. This action removes future pulses from S1 and also sends pulses through contacts 1CR-3 to motor magnet MM2. This second set of pulses causes MM2 to rotate S2.

When this sequence is finished, 2CR again drops out, now connecting 4CR, through 2CR-3, to the line and also to the wipers that make the controlled circuit. A tone arriving over this line does not affect the dc circuit, but a dc pulse will energize 4CR, a slow-release relay that will allow MM2 to step home on the interrupter and will energize the release magnet of S1, resetting these switches. Off-normal contact ONS1 on S1 then drops 3CR.

This circuit can deliver any one of 99 points on demand (even 100 by including the code 00). Using the same principles with more switches and relays would make it possible to extend the system indefinitely. Most industrial control or monitoring problems can be handled easily by a system that provides selection of any of 100 points—especially if the system has random access, like this one.

#### Output pulse polarity

One point about generating pulses with a stepper: The circuit of Fig. 3-a produces negative pulses—i.e., no voltage during steps. Positive pulses—voltage only during steps—can be produced with the hookups of Fig. 3-b and c. At (b) the outgoing line is grounded as long as the switch remains on a contact; when the arm moves, a positive voltage goes to the line. The resistor prevents shorting the battery. At (c) a relay inverts the pulses.

The device of Fig. 4 has several functions. First, it counts pulses in decades from a switch-type transducer. By mounting numbered discs or cylinders on the switch shafts this count can be

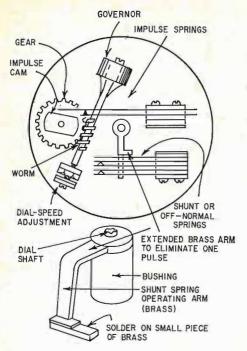
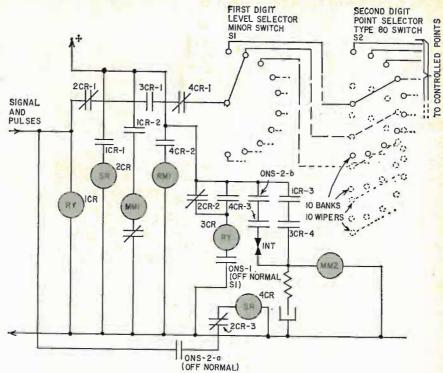


Fig. 1—How a telephone dial's shunt-spring operating arm is modified to eliminate the extra pulse that it normally generates.



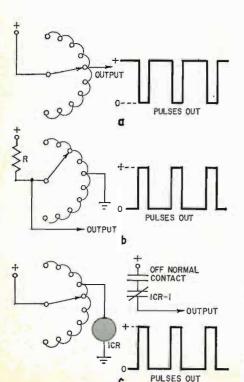
extra pulse that it normally generates. Fig. 2-A two-level selector can select any one of 99 points by actuating S1, then S2.

read directly. By supplying different tones for each switch, characteristic signals can be sent out over a single line, to identify units, tens and hundreds. (Of course, three separate lines can be brought out for this purpose.)

Circuit operation is simple: Incoming pulses operate relay 1CR, which is present for the usual reason (to keep

from loading the pulse line). It causes S1 to step, and on the tenth pulse to S1 causes a wiper contact to connect MM2 to the positive dc line. This starts S2 on its first step. This same wiper contact energizes relay 2CR, which resets S1. The next two steps operate similarly, and just one pushbutton resets the whole circuit.

Again it's possible to say that this circuit can be expanded to include "thousands," "ten thousands" and so on. For practical purposes a count of 999 is quite large. The circuit shown was used for registering gallons pumped by gas pumps in a service station. A remote register totaled all the data from the pumps, using a storage or "memory"



PULSES

RESET

TENS

HUNDREDS

ICR-2

3CR-2

3CR-1

3CR-1

3CR-2

3CR-1

Fig. 4—(above)—Decade counting circuit. Separate lines send units, tens and hundreds pulses to readouts. Distinctive tone codes can be sent out over a single line.

Fig. 3—How stepper generates pulses. a—Negative (zero-voltage) pulse output when arm is between contacts. b—Positive-pulse generator. c—Relay ICR inverts pulses.

#### Rotary Stepping Switches—They're Everywhere

circuit if several pumps were used simultaneously.

These circuits have been designed for direct-operated switches. For accurate timing it may make a difference whether switches are operated direct or indirect. An indirectly operated switch acts on the cessation of a pulse, rather than on the starting of one. In the circuits shown, that makes little difference. Also, all levels of contacts have been shown for nonbridging wipers. Bridging wipers running across contacts would not generate pulses.

Another point: A switch steps home much faster than it steps out, and pulses are produced by it much faster than dial pulses occur. (The latter run from 10 to 20 per second.) A switch stepping home on interrupters can be slowed down, as was described in Part I. But the homing speed of a minor switch can be regulated only by adjusting mechanical friction or spring tension. The speed can be slowed down some but not much.

#### Storing numbers

The circuit of Fig. 4 can be used to store three digits (and more by extension). A simple readout can be built to show the final setting of the three switches. Such a readout arrangement is shown in Fig. 5. The banks at right of the diagram are one level each from the three minor switches of Fig. 4. The

stepping switch used for readout must be adjusted to make 30 contacts in sequence (on two levels), by properly setting the wipers. Each set of 10 is connected to the minor-switch contact banks. The switch will step through the first contacts (after starting, and this switch steps slowly) and will energize 4CR when a "ground" is encountered on the minor-switch bank. 4CR then stops further pulses (up to 10) from appearing on the output line.

When point 10 is reached, 4CR is reset by 2CR-3, and the switch then scans the bank of the second minor switch, and so on. The result is a series of three sets of pulses which will signal in order the units, tens and hundreds count of the three minor switches. If a pause is needed between sets of pulses, 2CR and 3CR can be used also to energize slow-operating relay 5CR. For the duration of its on-off cycle, 5CR prevents 1CR from stepping the switch. This function is indicated by dotted lines. The START button can be any momentary-contact type-even a relay contact.

For example, with several storage registers, a sensing circuit could be used to hold off one register until another has been "read." Any relay can be used as such a sensor by either the absence or presence of a voltage on its coil.

[In Fig. 5, the stepping switch is shown with two sets of 30 contacts ar-

ranged in circles. Each set of 30 contacts has 3 wipers. The method of presentation is used for simplicity. Actually, each set of 10 contacts is on a separate level and the wipers are 120° apart. Thus, contacts 1 through 10 are on one level, 11 through 20 on the next, and so on. This switch—Automatic Electric type 44 or equivalent—accommodates up to six 10-point bank levels. It is driven by a 33-tooth ratchet providing 10 "onthe-bank" positions followed by an "off-the-bank" position for each one-third revolution.—Editor]

#### Relay code selection

The individual code selector is a useful device. It can select one, and only one of several circuits, by means of one line or radio channel. While such selectors are made by various manufacturers (there are even electronics selectors with no moving parts), it's possible to build this kind of selector by using stepping switches and relays. Fig. 6 shows one circuit, which uses a type 44 switch, again arranged for 30 points.

Incoming pulses operate the slow-release relay and the motor magnet (the usual pulse relay has been left off). This switch, as shown has been arranged for the code 4-5-9. (Up to 0-9-9 can be used with the 44 switch.) If the switch wiper lands on any point connected to relay 2CR, the switch will immediately step home. Only by successively landing on the code-specified contacts will the (continued on page 70)

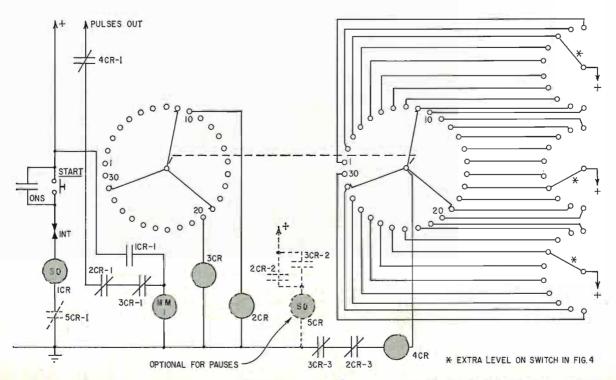
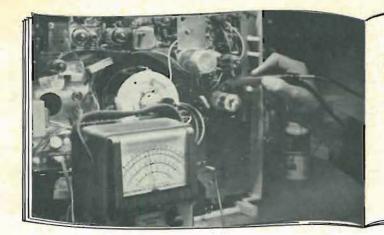


Fig. 5—Readout to indicate settings of switches in Fig. 4. An extra relay on contact 30 can replace the reset (START) switch.



# VERTICAL SWEEP MANUAL

Learn vertical sweep servicing as an expert analyzes typical problems.

#### By HOMER L. DAVIDSON

VERTICAL SWEEP TROUBLES ARE EASY to spot. They appear on the screen as if to tell you exactly where to find them. If you know the functions of the vertical oscillator and output sections the visual symptoms can become most significant to you.

No vertical sweep shows up as a picture completely collapsed into a thin horizontal bright line. The line is usually bright because the energy of the electron beam that would normally be displaced over the full height of the screen is all concentrated in the line. Insufficient sweep shows up as a partially shrunken picture on top, bottom, or both. Nonlinear vertical sweep can cause heads to stretch or become flattopped and feet to appear to be too long or too short . . . in severe cases the top and bottom of the picture folds over on itself.

Picture rolling can be caused by improper vertical osciilator frequency or loss of sync due to a weak signal, old age, poor video separation and other troubles in the video signal handling circuits.

#### Vertical deflection circuits

There are three types of vertical-deflection systems, but only two are widely used. The oldest is the simplest to repair. It has a blocking oscillator and a vertical output stage as shown in Fig. 1. An integrating network keeps all pulses except vertical sync out of the vertical oscillator.

Take care when checking the voltage at the plate of the vertical output tube. The high-amplitude spikes can damage the meter. The best bet is to use a scope with an appropriate probe. If the waveshape is good and the amplitude correct, you can assume that the plate voltage is okay. Start at the vertical oscillator and proceed to the output stage.

Another method is to connect two pieces of flexible hookup wire to the

leads of a  $0.05-\mu F$ , 600-volt capacitor. Solder alligator clips to the free ends of the wires. You can check the vertical-deflection voltage by clipping an alligator clip to the center terminal of the volume control. Touch the other clip to the input and output of each stage in the vertical section. You will hear a 60-cycle buzz that will get louder as you progress toward the yoke. If the buzz drops off, you have located a trouble spot.

If you do not have a negative voltage on the blocking oscillator grid, the stage is not oscillating. Check the blocking-oscillator transformer windings with an ohmmeter. Many times the secondary is open. If it's okay, check the plate voltage and resistances. The vertical-output transformer's resistance should also be checked against the manufacturer's data. Also check to see that none of the transformer windings are shorted to the transformer core.

In many older TV receivers that come in for repair, the vertical hold control will move the picture only one way. The quickest [but not necessarily the best-Editor] repair here is just to change the vertical hold circuit. Simply tie a couple of clip leads to a 2.5-meg pot. Clip one to the vertical oscillator grid and the other to the top terminal of the hold control. Set the hold control in the center of its range and adjust the clipped-on pot until the picture rolls both ways when you turn the set's hold control. Now disconnect the pot and measure it. Solder in a 1-watt resistor of the closest 10% value.

The second kind of vertical-deflection system uses a multivibrator, and a vertical output stage. The third system is just like the second, only the vertical-output stage is part of the multivibrator. This third system is used quite extensively in newer TV receivers; in many, only one two-section tube is used, such

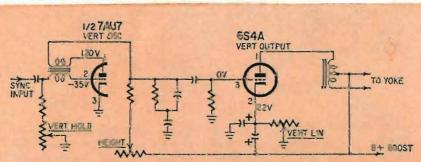


Fig. 1-A typical blocking-tube type certical oscillator and output stage.

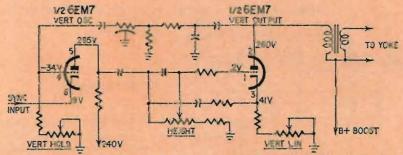
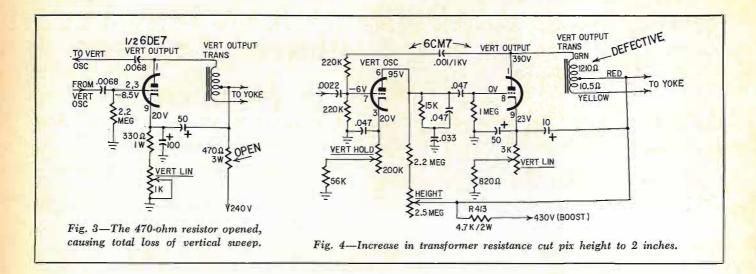


Fig. 2-The multivibrator hookup is a very popular vertical deflection system.



as a 6EM7. Fig. 2 shows a typical modern vertical-deflection system.

A multivibrator is a two-stage amplifier with the output of each stage fed to the input of the other. This positive feedback causes the circuit to oscillate. If any stage or a part of the feedback circuit becomes defective, the circuit will not oscillate.

#### **Actual troubles**

Let's take the case of only a horizontal line on the TV screen—let's say this is an Admiral 20US6 (Fig. 3). The brightness control should be turned

down so the line is just visible. Otherwise you can burn a line across the tube.

The 6DE7 tube was checked and found okay. The trouble was an open 470-ohm, 3-watt B+ dropping resistor.

This same trouble can also be caused by a feedback coupling capacitor at the plate of the output stage. There is a high peak voltage at this point and even the 1,000-volt capacitors usually used there can short or start to leak. A small Admiral portable, chassis 15UA2, came in with this trouble. The feedback capacitor had shorted, leaving only a white line on the screen. Replace such

capacitors with 1,600-volt types (the kind used as buffer capacitors in vibrator power supplies).

Another insufficient-height trouble was in an Admiral 14UY30 chassis (Fig. 4). There was only 2 inches of raster. Turning up the height control didn't help a bit. The output plate voltage was 200, and the grid voltage zero. The cathode voltage was only 11.5; it should have been around 23.

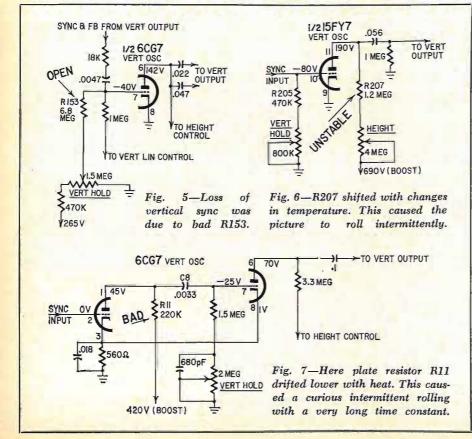
Most of the voltage, it turned out, was being dropped across the vertical-output transformer primary. A resistance check here showed that the winding had increased from 1,210 ohms to 1,580. The transformer was replaced, and we were in business. On this same chassis, I have found that R413 increases in resistance and causes the same trouble. Increased resistance in the height control or plate dropping resistor will cause the same symptoms.

#### Rolling picture

Many things can cause the picture to roll: insufficient sync, a defective integrator circuit, too-high resistance, leaky capacitors or some variety of intermittent. Let's take a look at a RCA KCS97D chassis (Fig. 5).

The vertical hold control had no effect on the rolling picture. This control didn't even seem to be in the circuit. Control open? Checked it. Nope. Wrong again. Voltages on the vertical-oscillator tube were quite close to what they should be. I just *knew* the trouble was in the vertical hold circuit. R153 checked 5.5 meg. It should have been 6.8, but that didn't seem to be too serious a difference.

The original complaint was intermittent vertical rolling. Now the set just rolled, period! Back to R153. I cut one end of the resistor loose and checked the resistance. Here was the trouble. The resistor was wide, wide open.





A case of severe nonlinearity at bottom of the screen. The cause is shown in Fig. 9.

(Sometimes it just pays to work a hunch.) The 5.5-meg reading? Shunt paths elsewhere in the circuit.

Now let's check some intermittent vertical-roll troubles. I had a G-E QX chassis (Fig. 6) that would be okay for about 2 minutes and then roll. I would set the vertical hold for a stable picture and within 5 minutes it was rolling again. That told me resistance values were changing or perhaps a capacitor was leaking.

When a picture rolls intermittently, the trouble is usually in the grid or plate circuit of the vertical-oscillator stage. Sometimes the trouble is in the cathode circuit, but usually the cathodes are grounded.

I measured the grid resistor, R205. It was off by a bit, so I replaced it, but to no avail. Finally I came to R207, a 1.2-meg resistor. As the set warmed up, its resistance changed. Replacing it solved the problem.

You will find that many intermittent vertical-roll troubles can be traced to the oscillator plate resistor. If you have any doubts, replace it. A change of resistance in the vertical hold control or the height control can cause vertical rolling.

The main trouble from height controls is a burned spot. When you try to increase the height, the raster collapses to a few inches. Always remember: the height control affects the bottom of the picture most, while the linearity control has its main effect at the picture top.

Another rolling trouble, in a Philco model 9L60U (Fig. 7). Here more time elapsed between rolls. This set wouldn't roll until after it was on for 1½ hours. I could reset the vertical hold control and again the picture would sit still for an hour or two. Great! To top it, when the back was removed the set wouldn't roll at all!

I pulled the chassis, set it on the bench and checked all the tubes. They were okay. Heat seemed to figure in the trouble. I tried a new 6CG7 vertical tube, just in case. I put the set back in its box. Sure enough, in about 2 hours

the same trouble appeared. Capacitor C8 was replaced because it was a little leaky. Still the set rolled after a couple of hours.

R11 seemed quite warm. It measured 220K. The next time the set started to roll, I jerked the line plug out and clipped out one end of R11. It now read 150K. R11 was changing with heat. I should have followed my own advice: "Replace the plate load when in doubt."

#### Odd vertical troubles

After this Silvertone model 45-528.51680 receiver was on a few seconds, the raster was only about 3 inches high and quite jittery. It bounced. Of course the vertical tube was the first thing checked. It was okay. The grid voltage was off a little and the plate voltage on pin 5 was only 50 (Fig. 8). According to the service data, I should have had 90. The height control and the 1-meg series resistor were checked; they were good. Something was leaking and pulling that voltage down.

I pulled the vertical tube and checked its plate voltage. (You have to do this very rapidly in a series-heater receiver, because of course the other tubes go out when one is pulled.) Here I found only the same 50 volts; I should have been getting the full voltage at the height control.

I checked C30 for leakage; it was good. C29 showed some leakage. When

I cut one end, I measured 100K across it. Replacing the capacitor restored the full raster.

In many sets, a jumping raster is caused by a defective vertical-output transformer. This is especially true in old, long-used sets.

This next case looked like vertical linearity trouble. The bottom of the picture had wider scanning than the top line did. This is shown in photo at left.

It was an Admiral model UP9808 (Fig. 9). Someone else had attempted to repair the set, for the thermal relay had been shorted out. Sometimes the picture looked like it was suffering from vertical bunching, but this proved not to be the case. All voltages in the vertical circuit were checked, and they all seemed fine.

After searching the vertical section for trouble, I traced the B+ wires back to the power-supply filter. I found after a little browsing that the silicon rectifier had been replaced. Something didn't add up. The B+ line that fed the vertical and horizontal circuits came directly off the rectifier. It should have gone first through the filter choke.

The B+ wire to the horizontal and vertical circuits had been removed and hadn't been resoldered to the correct point. This goes to show that the poor helpless television receiver may have, not only its own troubles, but a few extras put in.

R-E

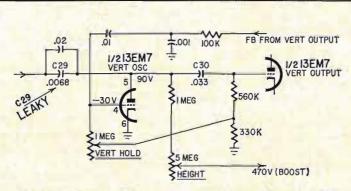


Fig. 8—Leakage in C29 upset the normal operation of the vertical multivibrator and produced a bouncing 3-inch high raster.

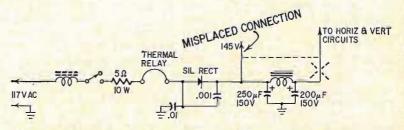


Fig. 9—Nonlinearity developed after a careless technician inadvertently bypassed the pi-network filter after replacing the silicon rectifier.



# A Compact, High-Performance Flutter Meter

Useful in servicing tape recorders, this meter can measure tape-travel inaccuracy of less than 0.1%

By EARL T. HANSEN

IS YOUR TAPE RECORDER AS GOOD AS IT was when new? As mechanical parts wear, slight speed variations can cause a degradation of recorded tapes; the fault becomes progressively worse as tapes are copied. This meter will let you make easy, periodic measurements of such signal degradation, to help you avoid poor recordings.

This meter uses the latest solidstate components, including an integrated circuit and an FET. Battery operation keeps the cost down, provides portability, and—most important eliminates 60-Hz hum pickup from the ac line.

Alignment and calibration require only a vtvm and an audio oscillator, though a scope and an ac voltmeter will assure greater accuracy.

Flutter consists of undesirable and relatively rapid changes in pitch of recorded and reproduced sound. It is caused by irregular mechanical motion during recording or playback of tape, disc or film. Per cent flutter is defined as the rms deviation from the average frequency as a percent of that average frequency.

Flutter meters normally detect flutter rates from 0.5 Hz to 120 Hz; some even go up to 200 Hz, if intended for measurements of motion-picture equipment.

(Undesirable but relatively slow changes in pitch are known as wow; frequency variation is typically 0.5 Hz to 5 Hz. Wow occurs principally in disc recording and playback, so we aren't concerned with it here.)

#### How it works

The basic idea for most flutter meters is to use some kind of FM discriminator or detector. Proper limiting to remove amplitude modulation is important—just as in an FM receiver. The signal from the discriminator is filtered to remove the audio carrier frequency and to limit the range of flutter rates. The rms value of the signal

nal is then measured by a high-sensitivity ac vtvm with extended low-frequency response.

A commonly used frequency for flutter tests is 3 kHz; the frequency was chosen many years ago for motion-picture use, when sound-system response barely reached 5 kHz. This meter uses 5 kHz as a test frequency for several reasons. The discriminator could be more easily designed around readily available components. The higher carrier frequency allows measurement of higher flutter rates and simplifies the required filter.

In this meter (Fig. 1) an inexpensive integrated circuit makes an ideal amplifier and limiter. The IC contains 10 transistors, a voltage regulator, and those resistors necessary to complete a three-stage amplifier. Because of the internal regulator, changes in battery voltage have minimum effect on the limited output amplitude (a 5-kHz square wave) which drives the discriminator coils. The IC has very high gain and will saturate with 30 mV at input jack JI.

Minimum input level should be 0.1 volt, to lessen the effect of tape dropouts. Diode D1 protects the IC against possible damage by an external voltage overload.

A 5-kHz signal is fed to input jack J1 and then through limiter IC1. Output from this stage is a square wave, which goes through isolating resistors R6 and R7 to the discriminator. The discriminator consists of tuned circuits L1-C5 and L2-C6, and associated components. One circuit is tuned to 4 kHz, the other to 6 kHz. Each drives a voltage-doubling rectifier (or peak-to-peak detector). Diodes D2 through D5 are polarized so as to have opposite dc polarity at the output; positive from the L1 side, and negative from the L2 half.

When the voltages induced in the coils are equal (at approximately 5 kHz) the dc outputs will be equal



Two RADIO-ELECTRON-ICS editors used this flutter meter to check out a medium-quality tape deck. Following the author's instructions, we recorded the 5-kHz test signal at

7½ ips. Then we played back the tape and read flutter on the meter. Our average for several measurements was about 0.1%, within specifications for the tape deck. At 3¾ ips, the mochine had about 0.15% flutter. By rapidly jabbing a finger against the tape ar the capstan during playback, we could artificially increase flutter to over 1% as read on the meter.

A reader using the author's calibration tape should not rewind it in the normal thanner, as this might stretch the tape and after its calibration. Instead, reverse reels and run it back at "play" speed.

and opposite in polarity; thus they cancel to zero at the junction of R8 and R9. When the input frequency changes toward either 4 kHz or 6 kHz, the ratio of the voltages in the two halves of the discriminator will not be equal and the dc at the junction will change. Fig. 2 shows the frequency-vs-output curve for the discriminator, as measured at the source of Q2.

Note that the voltage is 2.85 rather than zero at the middle frequency. This is a result of two voltages which are added to the discriminator output. One is the difference in potential across FET Q2 (gate to source). The other is the result of the discriminator return being connected to pin 3 of IC1. This is a convenient source of approximately 2 volts forward bias on the FET (which acts as a source follower); the bias sets the correct operating point on the FET transfer curve for handling larger voltage swings.

A three-section RC filter between the discriminator and Q2 removes any remaining 5-kHz carrier, and deter-

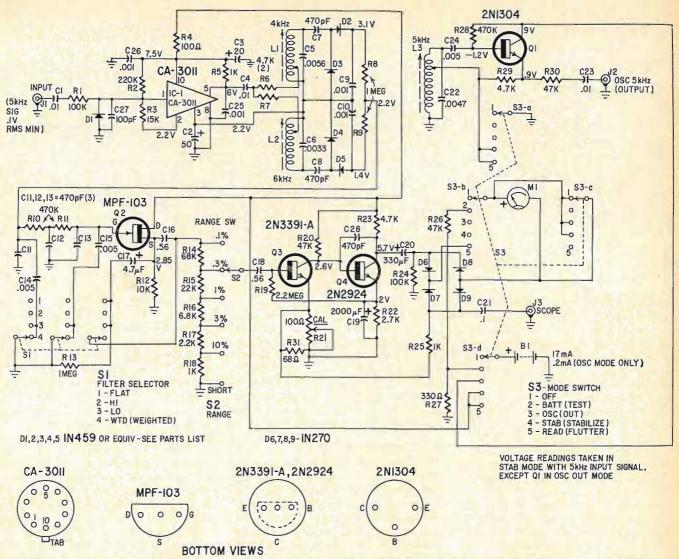


Fig. 1—Sine-wave input signal is fed to ICI, which produces square-wave output. Discriminator (LI-C5, L2-C6) furnishes error voltage to amplifier Q2. Voltmeter section (Q3-Q4) reads this error as flutter produced by the tape recorder tested.

#### Flutter Meter Specifications

Ranges: 0.1%, 0.3%, 1%, 3%, 10% full scale

Input level: 0.1 volt rms minimum for good limiter saturation

Input frequency: 5kHz, ±5%

Battery: 9 volts, NEDA 1602

Battery drain: 0.2 mA in OSC mode, 17 mA in all other modes

Internal OSC output: 5kHz, 4 volts rms unloaded, with less than 5% distortion

Internal noise: The residual reading due to the combined effects of internal oscillator FM variations and random noise is less than 0.001% flutter

Stabilization time: 30 seconds after power on, or 5 seconds after applying signal input

Flutter rate bandwidth: FLAT (filter switch position), 0.6 to 200 Hz, ±3 dB HI, low-frequency rolloff, down 6 dB at 1.5Hz LO, high-frequency rolloff, down 6 dB at 35 Hz WTD (weighted filter position) combines the rolloff of the HI and LO filters

Parts List

R1, R24-100,000-ohm resistor

-220,000-ohm resistor R3-15,000-ohm resistor R4—100-ohm resistor R5, R25—1000-ohm resistor

R6, R7, R23, R29-47000-ohm resistor

R9, R13-1-megohm re-

R10, R11, R28-470,000-ohm resistor

-10,000-ohm resistor R14—68,000-ohm, 5% resistor R15—22,000-ohm, 5% resistor

-6800-ohm, 5% resistor R17—2200-ohm, 5% resistor R18—1000-ohm, 5% resistor

R19-2.2-megohm resistor R20, R30-47,000-ohm resis-

tor -100-ohm miniature potentiometer (Mallory MTC or similar)

-2700-ohm resistor R26-47,000-ohm, 5% resistor R27-330-ohm resistor

R31-68-ohm resistor All resistors ¼-watt or more, 10%, unless otherwise noted C1, C4, C23—0.01-μF paper or

ceramic capacitor -50-µF, 6-volt electrolytic capacitor

-20-μF, 10-volt electrolytic capacitor -0.0056-μF mica capacitor

-0.0033-μF mica capacitor C7, C8, C11, C12, C13, C28 470-pF ceramic capacitor C10, C25, C26—0.001-µF

ceramic capacitor C14, C15, C24-0.005-µF cer-

amic capacitor C18—0.56-μF tantalum capacitor (Kemet C series or similar)

-4.7-μF, 10-volt, tantalum capacitor (Kemet C series or similar)

-2000-μF, 10-volt, electrolytic capacitor
—330-µF, 10-volt,

tantalum capacitor

-0.1-μF paper or ceramic capacitor -0.0047-μF mica capaci-

tor C27—100-pF ceramic capacitor

All capacitors 20 volts, more, unless otherwise noted IC1-Integrated circuit amplifier, RCA CA3011

-Germanium npn transis tor, 2N1304

-N-channel junction fieldeffect transistor (Motorola MPF-103 or similar)

-Silicon planar npn tran-sistor (G-E 2N3391A or similar)

–Silicon planar npn trans-istor (G-E 2N2924 or similar)

D1, D2, D3, D4, D5-Smallsignal silicon diode, 1N-

459 or similar D6, D7, D8, D9—Germanium diode, 1N270 J1, J2, J3—Phono jack

J2, J3—Phono jack
—3-pole, 4-position, shorting rotary switch (Centralab 1012 or similar)
—1-pole, 6-position shorting rotary switch (Centralab 1000 or similar)
—4-pole, 5-position, short-

-4-pole, 5-position short-ing rotary switch (Cen-tralab 1012 or similar) L2, L3-78-240-mH tap-

ped inductor (Miller 9018 or similar)

-9-volt battery 1602 or 1605; see text)

–200-μA meter, scales 0–3 and 0–10 (Heathkit 407-85 or similar. Available from Heath Co., \$10.40

plus postage)

c.—3" x 5" x 7" metal box

(Bud CU-2108A or similar); perforated board,
push-in terminals, handle, knobs, wire, and small hardware

Note:-A 3" reel of calibration tape is available for \$2.40 postpaid, from E. T. Hansen, 3361 Millcreek Rd., Salt Lake City, Utah 84109. Instructions are included.

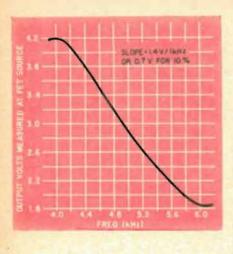


Fig. 2—Discriminator output curve.
Circuit converts frequency shift to dc.

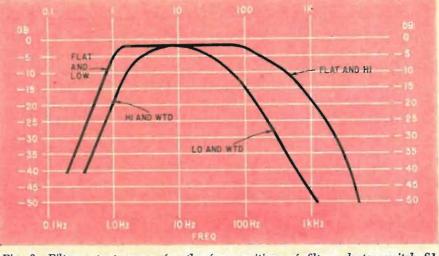


Fig. 3—Filter output curves for the four positions of filter selector switch S1.

mines the desired curve for the flutterrate frequency response. Figure 3 shows the curves for the four settings of filter switch S1. As a source follower with a gain of less than one, Q2 matches the very high impedance of the discriminator and filter to Q3.

Transistors Q3, Q4 and associated components constitute a feedback-stabilized ac voltmeter. Large coupling and bypass capacitors—C20 and C19—extend the low-frequency response to the required range. Feedback ratio (and therefore gain) is adjusted by the calibration control, R21. Resistor R25 develops a voltage proportional to meter current, which allows the actual flutter waveform to be observed on an external oscilloscope via J3. Approximately 0.5 volt peak to peak appears at J3 with full-scale meter deflection.

#### Construction

I would suggest a slightly larger metal box than the one I used, unless you are concerned about size. Assembly will be easier if things are not so crowded. Many small components can be mounted on the switches; mount the others on a perforated board with push-through terminals (see Figs. 4, 5 and 6). Coils L1 and L2 should be separated by at least 11/2" to avoid interaction; location of L3 is not so critical though, since it is shorted out during the READ mode. Leads on the ceramic capacitors which bypass pins 1, 5 and 10 of IC1 to ground should be kept as short as possible. Otherwise the IC may oscillate at some rf rate.

The tap location on the coils is important. On L1 and L2 the taps are nearest the ends which go to pin 3 of ICI. On L3 the tap is farthest from ground. The unused pins (4, 6, 7 and 9) on IC1 may be snipped off to minimize congestion. If you do use a larger case I would suggest the next size large-

er battery (NEDA 1605). It has a longer life at about the same cost.

In case you want to substitute, component types are not critical except as follows: Q1 must have at least a 10-volt emitter—base rating. Switches should be the shorting type to avoid transients. Q3 and Q4 must be highgain, low-leakage silicon-planar types. Q3 should be a low-noise type.

#### Test and calibration

Connect a milliammeter in series with the battery and make sure that the current is not excessive. It should be zero in the OFF position, about 0.2 mA in the osc position, and about 17 mA in the other positions. The test current in the BATT position depends on the value of R27.

Apply a 1-volt, 5-kHz signal from a sine-wave audio generator to the input, J1, and set S3 to the STAB position. There should be a square wave on pin 5 of IC1. The waveform should be about 2.4 volts peak to peak and will be tilted. Set the generator to 4.0 kHz. Connect the hot lead of a dc vtvm to the junction of D2 and C9, with the common lead to ground. Adjust L1 for maximum reading on the vtvm. Next set the generator to 6.0 kHz and adjust L2 for minimum positive voltage at the junction of D5 and C10. Set S3 to the osc mode and monitor the output at J2 with a scope or audio amplifier. Set the generator to 5.0 kHz and compare the frequencies, audibly, or preferably with the scope. Adjust L3 so the output at J2 is 5 kHz.

Measure the dc voltages on Q3 and Q4. The collector voltage on Q4 should be between 4.5 and 7. If it is not, the value of R20 should be changed slightly. Increasing R20 will increase the Q4 collector voltage and vice versa. If it is necessary to go above 100,000 ohms for R20, Q3 has low gain and should be changed. This

completes everything except the actual calibration adjustment (R21).

As a start, adjust R21 for a reading of 38 ohms from Q3's emitter to ground—with the flutter meter turned off, of course. At this point the meter will be accurate enough for most home comparison-type measurements. This includes correction for the 0.707 factor described below in the section on using the meter.

For a more accurate calibration proceed as follows: The end accuracy will depend on the accuracy of your equipment, the audio generator, the dc vtvm and the ac voltmeter. Connect the dc vtvm to the Q2 source (junction of R12 and C16). Set the audio generator to 4.5 kHz, 1 volt out, connected to J1, and set S3 to STAB. Read the voltage with both 4.5-kHz and 5.5-kHz inputs (one at a time). Note the difference between the two readings; it will be 1.4 volts typically. This difference is equivalent to a peakto-peak frequency swing of 20%, or half the difference is equal to the peak frequency swing of 10%. Therefore an rms voltage equal to the difference would be equivalent to 10% rms swing (or flutter).

Set the generator to 20 Hz. Connect the generator output to the top of the range switch (junction of R14 and C16). Then set the range switch to 10% and set S3 to READ. Measure the audio amplitude from the generator with the ac voltmeter and adjust it to an rms value equal to half the dc difference voltage noted above. As an example, if the difference measured above is 1.46, set the generator output to 0.73 volt rms.

Adjust R21 until the flutter meter reads full scale (10%), if you desire a true flutter reading, or do as I did and adjust R21 until the meter reads 7.07%. This will let you make measurements without factoring when re-



Fig. 4-Limiter-discriminator layout is easily done on board.

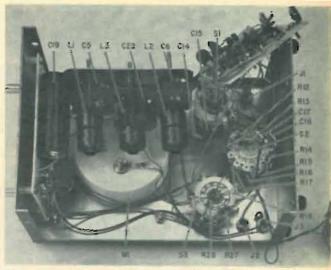


Fig. 5-Coils are mounted on a bracket beside meter movement.

cording and playing back. Otherwise factoring is necessary to compensate for the flutter created by both the recording and the playback of a tape.

The cover on the metal box must be in place before using high-sensitivity positions of the range switch, to avoid stray pickup.

An alternate and more accurate method of calibration is to obtain a calibration tape. See the parts list.

#### Using the meter

The mode switch has four active positions. BATT measures the battery voltage with a resistive load equal to the normal meter drain. Osc operates only the internal 5-kHz oscillator. which is available at J2 for recording onto a tape. The recorded 5-kHz signal is then played back into the flutter meter to obtain a reading. STAB is the stabilize position, used prior to taking a reading. In this position the meter is shorted out until the long time constants in the ac voltmeter circuit become stabilized; otherwise the meter would bang the peg a time or two. The READ position gives a meter reading of the flutter amplitude.

Battery voltage has a negligible effect on accuracy until it drops below 7.5. The battery should be changed when it drops to 8 volts, as indicated on the meter in BATT position. Useful life of the NEDA 1602 battery is about 40 hours of intermittent use, except for the osc mode, which is very much longer.

There are two methods of measuring flutter in sound equipment. One (known as the standard method) uses a standard recorded reference, that is a tone (carrier) recorded on a tape (or disc or film) with a flutter content very

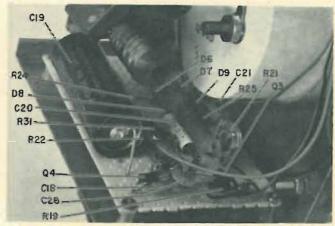


Fig. 6-Voltmeter circuit is also mounted on perforated board.

much less than that of the equipment to be tested. By this method the flutter content can be obtained directly from the meter without factoring, or rerunning to get an average. The flutter meter described here can be used for this method. However, standard tapes with low flutter content are very expensive.

The second (or nonstandard) method is to record a tape from a very stable source (such as the oscillator built into this meter) and play it back through the meter. This method has one drawback: the recorder adds flutter to the tape during recording and again during playback. The two flutter conditions will add vectorially, and readings can vary considerably, depending on the phase and regularity of the two sources. Generally the resultant will be greater than either of the two sources alone. The generally accepted practice is to take the average of several readings and multiply it by 0.707 to obtain a true flutter measurement. The 0.707 factor has been included in the calibration of this meter

and need not be considered when making measurements.

It is good practice to average several readings. Rewind the tape slightly between each reading to change the recorded flutter to machine flutter/phase relationship. Fig. 7 shows typical flutter viewed on a scope.

When recording the carrier (5 kHz) on a tape, use the maximum record level. The amount of distortion will have no effect on the flutter content. Record several minutes of the carrier so there will be plenty of time for meter stabilization and multiple readings.

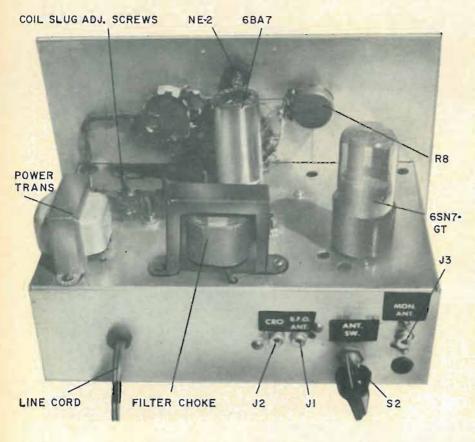
The filter switch gives a choice of flutter-rate response characteristics. The FLAT position has maximum bandwidth and reads flutter at its worst. The HI position removes very low flutter rates—as might be caused by an off-center reel—and therefore helps to isolate the source and type of speed variation. The LO position removes the higher frequencies—which might origical continued on page 60)

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#### BUILD

# **A Professional Quality Transmitter Monitor**

Solid-state and vacuum-tube versions of a handy rf watchdog for hams, CB'ers and commercial operators



#### By J. P. NEIL

ANYONE WHO OPERATES A RADIO STAtion—amateur, CB or commercial twoway—will find an rf monitor useful. It enables you to keep tabs on the transmitter while operating. The ones described here don't require any physical connection to the transmitter itself. Here's what each does:

- Permits continuous visual and aural carrier on-off monitoring; has relay contacts to operate external alarm (solid-state version only).
- 2. Acts as CW keying monitor. (Note:
  Does not warn of key clicks or CW hum.)
- 3. Demodulates an AM signal for quality check of audio.
- Supplies rf output to drive an oscilloscope. You can then observe either trapezoid or envelope waveforms to check percentage of modulation.

#### General description

Block diagram, Fig. 1, illustrates monitor function. Rf is fed through a

beat oscillator and mixer and a low-pass filter. The filter output (below 1 MHz) is split, appearing on terminals for scope display, and being fed to the carrier-alarm circuit (solid-state version only). The carrier-alarm circuit triggers a relay, the contacts of which may be used to operate an external alarm.

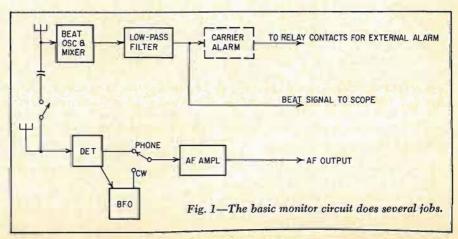
Rf is also fed to a detector, a bfo and an audio amplifier. These circuits provide monitoring and quality checks of CW keying and AM modulation.

#### Circuit details

Figure 2 is the schematic of the solid-state version, which operates as follows: if a pickup antenna is used at J3, closing S4 will usually produce enough rf drive to operate the alarm circuit. If this is not the case, a separate antenna may be connected to J1. Whichever jack is used, rf travels through RF GAIN pot R1 and C4, then to the base of Q1. This transistor works as both an oscillator and a mixer, its frequency being determined by the particular LC tank selected by S1. All oscillator coils are slug-tuned to about 355 kHz above or below the transmitting frequency in the selected band. C6 is a panel adjustment for trimming the beat frequency.

In the alarm circuit, L2 and C9 resonate at about 355 kHz, so C6 is adjusted for maximum signal at the base of Q2. Depending on the relay used, Q2 will operate with about 10 or 15 mA. It should be heat-sinked if the monitor will be used continuously in the carrier-on mode.

The keying- and modulation-monitor section uses diode D to rectify incoming rf. For CW monitoring, Q3—a tone generator—acts as a bfo which is switched on and off by transmitter keying. For AM modulation monitoring, demodulated rf from D is fed through S5 to Q4 and Q5. These stages are direct-coupled, npn to pnp. J4 is a closed-circuit jack; normally the speaker is used



Parts list for solid-state model R1-1000-ohm potentiometer (including S3-s.p.s.t. switch) -15,000-ohm resistor R3, R9—10,000-ohm resistor R4—1800-ohm resistor R5-20,000-ohm potentiometer R6, R10-100-ohm resistor -50,000-ohm potentiometer R8-91,000-ohm resistor -470-ohm resistor C1, C2-(See coil table) C3—5-pF capacitor C4, C5, C7, C11, C13, C15, C19—0.01-μF capacitor C6—25-pF variable capacitor C8, C9—20-pF, silver mica capacitor C10—470-pF capacitor C12-0.22-µF capacitor C14, C16, C17—25-μF, 25-volt, electro-lytic capacitor C18—0.02-μF capacitor C19-100-µF, 25-volt, electrolytic capacitor C20—0.05-μF capacitor C21—0.5-μF capacitor J1, J2, J3—Phono jacks J1, J2, J3—Frono Jacks
J4—Closed circuit phone jack
L1—1-mH rf choke (J. W. Miller 4652-E)
L2—10-mH rf choke (J. W. Miller 4672-E)
L3—2.4-mH rf choke (J. W. Miller 4666-E) -1N4009 diode Q1, Q4—2N2924 transistor Q2—2N696 or 2N169 transistor Q3—2N1617, 2N2160 or 2N2646 transis--2N1415 transistor S1—2-pole 6-position rotary switch S2, S4, S6—S.p.s.t. toggle or slide switch \$2, \$4, \$6—\$5.p.s.t. toggle or slide switch
 \$3—(See R1)
 \$5—D.p.d.t. toggle switch
 \$PKR—2" or 3" speaker, 4-ohm coil
 T—Output transformer: 500-ohm primary, 4-ohm secondary

-Relay: 50-500-ohm coil resistance,

10-15-mA operating current. Contacts N.O. or N.C., as desired.

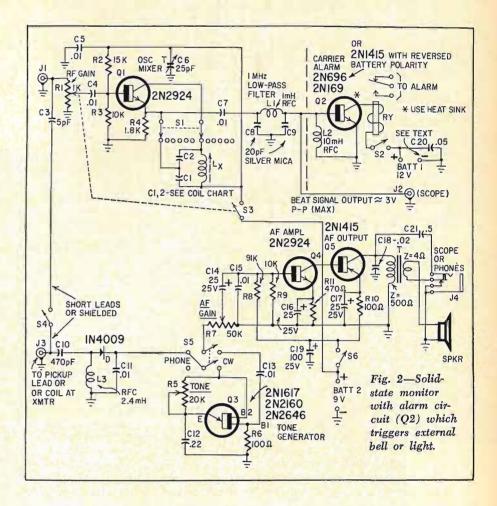
BATT 1—battery, 12 volts

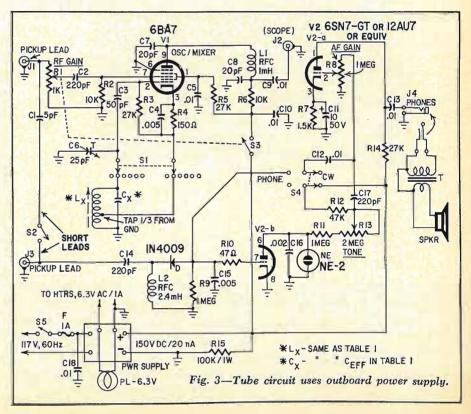
BATT 2—battery, 9 volts Parts list for vacuum-tube model R1-1000-ohm potentiometer (including \$3—s.p.s.t. switch)

R2, R6—10,000-ohm resistor

R3, R5, R14—27,000-ohm resistor

R4—150-ohm resistor R7—1500-ohm resistor R8-1-megohm potentiometer R9, R11-1-megohm resistor R10-47-ohm resistor R12-47,000-ohm resistor R13-2-megohm potentiometer R15—100,000-ohm, 1-watt resistor C1—5-pF capacitor C2, C14, C17—220-pF capacitor C3—50-pF capacitor C4, C15—0.005-μF capacitor C5, C9, C10, C12, C13, C18—0.01-μF capacitor C6—25-pF variable capacitor C7, C8—20-pF capacitor C11—10µF, 50-volt, electrolytic C16—0.002-µF capacitor C<sub>x</sub>—See Table 1 All capacitors 400v unless noted J1, J2, J3—Phono jacks
J4—Phone jack
S1—2-pole 6-position rotary selector switch S2, S5-S.p.s.t. toggle or slide switch S3—(See R1) S4—D.p.d.t. toggle switch D—1N4009 diode
T—Output transformer: 10,000-ohm primary to 4-ohm secondary -1mH rf choke (J. W. Miller 4652-E) -2.4-mH rf choke (J. W. Miller 4666-E) -See Table 1 VΗ6BA7 tube V2—12AU7, 6SN7-GT or similar tube PL—6.3-volt pilot lamp





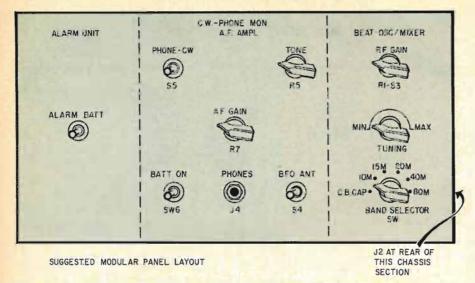


Fig. 4—Panel layout is not critical . . . position parts to fit without crowding,

# AUDIO UNDER- 100 % OVERDISTORTION MODULATION MODULATION TRAPEZOIDAL PATTERNS

Fig. 5—Trapezoid waveforms you'll see on your scope when checking AM transmitters.

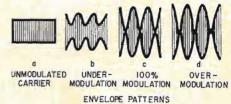


Fig. 6-Envelope modulation patterns.

#### Build a Professional Quality Transmitter Monitor

for CW monitoring while only the phones are used on AM. Thus the speaker is killed and feedback is avoided, where the monitor is used near the transmitter microphone.

Note that Q3 requires no power supply; it operates from incoming rf. Q5 takes most current from the battery, but it operates class AB. Hence the total drain of Q4 and Q5 will be from only 2.9 to 5.2 mA, depending on audio level.

The vacuum-tube model operates the same as the solid-state model. There is no carrier-alarm circuit, but it would not be difficult to build one using a thyratron and a plate relay. As before, C6 must be adjusted to resonance, and the easiest way is by tuning to peak the waveform observed on a scope at J2. There is also no power supply, but requirements are small: 6.3 Vac at 1 amp and 150 Vdc at 20 mA. Note that the 6BA7 should be shielded.

#### Assembly and setup

It's up to the user whether to build the monitor on a conventional chassis or a printed-circuit board. The solid-state version is easily constructed on a perforated board, while the vacuum-tube unit goes best on a standard chassis. A suggested panel layout is shown in Fig. 4 and the photo.

Values listed in the coil table cover the bands listed, all tunable with C6. Use the coil slugs to set operating frequencies, and trim with C6.

To adjust the carrier alarm in the solid-state version, first couple rf into the monitor by a pickup antenna connected to J3 or J1. Adjust R1 and C6 for maximum current through the relay coil. Don't overdrive the transistor. Monitor the current with a vom and if Q2's rating is exceed, you may have to drop the battery voltage with a divider.

In the monitor section, R5 adjusts

the keying-monitor tone, and R7 sets AM-monitor gain.

To check the percentage of modulation of a transmitter with a scope you must modulate the rig with a singlefrequency tone, preferably from a goodquality audio generator. To obtain a trapezoid pattern: Connect the scope vertical input to J2. Set horizontal gain at minimum. On the monitor, set R1 at maximum and adjust C6 for maximum vertical trace on the scope. Set the scope vertical gain to fill about one-third of the screen, and connect the horizontal input to J4, switching the horizontal input selector to the EXTERNAL position. Adjust horizontal gain to about onethird or one-half full. Set S5 to PHONE position and adjust audio gain with R7 until horizontal sweep just about fills the screen.

You'll find one of the traces shown in Fig. 5 on the scope screen. If there's distortion, it may be occurring due to overload in the monitor or the scope. Reset R1, R7 and the scope vertical gain control to see if this eliminates the distortion. If it doesn't, the transmitter is probably at fault.

It's simpler to obtain the envelope patterns of Fig. 6. You need only take the output from J2, feeding it to the scope vertical input. If the transmitter is modulated with a 1,000-Hz tone, adjust the scope horizontal sweep rate to 250 Hz and you'll see four cycles on the screen. If the peaks of the modulated envelope are flattened, there's distortion somewhere.

Low-priced scopes generally have limited frequency response, and won't show much of a trace of rf above 1 MHz. The monitor circuits described here beat the transmitter frequency down to below 1 MHz, where it can be easily displayed by nearly all scopes.

R-E

			Coi	l table			
Band	Freq. (MHz)	L <sub>X</sub> (μH)	C <sub>eff</sub> (pF)	C1 (pF)	C2 (pF)	L <sub>X</sub> (turns)	Wire Size
80 m	4.05	8	200	600	300	26	N. 24 dcc
40 m	7.35	5.4	100	300	150	20	"
20 m	14.355	2.5	50	150	75	10*	"
15 m	21.455	2.0	50	150	75	71/2*	N. 18 enam.
CB/CAP	27.3	0.7	50	150	75	6*	,,
10 m	29.5	0.6	50	150	75	5*	"

<sup>\*</sup> Equally spaced turns

Coils are wound on %" diameter forms with %" winding length. Slug core material for 1-30-MHz service. (J. W. Miller type 21A000RB1, Cambridge Thermionic LS3 series or similar.)

### BUILD

# A Two-Way, Two-Way Lamp

Let there be more light this Christmas

By BYRON G. WELS

DOUBLE TALK? NOT REALLY. THIS lamp does double duty in two ways. For one thing, it's a high-intensity lamp with a "two-speed" control. In the first switch position, the lamp is off. In the second position it is about half bright; in the third position, the lamp is fully bright—and don't get the idea that you need an automobile lamp to get high intensity, either!

It's also two-way because this lamp can mount either on its base like any other lamp or (because the base is filled with small magnets) you can mount it on any ferrous metal surface.

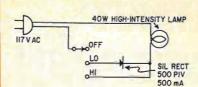
As the diagram shows, a threeposition switch is used. This gives you OFF (no current to lamp), HI (full current) and Lo (half current). In the LO position, a silicon rectifier conducts only on every other half-cycle of the ac voltage, thus reducing current drain (and lamp brightness).

While you can purchase all the materials new, you may wish to modify an old lamp or salvage some parts from your scrap box to keep the costs down.

#### Construction tips

I mounted the switch on the base of an aluminum tumbler, and cemented the lamp socket to the switch. You'll want to use a s.p.d.t. pin switch with wire leads. Start by mounting the back of the switch on the base of the lamp socket. Use RTV cement to hold it in place, and allow it to set overnight.

Next align the magnets so they aid rather than repel each other, and place them in the bottom of the plastic



Silicon rectifier reduces lamp intensity by allowing current to flow only 50% of the time. Its polarity is not important.

#### Materials List

- I—High-intensity lamp, 117 volts, 40 watts (G-E 40 S11N/1 or similar)
- 1-Socket to fit lamp
- 1—S.p.d.t. pin switch, 117 volts (two on positions, one off position) with leads
- 1—Silicon rectifier diode, 500 piv, 0.5 amperes
- 1-Ac line cord and plug
- 1—Anodized aluminum cup or tumbler
- 1—Flexible gooseneck, about 10" long by about 34" diameter
- 1-Plastic or nonferrous metal box, about 3" x 2" x 1"
- 1—Tube of Dow Corning RTV 732 Silastic cement or similar
- Several small, strong magnets (old speaker magnets will do)

Note: You can obtain the diode, the ac line cord and plug, the plastic or metal box, and possibly the magnets, at an electronic parts house. You'll probably have to get the lamp, socket, switch and gooseneck at an electrical supply house or hardware store, where you can also obtain the Silastic cement. Magnets are also available from Edmund Scientific Co., Barrington, N. J. 08007.

or nonmagnetic metal box used as a base. You can use RTV cement generously to hold the magnets in the box. A double layer of magnets will give the base added gripping power.

Locate the center of the bottom of the drinking cup or tumbler and drill a 38" hole for the switch. Make another 34" hole on one side to support the gooseneck. Placing the gooseneck closer to the open lip of the cup will not only make for a more artsycraftsy look, it will also make the nut on the end of the gooseneck easier to tighten and give you more working room inside.

Make a final %" hole in the top of the plastic or metal box to mount the other end of the gooseneck. Now snake the line cord up through the box and gooseneck; pull out plenty of slack from the front of the cup, which is now your lampshade.

Following the wiring diagram, connect the switch, lamp socket and line cord. Carefully wrap all exposed leads with plastic electrical tape (or shrinkable tubing). Now insert the switch through the hole in the back of the shade, and fasten it in place with its nut. The switch is now supporting the socket as well. Pull the excess wire back through the bottom of the box and, with your soldering gun, make a small indentation in the plastic to allow the line cord to pass. If you use a metal box you'll have to drill a hole for the wire.

Try the lamp . . . if it works paint it gold or any other color to go with your room decor. R-E

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#### HIGH PERFORMANCE METER

(continued from page 55)

nate with motor torque variationsand again helps to isolate a problem.

The WTD position gives a weighted measurement. The term "weighting" applies to noise filters designed to pass noise frequencies in proportion to their degree of objection. Weighting filters are used for audio and video noise measurements as well. In the WTD position the flutter reading is more of an indication of just how objectionable or noticeable a speed variation will be to the ear. As an example, a flutter rate at 100 Hz of a given amplitude will not be so noticeable or objectionable as one at 10 Hz at the same amplitude. The ear is most sensitive to rates between 2 and 10 Hz.



Fig. 7-Typical scope trace of flutter in tape playback. Sweep rate is 0.2 second and vertical sensitivity is 0.5 volt peak to peak. Note random characteristic of flutter in the signal.

To summarize using the flutter meter, set the mode switch to osc and record several minutes of the 5-kHz signal on a tape, at the tape speed you wish to check. Set the mode switch to STAB for at least 30 seconds or until the tape is rewound. Play the tape back into the flutter-meter input and set the mode switch to READ. Then set the range switch as required, and read the average flutter. Since flutter is usually a random thing, the meter pointer will not be steady; take an average pointer reading. Rewind the tape slightly each time and take at least four more readings. The average of the five readings will give a good indication of the tape equipment quality and condition. Well-built tape machines will average less than 0.1% flutter at 7½ ips. For checking turntables, use a frequency-test record with a 5-kHz test band on it.



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But when it comes to describing the sound, our engineers prefer to let the E-V SEVEN speak for itself. And while they'd be the last to suggest that the E-V SEVEN sounds just like speak-

ers many times larger (and costing much more) they treasure the pleased look of surprise most people exhibit when they hear an E-V SEVEN for the first time.

If you have just 19" of shelf space, 10" high and 9" deep...and have \$66.50 to invest in a speaker, by all means listen carefully to the E-V SEVEN. It might well be the biggest thing to happen to your compact high fidelity system!

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Circle 28 on reader's service card

#### EQUIPMENT REPORT

Ampex 985 Music Center Circle 43 on reader's service card



WITH THE GROWING popularity of three-piece modular stereo music systems, it was only natural that Ampex should introduce a music center. Their device is built around a tape recorder (naturally), rather than the more common record changer/receiver concept. Housed in an attractive walnut cabinet, the music center is a three-speed 1/4track stereo and mono audio tape recorder complete with AM, FM and FM-stereo receiver. The tape transport uses bidirectional playback which eliminates reel turnover; it has a pushto-reset digital tape counter and a fingertip control panel. There are two separate electronic control panels: one for the recorder and one for the radio.

The recorder control panel has a recording mode selector (STEREO or

MONO), and a record safety button, which prevents accidental erasure of recorded programs. There are individual channel record-level meters, a five-position source and playback selector switch and dual record-level controls.

The radio control panel contains a flywheel tuning control; a mode selector for choosing FM, AM or FM-stereo reception; dual ganged bass and treble controls; individual channel loudness controls; a tuning meter effective on both FM and AM, and an FM-stereo beacon indicator.

As expected, the recorder was a joy to operate. Reel threading is as simplified as this operation can be made; after some experimenting I was able to make some creditable recordings using both microphones supplied.

An interesting innovation is the automatic reverse feature, which allows playback of both tape sides without reel turnover. This mechanism is activated by a 20-Hz signal (inaudible) recorded on the tape. The reversing signal can be dubbed onto any tapes you may presently own (prerecorded or otherwise).

The overall frequency response of the recorder is listed by the manufacturer as 50 to 15,000 Hz ±4 dB at the 7½-ips speed. This was actually bet-

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tered by the unit I tested, using a standard-frequency test tape. Signal-to-noise ratio at 7½ ips was measured at 45 dB (as opposed to the 46 dB listed by the manufacturer). That's well within the classification of "excellent" for home recorders and better than some of the so-called "professional" recorders I've seen. More important, what little residual noise there was consisted of inobtrusive background hiss, or white noise, rather than the more annoying hum components so often prevalent in high-gain devices such as tape recorders.

While the amplifier section boasts a modest 7.5 watts per channel (15 watts combined music power), the model 830 speakers supplied with the unit I tested supplied plenty of sound—even for the concert-hall-level listener. This illustrates a seldom noted advantage of "modular component purchasing."

Since the manufacturer has control of speakers and amplifier selection, he will make sure to supply speakers which are efficient enough to operate properly with his own amplifier, regardless of its electrical power rating. It is, after all, acoustic power that counts: A 10%-efficient speaker fed by 2 watts of power will sound as loud as a 1%-efficient speaker fed by 20 watts of electrical power!

Obviously emphasizing recorder performance in the descriptive literature, Ampex failed to mention any FM or FM-stereo performance specifications, so I decided to measure them. They shouldn't have been ashamed to publish specs. IHF measured sensitivity was 5 µV, not the best there is, but certainly adequate. This was borne out by my ability to receive satisfactorily FM-stereo stations 20 miles away with full limiting action, using just the builtin dipole. Full limiting occurred with 8 μV of signal. The stereo beacon lit at 3 µV input, though reception at this level was quite noisy.

Separation for FM-stereo, with a  $100-\mu V$  signal was 25 dB at 1,000 Hz on one channel, 22 dB on the other. At 10 kHz separation was still in excess of 15 dB, not bad at all for a multiplex section with only three transistors!

AM reception was quite adequate; the circuitry is conventional.

All electronics in the 985 are fully transisorized, employing a total of 42 transistors.

If tape recording is your special interest, and if the compactness of modular component approach to stereo sound has appeal, you would do well to check into the model 985 Ampex music center. —Leonard Feldman

Price: \$599.95



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Circle 31 on reader's service card

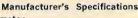
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#### Amphenol 870 Millivolt Commander

Circle 44 on reader's service card





Dc Voltmeter
Ranges: 100 mV to 100 volts full scale
Accuracy: ±2% of full scale
Input resistance: 10.6 megohms

#### Ac Voltmeter

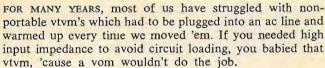
Ranges: 10 mV to 300 volts rms full scale Accuracy: ±3% of full scale Input impedance: 10 megohms, 50 pF

Ranges: —40 to +50 dBm Accuracy: ±3% full scale, 50 Hz–50 kHz Ranges: 10 ohms to 10 megohms center

scale

Accuracy: ±3° of arc Size: 9<sup>1</sup>/<sub>4</sub>" x 5<sup>3</sup>/<sub>4</sub>" x 6<sup>3</sup>/<sub>8</sub>"

Weight: 5 lb Price: \$99.95



Amphenol's Millivolt Commander, model 870, will do the job. Input impedance is 10 megohms on all ranges, and the instrument has full-scale deflecion of 100 mV on dc and 10 mV on ac. These features are obtained by using an FET input stage. The entire voltmeter is solid-state and batteryoperated, for complete portability and stability.

There's still another advantage—you aren't tied to the ac line, so you can hang the meter across nearly any kind of circuit with no regard for where the ground is.

You'll find the model 870 can measure almost any voltage or resistance you run into in electronic servicing-with the possible exception of TV high voltage. Accuracy is good (see below) and the instrument is stable. In the dc mode, there is 60 dB of ac rejection at the 60-Hz line frequency.

The heart of this voltmeter is a dc amplifier which has good temperature stability. To eliminate drift, this amplifier is supplied with a constant bias voltage; the cells supplying this voltage are loaded with a constant current. Drain is minimal, and the cells should last two years in normal

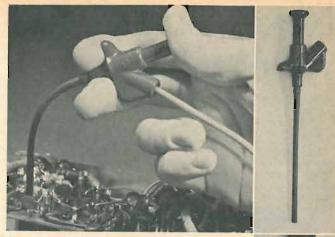
Actually, there are three separate battery supplies: One is used for the ohms supply, one for the zero reference, and one for the amplifier supply. All batteries are AA size. Zinc-carbon cells are cheapest, but for best and longest performance, you might want to try alkaline cells.

One thing I noticed was the appreciable effect of the ohms battery on the accuracy of the Rx1 scale. I put a 15-ohm, 1% resistor across the test leads on the Rx1 scale of the 870 as supplied by Amphenol. The reading was 9 ohms. Then I replaced the ohms battery with a fresh cell and read 13 ohms (which is within specifications).

Good mechanical design is evident in the model 870. The meter movement has been designed to operate satisfactorily in both the horizontal and the vertical plane, so you can set up the voltmeter any way you want. A brace in back permits you to tilt the meter up at a 45° angle when reading it.

The circuit is shielded by a metal interior case (to avoid stray pickup) with a leatherette exterior case and front-panel cover (for portability).

You can do a lot with the Millivolt Commander. You can check microphones and phono cartridges for output level and balance, you can measure transistor bias voltages, and you can evaluate the performance of small-signal equipment. All in all, this is a most handy instrument. -Ray Clifton



# Clever Kleps 30

Push the plunger. A spring-steel forked tongue spreads out. Like this Hang it onto a wire or terminal, let go



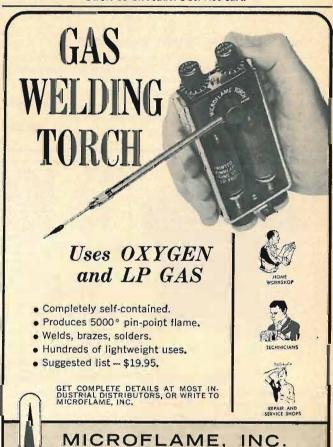
the plunger, and Kleps 30 holds tight. Bend it, pull it, let it carry dc, sine waves, pulses to 5,000 volts peak. Not a chance of a short. The other end takes a banana plug or a bare wire test lead. Slip on a bit of shield braid to make a shielded probe. What more could you want in a test probe?



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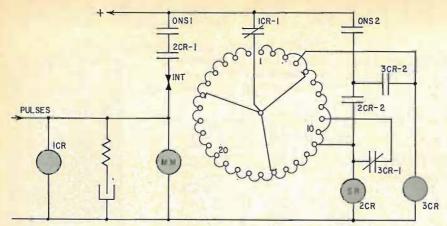


Fig. 6-A 3-digit selector using type 44 switch. Can be reset with a single pulse.



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Circle 37 on reader's service card

#### **Rotary Stepping Switches**

(continued from page 48)

switch stay in the last position it reaches.

For example, with the circuit shown, we can dial circuit 9 only by dialing first 4 and then 5. Any other sequence causes the stepping switch to home. 1CR-1 opens at the beginning of the first series of pulses, disconnecting the battery from the wiper and prevents false triggering. At the end of the pulse 1CR-1 closes and connects the battery to the wiper. If the correct number (4) had been dialed, 3CR is energized and locked in through 3CR-2 and ONS2. The next series of 5 pulses steps the switch to position 9.

If the code is misdialed or 9 is dialed directly, 2CR is energized and the stepping switch homes through 2CR-1 and off-normal contacts ONS1.

For low digits an additional relay may be needed, to prevent landing on the third digit position. It would be necessary to use a second code of pulses to ensure that the switch comes to rest successively on all three points or not at all. Line connection is made through a second level of contacts (not shown in the diagram). Any additional pulse after the three-digit code will of course have the same effect as too many pulses—it will send the switch home.

Where only a few selectors are to be used on a line, relay RY1 can be eliminated simply by making the first digit 0 (tenth contact) and the second digit 9 or 0. This makes it unlikely that accidental connection could take place, yet allows for the use of 9 selectors. With that many pulses needed it is also unlikely that accidental connection could take place, yet the circuit allows for the use of 9 selectors. It is equally unlikely that random pulse noise might connect a selector.

The circuit of Fig. 6 has many applications. It can be used to read voltages or currents of a remotely located transmitter (or any other electronic device, for that matter). A suitable meter would be used at the dial (pulse-originating) location, while series and shunt connections would be made at the stepper (pulse-receiving) location.

Another use would be to switch microphone circuits remotely into a single amplifier and line.

Rotary stepping switches have been used for many years in telephone, communications and industrial electronics. Today's models are highly sophisticated and capable of complex functions. In spite of the hundreds of thousands of steppers in daily use, many persons interested in electronics have little knowledge of stepping-switch function. These switches aren't really so complicated, however, as this series has shown. R-E

(continued from page 2).

of stations: experimental, auxiliary, booster, translator, and instructional fixed TV; developmental and remote-pickup broadcast; noncommercial educational FM broadcast with power output not more than 1 kW; CATV relay; land, maritime, aviation, public safety, industrial, land transportation, and domestic public. You may perform maintenance at a ship radar station only with a ship radar endorsement.

If you get a Radiotelephone First-Class license you have the most privileges (and the most qualifications) in this group. You may operate all the preceding, plus AM broadcast stations with power output over 10 kW or with directional antennas, FM stations with power output over 25 kW, TV stations and shortwave broadcast stations.

You may also perform servicing and maintenance at those stations so listed under Radiotelephone Second-Class, plus AM broadcast, commercial FM, TV, shortwave broadcast, and noncommercial educational FM stations with power output over 1 kW. You may perform maintenance at a ship radar station only with a ship radar endorsement.

The Radiotelegraph Third-Class permit holder is quite limited in permissible duties, and may operate only land maritime telegraph and telephone stations, ship maritime telephone, public-safety telegraph and telephone, industrial telephone and telegraph, land transportation telephone and telegraph, domestic public telegraph, and international fixed public stations. He may not perform any servicing or maintenance.

A Radiotelegraph Second-Class license allows you to operate all the preceding, plus AM broadcast stations with both power output of 10 kW or less and nondirectional antennas, FM stations with power output of 25 kW or less, and remote-pickup broadcast stations. You may also operate aircraft telegraph stations but only if you are at least 18 years of age and have an aircraft telegraph endorsement, and have passed a code test of 25 wpm.

This license, like its radiotelephone counterpart, is for the technician. With it, you may perform maintenance at noncommercial educational FM stations with not more than 10 watts power, land and ship maritime telegraph, aircraft telegraph, public-safety telegraph and telephone, industrial telegraph and telephone, land transportation telegraph and telephone, and domestic public telegraph stations. You may perform maintenance at a ship radar station only with a ship radar endorsement.

The Radiotelegraph First-Class license is the most difficult ticket to get, and it really means something. To insure the safety of life at sea, the holder of this license may not only operate all the preceding, but only he may act as chief or sole operator on a cargo vessel (other than a vessel operated exclusively on the Great Lakes) which is required by treaty or statute to be equipped with a radiotelegraph installation, and only after he has completed 6 months' service as a radio operator aboard a US ship.

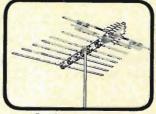
With this license, you may perform maintenance at those stations listed under Radiotelegraph Second-Class. You may also operate aircraft telegraph stations, but only with an aircraft telegraph endorsement. You may perform maintenance duties at a ship radar station only with a ship radar endorsement.

An FCC operator license can mean a lot in your electronics future. Make it easy on yourself—try for a Third, or maybe a Second. Study one element at a time. With a second phone you can do CB, two-way business radio and trucking company servicing. Then get that first phone. Or, if you'd like to go to sea, study code and try for a second telegraph. But get that ticket. You may find it's your meal ticket—and you may find yourself eating steak.

R-E

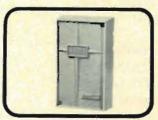
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65-WATT STEREO RECEIVERS, FM stereo 342B, and AM/FM stereo 382B. Both feature Scott FET circuitry, which eliminates all cross modulation and drift in both AM and FM. Driver and output transformers are eliminated from the design of the two models. Output is direct coupled, each model has dual speaker switches for main, remote, both speakers, or all-speakers-off for headphone listen-



ing; noise filter; front panel headphone jack; separate bass, treble, and volume controls for each channel. Both receivers achieve 2.2 µV sensitivity with 80 dB cross-modulation rejection. Separation is 36 dB. 382B features automatic variable bandwidth and automatic gain control. 342B features integrated circuit i.f. 342B is \$299.95 and 382B is \$339.95.-H. H. Scott, Inc.

Circle 46 on reader's service card

FOUR SPEAKER SYSTEMS. The Maximus 22 is a 2-way system (shown) and Maximus 55 is a 3-way system. Both may be used horizontally on bookshelves or in a vertical position, free standing. The Maximus 33 and Maximus 44, along with the other models, offer an integrated line of speakers. All units employ the acoustic suspension principle with a



higher efficiency because of the magnetic design, permitting use of amplifiers of relatively low power. They all have removable grilles to permit use of custom grille fabrics to blend with room decor, and make cleaning easy. All speakers have hand-rubbed, oiled walnut cabinets. Maximus series 22, 55, 33, and 44 are \$39.95, \$99.50, \$56.00, and \$76.00 respectively.—UTC Sound, Div. of TRW.

Circle 47 on reader's service card

CASSETTE CARTRIDGE TAPE RECORDER, The M8320 is operated on four "C" batteries. Play, record, rewind and stop functions are controlled by a slide switch. This unit features a remote control microphone with pouch, a detachable carry strap, a neon recording-level



indicator, capstan drive for constant tape speed and a cassette guard which prevents accidental tape erasure. Optional accessories are an ac converter, a patch cord and an earphone. 60 or 120 minute blank or pre-recorded music cassettes may be used. \$49.95-General Electric

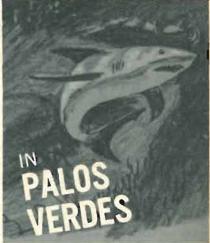
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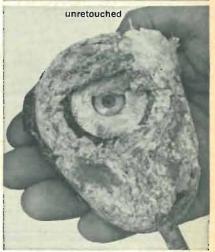
3-SPEED TAPE RECORDER, Model 1040. Detachable speakers are this unit's feature. It uses 4-track stereo and mono at 7½, 3¾ and 1% ips. Instant stopping permits editing as you go. The same single control is used for rewind, stop, play and fast forward operations. Novice and expert operators will find the digital counter and the two VU meters useful.



The solid-state amplifier (10-watt peak) has a fold-down panel which conceals recording controls, record interlock and inputs. The recorder and speaker fold into a compact portable case. Shutoff is automatic. Response: 30-18,000 Hz at 7½ ips; flutter and wow: less than 0.15% at 7½ ips. \$169.95 price includes two speakers, 2 microphones, 7" take-up reel and patch cords.-Allied Radio Corp.

Circle 49 on reader's service card







This Shure hand-held microphone was suspended over Marineland of the Pacific to pick up the "voice" of a porpoise. An undiscovered pinhole break in an external protective plastic cover subjected the unit to ruinous salt spray for months on end. But since Shure routinely tests microphones with salt spray, it wasn't particularly surprising that after being corroded beyond recog-





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Gives long, trouble-free life through heavy-duty components, including permanently etched panel Keeps you up to date with FREE, periodic listings on new tubes as they come out Your best dollar value in a tube tester. Available in high-impact bakelite case with strap: \$31.40 wired; \$20.40 in kit form. Wood carrying case (illustrated) slightly higher. SMC COS Produce New York 10 N.Y.



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New Audio Equipment continued from page 75

SOLID-STATE P.A. AMPLIFIERS, Challenger CHS series. Available in four models ranging in power from 20 watts to 100 watts, this new line will operate at full output from -20°C (-4°F) to +65°C (+149°F). In higher powered models, CHS100 and CHS50, all-silicon semiconductors are used. Rated at 100 watts and 50 watts, respectively, these amplifiers have two microphone inputs. The 35-watt CHS35 offers two mike inputs and can be operated from a 12-volt battery as well as ac. Model CHS20 is rated at 20 watts and has one mike input.



All models have two auxiliary inputs on a fader control. The CHS chassis has a panel-mounted preamp designed for two additional microphones. The accessory, PMA-2, can be inserted in less than five minutes. All models have both high- and low-impedance microphone inputs. A built-in circuit permits microphone precedence over music or adjustment of volume from distances up to 2,000 feet. Memory Markers aid in returning controls to previously determined levels without blare or dead spots. Other features include wide-frequency response, individual amplifier control, constantvoltage output, light-weight cabinet. Accessories such as phonograph tops, locking cover, rack panel mounting kit, remote controllers, carrying case are available. Bogen CHS100 shown.-Bogen Communications Div./Lear Siegler, Inc. Circle 50 on reader's service card

STEREO HEADPHONES. Norelco has introduced its new Models K-20 and K-60 stereo headphones. Both weigh eleven ounces. The standard K-20 has a single tension-spring head band and plastic ear cushions. Frequency range is 20 to 20,000 Hz; impedance is 600 ohms per



channel. The K-60 deluxe professional headset has a multi-adjustable dual head band and cushioned ear-fitting cups. Its frequency range and impedance level are the same as in model K-20. K-20 is \$19.50 and K-60 is \$39.50.-North American Philips Co., Inc.

Circle 51 on reader's service card

MICROPHONE HEADSETS, These new headsets permit two-way radio or wired communications in high ambient noise



areas, and are easily adapted to radio transceivers. The transistorized model works directly into common audio line,— Industrial Communications Co.

Circle 52 on reader's service card

3 NEW MICROPHONES, Unispheres. Model 585SAV has a volume control mounted on the microphone case, enabling the speaker to change the loudness of the PA system to which the mike is connected. Model 565S has an on-off switch as part of the swivel connector assembly. Model 566 (shown in photo)



offers shock mounting to prevent pickup of mechanical vibrations and handling noise. It also features a Cannon-type connector and a combination impedance change (50 or 150 ohms), on-off switch. All of these models are designed to minimize feedback, breath sounds and wind noise. Models 585SAV, 565S, and 566 are \$72.50, \$100.00, and \$140.00 respectively.—Shure Brothers, Inc.

Circle 53 on reader's service card

AM/FM STEREO COMPACT SYSTEMS, models 1050 and 1030. Model 1050 is a powerful unit which features the Elac/Miracord 50 automatic turntable, EMI model 92 speakers and a Benjamin solid-state receiver with 85-watt (IHF) output. A microphone and instrument input with gain controls permit playing guitar or other instruments through the system and doing "voice over" records. Model 1030 features the Miracord 620 player and EMI 62 speakers and delivers 50 watts (IHF) output. Both units use the Elac 244 compatible mono-stereo magnetic cartridge with dia-

mond stylus and they come with two EMI speakers. Model 1050 is \$499.50 and Model 1030 is \$399.50. Tape re-



corder accessory that fits under the cabinet of either model is \$139.50.—Benjamin Electronic Sound Corp.

Circle 54 on reader's service card

AM/FM STEREO MUSIC CENTER, The LRC-60 solid-state 60-watt receiver features four IC's, FET front end, and a BSR McDonald 500 4-speed automatic stereo turntable with a Pickering V15/AC-3 Dustamatic stereo cartridge. It plays 7, 10, or 12" records at 16%, 33%, 45, and 78 rpm. Impedance: 8-16



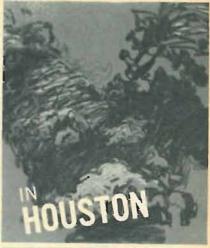
ohms; frequency response: 20-20,000 Hz ± 1dB; tuner FM sensitivity: 1.8 µV IHF; capture ratio: 1.25 dB. Provides a full set of audio controls; D'Arsonval tuning meter; automatic FM stereo/mono switching; stereo indicator light; stereo headphone jack; tape recorder jacks; and vernier dial drive. For 117V, 50/60 cycle ac.—Lafayette Radio Electronics Corp. Circle 55 on reader's service card

AM/FM STEREO RECEIVER with IC's, Model S-7800. Each IC has 5 silicon transistors in a monolithic semiconductor package. Spees include 2-dB capture ra-



tio, 0.15% distortion at 100% modulation, and 55 dB of AM rejection. Features Field-Effect Transistors in rf and mixer stages for elimination of multiple responses. Receiver delivers 140 watts of music power into 4-ohm loads at 0.6% harmonic distortion. IM distortion is 0.1% at normal listening levels; FM sensitivity, 1.8 µV. The unit carries a 3-year warranty for defective parts, including transistors. \$419.50. In walnut-grained leatherette case \$428.50.—Sherwood Electronic Laboratories, Inc. R-E

Circle 56 on reader's service card







This Shure 55SW Unidyne survived a very hot time the night Rosalie's Club burned in Houston. Even though the heat melted the hard plastic section of the switch plate, the microphone was in almost perfect working order. But, since Shure routinely tests microphones at a searing 185° F. for day-long periods, it wasn't particularly surprising that after the fire

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UHF-VHF LONG-RANGE AN-TENNA, Model CPC-33G, with a single down-lead receives all 82 channels plus FM. The "Piggy-Back" power pack in-sures extra reception quality for both



color and black and white, even in fringe areas. A band-splitter is provided for use at the TV set. Finished in K-T Gold Coat, the unit has a built-in-lead-in support and strain relief for durable installation.-Kay-Townes Antenna Co.

Circle 57 on reader's service card

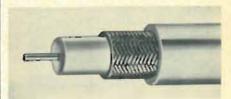
PERFORATED TV ANTENNA WIRE. Improves color, uhf and vhf black and white reception. PERFO 8-0 is constructed with 20-gauge copper conductors. Air spaces between the conduc-



tors allow little signal loss. Impedance is 300 ohms. Available in 500-ft. spools and 50, 75 and 100 ft. pre-cut lengths, the wire is light weight, flexible and less resistant to wind.-Jersey Specialty Co., Inc.

Circle 58 on reader's service card

75-OHM SOLID COAX, model No. 8221. Available in standard colors of black, white and gray, this 22-AWG coax has a foam polyethelene vinyl jacket. It is installed easily with RG-59/U connec-



tors and meets MATV, CATV and CCTV requirements for indoor or outdoor use. Features a flexible all-weather jacket and comes in 100-, 500- and 1000-ft lengths as a standard catalog item.-Belden Corp. R-E

Circle 59 on reader's service card

#### Miss-Q

Price of book, "Principles of Aerial Design," published by D. Van Nostrand Co. Inc., as reviewed (August 1967), should read \$8.95 and not \$1.75.



#### New 5 Band POLICE PORTABLE

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Nova-Tech, Inc., 630 Meyer Lane, Dept. RE, Redondo Beach, Calif. 90278 Circle 110 on reader's service card

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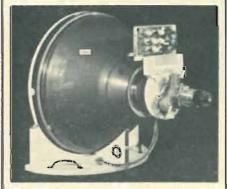
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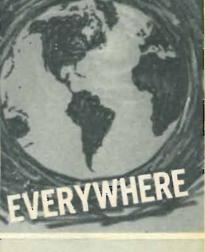
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POTENTIOMETERS, TRIMMERS, DIALS, INSTRUMENT MOTORS, Catalog No. C-67. This new 120-page catalog covers Amphenol products in depth. Each is shown in a cutaway view with a listing of mechanical, electrical and environmental specs.-Amphenol Corp.

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THE TAPE CARTRIDGE: How it Began and What It's All About is a 12-page booklet describing the tape cartridge as a medium of quality sound reproduction and recording for music lovers. It discusses the two types of cartridges continuous loop and the cassette system. Diagrams make for easy understanding. Tips on proper cartridge handling are given.—Audio Devices, Inc.

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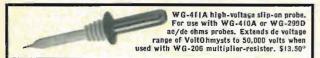


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Designing with Integrated Circuits Development of a Color-TV Signal (Sizer) Digital  -to-Analog Fundamentals (Math) Voltmeter, Poor Man's (Todd*§), (Corres) Direct-View 3-D Images! (Smith) Don't Neglect Color-TV Linearity (Mandl) Doorbell extension, unusual (NC) DOTnBAR—Professional Quality Pattern Generato (Lancaster)*§ Double Feature, Starring Timers (Chesson and lves)* Down with Knob Twisting (Hadrick and Michelotti) D • U • D, Servicing with (Goodman) (fiction)	Jan Feb Apr Jan Feb Tul Feb Jul Apr	59 40 16 46 76 92 36 56 79 39	F  FCC License and How to Get It (Haskett)  Field Meter, Remote-Reading (White)*§  First Consumer Electronics Show Five-in-One TV Shop (Smith)  Flutter Meter, Compact High-Performance (Hansen)*§  FM  Antenna coupler, TV/FM (NC) at Your Fingertips (Buegel)*§  Receiver boom (NB)  Servicing, see Servicing, radio Stereo Adapter, Modern (Buegel)*§ Aug 32;	Dec Aug Jun Jun Dec Jun Jul Nov	41 60 57 55 52 90 47 22	K Know Your L- and T-Pads (Fred)  L L- and T-Pads, Know Your (Fred) Lamp, Two-Way, Two-Way (Wels)* Laser(s) Brake for cars (NB)	Sep Sep Dec	36 36 59 6
Designing with Integrated Circuits Development of a Color-TV Signal (Sizer) Digital -to-Analog Fundamentals (Math) Voltmeter, Poor Man's (Todd*§), (Corres)  Direct-View 3-D Images! (Smith) Don't Neglect Color-TV Linearity (Mandl) Doorbell extension, unusual (NC) DOTNBAR—Professional Quality Pattern Generato (Lancaster)*§  Double Feature, Starring Timers (Chesson and Ives)*  Down with Knob Twisting (Hadrick and Michelotti)	Jan Feb Apr Jan Feb Tul Feb Jul Apr	59 40 16 46 76 92 36 56 79 39	F  FCC License and How to Get It (Haskett) Field Meter, Remote-Reading (White)*§ First Consumer Electronics Show Five-in-One TV Shop (Smith) Flutter Meter, Compact High-Performance (Hansen)*§ FM  Antenna coupler, TV/FM (NC) at Your Fingertips (Buegel)*§ Receiver boom (NB) Servicing, see Servicing, radio Stereo Adapter, Modern (Buegel)*§ Aug 32; (Corres) Housewife Builds (Tracy and Spencer)	Dec Aug Jun Jun Dec Jun Jul Nov	41 60 57 55 52 90 47	K Know Your L- and T-Pads (Fred)  L L- and T-Pads, Know Your (Fred) Lamp, Two-Way, Two-Way (Wels)* Laser(s) Brake for cars (NB) Broadband light modulators (NB) Infrared beam converted to green (WN) Latest on (NB)	Sep Sep Dec Mar Mar Jan May	36 36 59 6 45 12
Designing with Integrated Circuits Development of a Color-TV Signal (Sizer) Digital  -to-Analog Fundamentals (Math) Voltmeter, Poor Man's (Todd*§), (Corres) Direct-View 3-D Images! (Smith) Don't Neglect Color-TV Linearity (Mandl) Doorbell extension, unusual (NC) DOTnBAR—Professional Quality Pattern Generato (Lancaster)*§ Double Feature, Starring Timers (Chesson and lves)* Down with Knob Twisting (Hadrick and Michelotti) D • U • D, Servicing with (Goodman) (fiction)	Jan Feb Apr Jan Feb Tul Feb Jul Apr	59 40 16 46 76 92 36 56 79 39	F  FCC License and How to Get It (Haskett)  Field Meter, Remote-Reading (White)*§  First Consumer Electronics Show  Five-in-One TV Shop (Smith)  Flutter Meter, Compact High-Performance (Hansen)*§  FM  Antenna coupler, TV/FM (NC) at Your Fingertips (Buegel)*§  Receiver boom (NB)  Servicing, see Servicing, radio  Stereo  Adapter, Modern (Buegel)*§ Aug 32; (Corres)  Housewife Builds (Tracy and Spencer)	Dec Aug Jun Jun Dec Jun Jul Nov	41 60 57 55 52 90 47 22	K Know Your L- and T-Pads (Fred)  L L- and T-Pads, Know Your (Fred) Lamp, Two-Way, Two-Way (Wels)* Laser(s) Brake for cars (NB) Broadband light modulators (NB) Infrared beam converted to graen (WN) Latest on (NB) Medicine and (NB) More on (NB)	Sep Dec Mar Mar Jan May Aug Feb	36 36 59 6 4 45 12 4
Designing with Integrated Circuits Development of a Color-TV Signal (Sizer) Digital to-Analog Fundamentals (Math) Voltmeter, Poor Man's (Todd*§), (Corres) Jan 22; Direct-View 3-D Images! (Smith) Don't Neglect Color-TV Linearity (Mandl) Doorbell extension, unusual (NC) DOTHBAR—Professional Quality Pattern Generato (Lancaster)*§ Double Feature, Starring Timers (Chesson and Ives)* Down with Knob Twisting (Hadrick and Michelotti) D • U • D, Servicing with (Goodman) (fiction) Dummy Load and Rf Meter (Rice and Mueller)*	Jan Feb Apr Jan Feb Tul Feb Jul Apr	59 40 16 46 76 92 36 56 79 39	F  FCC License and How to Get It (Haskett)  Field Meter, Remote-Reading (White)*§  First Consumer Electronics Show  Five-in-One TV Shop (Smith)  Flutter Meter, Compact High-Performance (Hansen)*§  FM  Antenna coupler, TV/FM (NC) at Your Fingertips (Buegel)*§  Receiver boom (NB)  Servicing, see Servicing, radio Stereo  Adapter, Modern (Buegel)*§ Aug 32; (Corres)  Housewife Builds (Tracy and Spencer)  Stations Aug 34; (Corres)	Dec Aug Jun Jun Dec Jun Jul Nov	41 60 57 55 52 90 47 22	K Know Your L- and T-Pads (Fred)  L L- and T-Pads, Know Your (Fred) Lamp, Two-Way, Two-Way (Wels)* Laser(s) Brake for cars (NB) Broadband light modulators (NB) Infrared beam converted to graen (WN) Latest on (NB) Medicine and (NB) More on (NB) Sun bottle (NB) Learn Color the Programed Way (Rawlings)	Sep Dec Mar Mar Jan May Aug Feb Oct Sep	36 36 59 6 4 45 12 4 12 16 32
Designing with Integrated Circuits Development of a Color-TV Signal (Sizer) Digital  -to-Analog Fundamentals (Math) Voltmeter, Poor Man's (Todd*§), (Corres) Direct-View 3-D Images! (Smith) Don't Neglect Color-TV Linearity (Mandl) Doorbell extension, unusual (NC) DOTnBAR—Professional Quality Pattern Generato (Lancaster)*§ Double Feature, Starring Timers (Chesson and lves)* Down with Knob Twisting (Hadrick and Michelotti) D • U • D, Servicing with (Goodman) (fiction)	Jan Feb Apr Jan Feb Tul Feb Jul Apr	59 40 16 46 76 92 36 56 79 39	F FCC License and How to Get It	Dec Aug Jun Jun Dec Jun Jul Nov	41 60 57 55 52 90 47 22	K Know Your L- and T-Pads (Fred)  L L- and T-Pads, Know Your (Fred) Lamp, Two-Way, Two-Way (Wels)* Laser(s) Brake for cars (NB) Broadband light modulators (NB) Infrared beam converted to graen (WN) Latest on (NB) More on (NB) Sun bottle (NB) Learn Color the Programed Way (Rawlings) Licensing, Incentive, and Distinctive Call Signs Light System, emergency (NC)	Sep Dec Mar Mar Jan May Aug Feb Oct Sep	36 36 59 6 45 12 4 12 16
Designing with Integrated Circuits Development of a Color-TV Signal (Sizer) Digital	Jan Feb Apr Jan Feb Tul Feb Jul Apr	59 40 16 46 76 92 36 56 79 39	F FCC License and How to Get It (Haskett) Field Meter, Remote-Reading (White)*§ First Consumer Electronics Show Five-in-One TV Shop (Smith) Flutter Meter, Compact High-Performance (Hansen)*§ FM Antenna coupler, TV/FM (NC) at Your Fingertips (Buegel)*§ Receiver boom (NB) Servicing, see Servicing, radio Stereo Adapter, Modern (Buegel)*§ Aug 32; (Corres) Housewife Builds (Tracy and Spencer) Stations Aug 34; (Corres) Fuel Cells—Power for Tomorrow (Smith)	Dec Aug Jun Jun Dec Jun Jul Nov	41 60 57 55 52 90 47 22	K Know Your L- and T-Pads (Fred)  L L- and T-Pads, Know Your (Fred) Lamp, Two-Way, Two-Way (Wels)* Laser(s) Brake for cars (NB) Broadband light modulators (NB) Infrared beam converted to graen (WN) Latest on (NB) Medicine and (NB) More on (NB) Sun bottle (NB) Learn Color the Programed Way (Rawlings) Licensing, Incentive, and Distinctive Call Signs Light System, emergency (NC) Generator and detector, new (NB) Lightning	Sep Dec Mar May Aug Feb Oct Sep Nov	36 36 59 6 4 45 11 12 16 32 16
Designing with Integrated Circuits Development of a Color-TV Signal (Sizer) Digital  -to-Analog Fundamentals (Math) Voltmeter, Poor Man's (Todd*§), (Corres)  Direct-View 3-D Images! (Smith) Don't Neglect Color-TV Linearity (Mandl) Dorobell extension, unusual (NC) DOTNBAR—Professional Quality Pattern Generato (Lancaster)*§  Double Feature, Starring Timers (Chesson and lves)*  Down with Knob Twisting (Hadrick and Michelotti) D • U • D, Servicing with (Goodman) (fiction) Dummy Load and Rf Meter (Rice and Mueller)*  E  EDITORIALS  Brainwaves and Electronics (Belt) Can Electronics Get Much Smaller (Belt) Careers in, see Careers Electronics and the Worlds Beyond (Belt)	Jan Feb Apr Jan Feb Jul Apr Nov	59 40 16 46 76 92 36 56 79 39 50	F FCC License and How to Get It	Dec Aug Jun Jun Dec Jun Jul Nov	41 60 55 55 52 90 47 22 14 32 12 44	K Know Your L- and T-Pads (Fred)  L L- and T-Pads, Know Your (Fred) Lamp, Two-Way, Two-Way (Wels)* Laser(s) Brake for cars (NB) Broadband light modulators (NB) Infrared beam converted to graen (WN) Latest on (NB) Medicine and (NB) More on (NB) Sun bottle (NB) Learn Color the Programed Way (Rawlings) Licensing, Incentive, and Distinctive Call Signs Light System, emergency (NC) Generator and detector, new (NB)	Sep Dec Mar Mar Jan May Feb Oct Nov Nov	36 59 6 4 45 12 16 32 16 96
Designing with Integrated Circuits Development of a Color-TV Signal (Sizer) Digital	Jan Feb Apr Jan Jan Feb Jul Apr Nov	59 40 16 46 76 92 36 56 79 39 50	F  FCC License and How to Get It (Haskett) Field Meter, Remote-Reading (White)*§ First Consumer Electronics Show Five-in-One TV Shop (Smith) Flutter Meter, Compact High-Performance (Hansen)*§ FM  Antenna coupler, TV/FM (NC) at Your Fingertips (Buegel)*§ Receiver boom (NB) Servicing, see Servicing, radio Stereo Adapter, Modern (Buegel)*§ Aug 32; (Corres) Housewife Builds (Tracy and Spencer) Stations Aug 34; (Corres) Fuel Cells—Power for Tomorrow (Smith)  G  Gamma Goat, Solar-Powered (Hoke)* Generators, see Test instruments Gernsback, Hugo, 1884-1967 Oct 6;	Dec Aug Jun Dec Jun Nov Nov Feb	41 60 55 55 52 90 47 22 14 32 12 44	K Know Your L- and T-Pads (Fred)  L L- and T-Pads, Know Your (Fred) Lamp, Two-Way, Two-Way (Wels)* Laser(s) Brake for cars (NB) Broadband light modulators (NB) Infrared beam converted to green (WN) Latest on (NB) More on (NB) More on (NB) Sun bottle (NB) Learn Color the Programed Way (Rawlings) Licensing, Incentive, and Distinctive Call Signs Light System, emergency (NC) Generator and detector, new (NB) Lightning Arrester, CB	Sep Dec Mar Mar Jan May Feb Oct Sep Nov Nov Dec	36 59 6 4 45 12 16 96 4 46 40
Designing with Integrated Circuits Development of a Color-TV Signal (Sizer) Digital to-Analog Fundamentals (Math) Voltmeter, Poor Man's (Todd*§), (Corres) Jan 22; Direct-View 3-D Images! (Smith) Don't Neglect Color-TV Linearity (Mandl) Dorobell extension, unusual (NC) DOTNBAR—Professional Quality Pattern Generato (Lancaster)*§ Double Feature, Starring Timers (Chesson and Ives)* Down with Knob Twisting (Hadrick and Michelotti) D • U • D, Servicing with (Goodman) (fiction) Dummy Load and Rf Meter (Rice and Mueller)*  E  EDITORIALS Brainwaves and Electronics (Belt) Can Electronics Get Much Smaller (Belt) Careers in, see Careers Electronics and the Worlds Beyond (Belt) FCC, CB and the Public (Haskett) Hands that Feed ETV (Belt) Apr 2; (Corres) Microelectronics and Test Instruments (Scott) Our Electronic Future (Belt)	Jan Feb Apr Jan Jan Feb Jul Apr Nov	59 40 16 46 76 92 36 56 79 39 50	F  FCC License and How to Get It (Haskett)  Field Meter, Remote-Reading (White)*§  First Consumer Electronics Show  Five-in-One TV Shop (Smith)  Flutter Meter, Compact High-Performance (Hansen)*§  FM  Antenna coupler, TV/FM (NC) at Your Fingertips (Buegel)*§  Receiver boom (NB)  Servicing, see Servicing, radio  Stereo  Adapter, Modern (Buegel)*§ Aug 32;  (Corres)  Housewife Builds (Tracy and Spencer)  Stations Aug 34; (Corres)  Fuel Cells—Power for Tomorrow (Smith)  G  Gamma Goat, Solar-Powered (Hoke)*  Generators, see Test instruments  Gernsback, Hugo, 1884-1967 Oct 6;  (Shunaman)	Dec Aug Jun Jun Jun Jun Jun Jun Nov Jun Nov Jun Nov Feb	41 60 57 55 52 90 47 22 14 32 12 44	K Know Your L- and T-Pads (Fred)  L L- and T-Pads, Know Your (Fred) Lamp, Two-Way, Two-Way (Wels)* Laser(s) Brake for cars (NB) Broadband light modulators (NB) Infrared beam converted to graen (WN) Latest on (NB) More on (NB) More on (NB) Sun bottle (NB) Learn Color the Programed Way (Rawlings) Licensing, Incentive, and Distinctive Call Signs Light System, emergency (NC) Generator and detector, new (NB) Lightning Arrester, CB Plasma and Balls of Fire (Smith) Lights-on Reminder for Your Car (Montan'e*), (Corres) Mar 16; (Corres) Line-voltage indicator†	Sep Dec Mar May Aug Foct Sep Nov Dec Apr Apr Jan May	36 36 59 6 4 45 12 16 32 16 32 46 40 14 53
Designing with Integrated Circuits Development of a Color-TV Signal (Sizer) Digital  -to-Analog Fundamentals (Math) Voltmeter, Poor Man's (Todd*§), (Corres) Jan 22; Direct-View 3-D Images! (Smith) Don't Neglect Color-TV Linearity (Mandl) Dorobell extension, unusual (NC) DOTNBAR—Professional Quality Pattern Generato (Lancaster)*§ Double Feature, Starring Timers (Chesson and Ives)* Down with Knob Twisting (Hadrick and Michelotti) D • U • D, Servicing with (Goodman) (fiction) Dummy Load and Rf Meter (Rice and Mueller)*  E  EDITORIALS Brainwaves and Electronics (Belt) Can Electronics Get Much Smaller (Belt) Careers in, see Careers Electronics and the Worlds Beyond (Belt) FCC, CB and the Public (Haskett) Hands that Feed ETV (Belt) Apr 2; (Corres) Microelectronics and Test Instruments (Scott) Our Electronic Future (Belt) Psychology of Pay TV (Belt) What Price Color? (Belt)	Jan Feb Jul Apr Jul Feb Jul Apr Nov Sep Mar May Aug Aug Jun Jun Feb Jul Apr Feb Jul Jun Feb Jul Jun Feb Jul Jun Feb Jul Jun Feb Jun Jun	59 40 16 46 76 92 36 56 79 39 50	F  FCC License and How to Get It (Haskett) Field Meter, Remote-Reading (White)*§ First Consumer Electronics Show Five-in-One TV Shop (Smith) Flutter Meter, Compact High-Performance (Hansen)*§ FM  Antenna coupler, TV/FM (NC) at Your Fingertips (Buegel)*§ Receiver boom (NB) Servicing, see Servicing, radio Stereo Adapter, Modern (Buegel)*§ Aug 32; (Corres) Housewife Builds (Tracy and Spencer) Stations Aug 34; (Corres) Fuel Cells—Power for Tomorrow (Smith)  G  Gamma Goat, Solar-Powered (Hoke)* Generators, see Test instruments Gernsback, Hugo, 1884-1967 Oct 6; (Shunaman)	Dec Aug Jun Jun Dec Jun Jun Jun Nov Feb	41 60 57 55 52 90 47 22 14 32 12 44	K Know Your L- and T-Pads (Fred)  L L- and T-Pads, Know Your (Fred) Lamp, Two-Way, Two-Way (Wels)* Laser(s) Brake for cars (NB) Broadband light modulators (NB) Infrared beam converted to graen (WN) Latest on (NB) More on (NB) Sun bottle (NB) Learn Color the Programed Way (Rawlings) Licensing, Incentive, and Distinctive Call Signs Light System, emergency (NC) Generator and detector, new (NB) Lightning Arrester, CB Plasma and Balls of Fire (Smith) Lights-on Reminder for Your Car (Montan'e*), (Corres) Mar 16; (Corres)	Sep Dec Mar Mar Jan May Aug Feb Oct Sep Nov Nov Dec Apr Apr	36 59 6 45 12 16 32 16 96 4 46 40
Designing with Integrated Circuits Development of a Color-TV Signal (Sizer) Digital  -to-Analog Fundamentals (Math) Voltmeter, Poor Man's (Todd*§), (Corres)  Direct-View 3-D Images! (Smith) Don't Neglect Color-TV Linearity (Mandl) Dorobell extension, unusual (NC) DOTNBAR—Professional Quality Pattern Generato (Lancaster)*§  Double Feature, Starring Timers (Chesson and lves)*  Down with Knob Twisting (Hadrick and Michelotti) D • U • D, Servicing with (Goodman) (fiction) Dummy Load and Rf Meter (Rice and Mueller)*  E  EDITORIALS  Brainwaves and Electronics (Belt) Can Electronics Get Much Smaller (Belt) Careers in, see Careers Electronics and Test Instruments (Scott) Hands that Feed ETV (Belt) Apr 2; (Corres) Microelectronics and Test Instruments (Scott) Our Electronic Future (Belt) Psychology of Pay TV (Belt) What Price Color? (Belt) Efficiency-Testing Air-War Tactics (Darr) Electric	Jan Feb Jan Feb Jul Apr Nov Sep Mar May Aug Jul Feb Jan Apr Ang Apr	59 40 46 46 76 92 36 56 79 39 50	F  FCC License and How to Get It (Haskett) Field Meter, Remote-Reading (White)*§ First Consumer Electronics Show Five-in-One TV Shop (Smith) Flutter Meter, Compact High-Performance (Hansen)*§ FM  Antenna coupler, TV/FM (NC) at Your Fingertips (Buegel)*§ Receiver boom (NB) Servicing, see Servicing, radio Stereo Adapter, Modern (Buegel)*§ Aug 32; (Corres) Housewife Builds (Tracy and Spencer) Stations Aug 34; (Corres) Fuel Cells—Power for Tomorrow (Smith)  G  G  Gamma Goat, Solar-Powered (Hoke)* Generators, see Test instruments Gernsback, Hugo, 1884-1967 Oct 6; (Shunaman) Getting to Know Low-Cost IC's (Scott)	Dec Aug Jun Jun Dec Jun Jun Jun Nov Feb	41 60 57 55 52 90 47 22 14 32 12 44	K Know Your L- and T-Pads (Fred)  L L- and T-Pads, Know Your (Fred) Lamp, Two-Way, Two-Way (Wels)* Laser(s) Brake for cars (NB) Broadband light modulators (NB) Infrared beam converted to graen (WN) Latest on (NB) Medicine and (NB) More on (NB) Sun bottle (NB) Learn Color the Programed Way (Rawlings) Licensing, Incentive, and Distinctive Call Signs Light System, emergency (NC) Generator and detector, new (NB) Lightning Arrester, CB Plasma and Balls of Fire (Smith) Lights-on Reminder for Your Car (Montan'e*), (Corres) Mar 16; (Corres) Line-voltage indicator† Luck Is a Lady (Salerno)	Sep Dec Mar Jan May Aug Feb Nov Nov Dec Apr Apr Jun May Aug	36 59 6 4 45 12 16 32 16 32 16 4 40 14 53 67
Designing with Integrated Circuits Development of a Color-TV Signal (Sizer) Digital  -to-Analog Fundamentals (Math) Voltmeter, Poor Man's (Todd*§),	Jan Feb Jan Jan Feb Jul Apr Nov Sep Mar Aug Aug Jun Feb Jul Apr Feb Jul Apr Feb Jul Apr Feb Jul Apr	59 40 46 46 76 92 36 56 79 39 50	F  FCC License and How to Get It (Haskett) Field Meter, Remote-Reading (White)*§ First Consumer Electronics Show Five-in-One TV Shop (Smith) Flutter Meter, Compact High-Performance (Hansen)*§ FM  Antenna coupler, TV/FM (NC) at Your Fingertips (Buegel)*§ Receiver boom (NB) Servicing, see Servicing, radio Stereo Adapter, Modern (Buegel)*§ Aug 32; (Corres) Housewife Builds (Tracy and Spencer) Stations Aug 34; (Corres) Fuel Cells—Power for Tomorrow (Smith)  G  G  Gamma Goat, Solar-Powered (Hoke)* Generators, see Test instruments Gernsback, Hugo, 1884-1967 Oct 6; (Shunaman) Getting to Know Low-Cost IC's (Scott)	Dec Aug Jun Jun Dec Jun Jun Jun Nov Feb	41 60 57 55 52 90 47 22 14 32 12 44	K Know Your L- and T-Pads (Fred)  L L- and T-Pads, Know Your (Fred) Lamp, Two-Way, Two-Way (Wels)* Laser(s) Brake for cars (NB) Broadband light modulators (NB) Infrared beam converted to graen (WN) Latest on (NB) Medicine and (NB) More on (NB) Sun bottle (NB) Learn Color the Programed Way (Rawlings) Licensing, Incentive, and Distinctive Call Signs Light System, emergency (NC) Generator and detector, new (NB) Lightning Arrester, CB Plasma and Balls of Fire (Smith) Lights-on Reminder for Your Car (Montan'e*), (Corres) Mar 16; (Corres) Line-voltage indicator† Luck Is a Lady (Salerno)	Sep Dec Mar Jan May Aug Feb Nov Nov Dec Apr Apr Jun May Aug	36 59 6 4 45 12 16 32 16 32 16 4 40 14 53 67
Designing with Integrated Circuits Development of a Color-TV Signal (Sizer) Digital  -to-Analog Fundamentals (Math) Voltmeter, Poor Man's (Todd*§),	Jan Feb Jul Apr Feb Jul Apr Nov Sep Mar May Aug	59 40 16 46 76 92 36 56 79 39 50	F  FCC License and How to Get It (Haskett) Field Meter, Remote-Reading (White)*§ First Consumer Electronics Show Five-in-One TV Shop (Smith) Flutter Meter, Compact High-Performance (Hansen)*§ FM  Antenna coupler, TV/FM (NC) at Your Fingertips (Buegel)*§ Receiver boom (NB) Servicing, see Servicing, radio Stereo Adapter, Modern (Buegel)*§ Aug 32; (Corres) Housewife Builds (Tracy and Spencer) Stations Aug 34; (Corres) Fuel Cells—Power for Tomorrow (Smith)  G  G  Gamma Goat, Solar-Powered (Hoke)* Generators, see Test instruments Gernsback, Hugo, 1884-1967 Oct 6; (Shunaman) Getting to Know Low-Cost IC's (Scott)  H  Headphone Control Center, Stereo (Sutheim)*	Dec Aug Jun Jun Dec Jun Jul Nov Nov Feb Dec Nov Mar	41 60 57 55 52 90 47 22 14 32 12 44	K Know Your L- and T-Pads (Fred)  L L- and T-Pads, Know Your (Fred) Lamp, Two-Way, Two-Way (Wels)* Laser(s) Brake for cars (NB) Broadband light modulators (NB) Infrared beam converted to graen (WN) Latest on (NB) Medicine and (NB) More on (NB) Sun bottle (NB) Learn Color the Programed Way (Rawlings) Licensing, Incentive, and Distinctive Call Signs Light System, emergency (NC) Generator and detector, new (NB) Lightning Arrester, CB Plasma and Balls of Fire (Smith) Lights-on Reminder for Your Car (Montan'e*), (Corres) Mar 16; (Corres) Line-voltage indicator† Luck Is a Lady (Salerno)	Sep Dec Mar Jan May Aug Feb Nov Nov Dec Apr Apr Jun May Aug	36 59 6 4 45 12 16 32 16 32 16 4 40 14 53 67
Designing with Integrated Circuits Development of a Color-TV Signal (Sizer) Digital  -to-Analog Fundamentals (Math) Voltmeter, Poor Man's (Todd*§), (Corres) Jan 22; Direct-View 3-D Images! (Smith) Don't Neglect Color-TV Linearity (Mandl) Dorobell extension, unusual (NC) DOTNBAR—Professional Quality Pattern Generato (Lancaster)*§ Double Feature, Starring Timers (Chesson and Ives)* Down with Knob Twisting (Hadrick and Michelotti) D • U • D, Servicing with (Goodman) (fiction) Dummy Load and Rf Meter (Rice and Mueller)*  E  EDITORIALS Brainwaves and Electronics (Belt) Can Electronics Get Much Smaller (Belt) Careers in, see Careers Electronics and the Worlds Beyond (Belt) FCC, CB and the Public (Haskett) Hands that Feed ETV (Belt) Apr 2; (Corres) Microelectronics and Test instruments (Scott) Our Electronic Future (Belt) Psychology of Pay TV (Belt) What Price Color? (Belt) Efficiency-Testing Air-War Tactics (Darr) Electric Bike (NB) Vehicles being tested (NB) Electronic, see also Electronics	Jan Feb Jan Jan Feb Jul Apr Nov Sep Mar Aug Aug Jun Feb Jul Apr Feb Jul Apr Feb Jul Apr Feb Jul Apr	59 40 46 46 76 92 36 56 79 39 50	F  FCC License and How to Get It (Haskett) Field Meter, Remote-Reading (White)*§ First Consumer Electronics Show Five-in-One TV Shop (Smith) Flutter Meter, Compact High-Performance (Hansen)*§ FM  Antenna coupler, TV/FM (NC) at Your Fingertips (Buegel)*§ Receiver boom (NB) Servicing, see Servicing, radio Stereo Adapter, Modern (Buegel)*§ Aug 32; (Corres) Housewife Builds (Tracy and Spencer) Stations Aug 34; (Corres) Fuel Cells—Power for Tomorrow (Smith)  G  Gamma Goat, Solar-Powered (Hoke)* Generators, see Test instruments Gernsback, Hugo, 1884-1967 Oct 6; (Shunaman) Getting to Know Low-Cost IC's (Scott)  H  Headphone Control Center, Stereo (Sutheim)* Hertz not new (Corres) Hi-Fi	Dec Aug Jun Jun Dec Jun Jul Nov Nov Feb Dec Nov Mar	41 60 57 55 52 90 47 22 14 32 12 44	K Know Your L- and T-Pads (Fred)  L L- and T-Pads, Know Your (Fred) Lamp, Two-Way, Two-Way (Wels)* Laser(s) Brake for cars (NB) Broadband light modulators (NB) Infrared beam converted to graen (WN) Latest on (NB) More on (NB) Sun bottle (NB) Learn Color the Programed Way (Rawlings) Licensing, Incentive, and Distinctive Call Signs Light System, emergency (NC) Generator and detector, new (NB) Lightning Arrester, CB Plasma and Balls of Fire (Smith) Lights-on Reminder for Your Car (Montan'e*), (Corres) Mar 16; (Corres) Line-voltage indicator† Luck Is a Lady (Salerno) Lucky Hunts Horizontal Hold (Lemons)	Sep Dec Mar May Aug Feb Jun May Aug Feb	36 36 59 6 4 45 12 16 32 16 32 16 40 14 53 67 42
Designing with Integrated Circuits Development of a Color-TV Signal (Sizer) Digital  -to-Analog Fundamentals (Math) Voltmeter, Poor Man's (Todd*§),	Jan Feb Jul Apr Nov Sep Mar May Aug Aug Aug Aug Aug Aug Aug Aug Aug Jun Jun Feb Jan Apr Feb Jan Apr Feb Jan Apr Feb Jan Apr Jun Jun Jun	59 40 16 46 76 92 36 56 79 39 50 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 4 7 4 8 9 2 4 4 8 9 1 4 8 1 8 1 8 1 8 1 8 1 8 1 8 1 1 8 1	F  FCC License and How to Get It (Haskett) Field Meter, Remote-Reading (White)*§ First Consumer Electronics Show Five-in-One TV Shop (Smith) Flutter Meter, Compact High-Performance (Hansen)*§ FM  Antenna coupler, TV/FM (NC) at Your Fingertips (Buegel)*§ Receiver boom (NB) Servicing, see Servicing, radio Stereo Adapter, Modern (Buegel)*§ Aug 32; (Corres) Housewife Builds (Tracy and Spencer) Stations Aug 34; (Corres) Fuel Cells—Power for Tomorrow (Smith)  G  G  Gamma Goat, Solar-Powered (Hoke)* Generators, see Test instruments Gernsback, Hugo, 1884-1967 Oct 6; (Shunaman) Getting to Know Low-Cost IC's (Scott)  H  Headphone Control Center, Stereo (Sutheim)* Hertz not new (Corres) Hi-Fi Hi-Fi, All Around the House 1968 Wider the Band, the Higher the Fi?	Dec Aug Jun Dec Jun Jun Nov Nov Jun Nov Feb Dec Nov Mar	41 60 55 55 52 90 47 22 14 32 12 44 44 35 16 47 35	K Know Your L- and T-Pads (Fred)  L L- and T-Pads, Know Your (Fred) Lamp, Two-Way, Two-Way (Wels)* Laser(s) Brake for cars (NB) Broadband light modulators (NB) Infrared beam converted to graen (WN) Latest on (NB) More on (NB) Sun bottle (NB) Learn Color the Programed Way (Rawlings) Licensing, Incentive, and Distinctive Call Signs Light System, emergency (NC) Generator and detector, new (NB) Lightning Arrester, CB Plasma and Balls of Fire (Smith) Lights-on Reminder for Your Car (Montan'e*), (Corres) Mar 16; (Corres) Line-voltage indicator† Luck Is a Lady (Salerno) Lucky Hunts Horizontal Hold (Lemons)  M Man's World? Not to These Women (Smyth) Mast-Mounted Preamp (Schenfeld) MAT • MOST • MOSFET • UFET • FET:	Sep Dec Mar Mar Jan May Aug Feb Jun May Aug Feb	36 59 6 4 45 12 16 32 16 96 4 40 14 53 67 42
Designing with Integrated Circuits Development of a Color-TV Signal (Sizer) Digital  -to-Analog Fundamentals (Math) Voltmeter, Poor Man's (Todd*§),	Jan Feb Jan Feb Jul Apr Nov Sep Mar May Aug Jul Feb Jan Dec Aug Apr Mar May	59 40 16 46 76 92 36 56 79 39 50 2 2 2 2 14 2 2 2 2 2 2 4 7 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8	F  FCC License and How to Get It (Haskett) Field Meter, Remote-Reading (White)*§ First Consumer Electronics Show Five-in-One TV Shop (Smith) Flutter Meter, Compact High-Performance (Hansen)*§ FM  Antenna coupler, TV/FM (NC) at Your Fingertips (Buegel)*§ Receiver boom (NB) Servicing, see Servicing, radio Stereo Adapter, Modern (Buegel)*§ Aug 32; (Corres) Housewife Builds (Tracy and Spencer) Stations Aug 34; (Corres) Fuel Cells—Power for Tomorrow (Smith)  G  G  Gamma Goat, Solar-Powered (Hoke)* Generators, see Test instruments Gernsback, Hugo, 1884-1967 Oct 6; (Shunaman) Getting to Know Low-Cost IC's (Scott)  H  Headphone Control Center, Stereo (Sutheim)* Hertz not new (Corres) Hi-Fi Hi-Fi, All Around the House 1968	Dec Aug Jun Jun Dec Jun Jul Nov Nov Jun Dec Nov Mar	41 60 55 55 52 90 47 22 14 32 12 44 44 35 16 47 35	K Know Your L- and T-Pads (Fred)  L L- and T-Pads, Know Your (Fred) Lamp, Two-Way, Two-Way (Wels)* Laser(s) Brake for cars (NB) Broadband light modulators (NB) Infrared beam converted to graen (WN) Latest on (NB) Medicine and (NB) More on (NB) Sun bottle (NB) Learn Color the Programed Way (Rawlings) Licensing, Incentive, and Distinctive Call Signs Light System, emergency (NC) Generator and detector, new (NB) Lightning Arrester, CB Plasma and Balls of Fire (Smith) Lights-on Reminder for Your Car (Montan'e*), (Corres) Mar 16; (Corres) Line-voltage indicator† Luck Is a Lady (Salerno) Lucky Hunts Horizontal Hold (Lemons)  M Man's World? Not to These Women (Smyth) Mast-Mounted Preamp (Schenfeld)	Sep Dec Mar Mar Jan May Aug Feb Oct Apr Apr Jun May Aug Feb	36 36 59 6 4 45 12 16 32 16 32 16 40 14 53 67 42

Measure Power of Electronic Flash (Norman) Mechanical Look at Tape Recorder Servicing	Mar		Q			Schools Directory, Electronic Scopes, see Test instruments	Dec	40
(Mohan) Medicine	May	71	Q & A on an Electronics Career Ouick-Checker for Controlled Rectifiers	Dec	40	SCR(s) Quick-Checker for Controlled Rectifiers	Mar	70
Color blindness, electronic cure for (NB) Hearing aids (NB)	Nov	22	(Anglin)*	Mar	70	(Anglin)** Time-delay relay†	May	
Lasers and (NB)  Meter temperature compensation (NC)	Aug Jul	90				Selected Circuits from an Experimenter's File (Scott)	May	53
Microscope, biggest (NB)	Nov	22				Semiconductors, see IC; SCR(s); Solid-state; tor(ized)	Tran	sis-
Midyear Report on Electronics (Allen) Mini-Tester, Transistor and Diode (Randall)*	Jun Oct	37 46	R			SERVICING, see also specific subject; Test In	strum	ents
Mixer	Aug		Race Drivers, Reaction-Time Testing of (Davis)	May	32	Antenna	Oct	26
Amplifier, All-Transistor (Inman)*§ High-Impedance Transistor (Lehman)*§	Mar	40	Radar, solid-state (NB)		12	Grounding (CI) Lead-in's, In's and Out's of (Lacy) masts, stowing (TTO)	Aug	89
Modern FM Stereo Adapter (Buegel)*§ Aug 32; (Corres)	Nov	14	RADIO, see also Servicing, radio			Rotator harness, quick (TTO) Anvil, hand light-duty (TTO)	Oct Feb	95 89
More About Hydronics	Aug Oct.	82 50	Amateur—Incentive Licensing and Distinctive Call Signs Auto, Solid-state (Motorola FM106M	Nov	16	Audlo-High Fidelity-Stereo Servicing		
MOS FET, What'sa (Jackson) Movies, airborne, without video (NB)	May	4	AM-FM) (ER)	Apr	66	Amplifier Diode filtering (CI)	Jun	26
Mr. IC-Tracer of Lost Signals (Greenlee) §	Jul	66	CB Antenna Rotation, Electronic (Thrower)*	Aug	47	Performance, Verifying (Sutheim) T-40/40, output problem in (CI)	Jul Jun	80 22
			Field Meter, Remote-Reading (White)*§ Hits the road (NB)	Oct	16	Cartridge Tracking Tests (Ward) Changer pushoff adjustments (Webcor	Oct	32
			Lightning Arrester Nullers, Two Interference (Althouse and	Apr	46	stereo) (CI) PA amplifiers (CI)	Mar Oct	23
N			Van Houten)*§ Revocations (NB)	Aug Mar	38 14	Power supply, transistor (T-40/40) (CI) Recorder	Jun	22 22
Need a Power Resistor? Try a Transistor	Feb	51	Squelch circuit, unusual (NC) Transceiver (Lafayette HB-525 (ER)	Sep Feb	98 67	POP (RCA VGT 66) (Tech)	Oct	82
(Pepper) 1967 Color-TV Roundup (Lemons)	Jan	36	Transmitter Monitor, Professional Quality (Neil) S	Dec	56	Stereo, hum (RCA YGG '45) (Tech) Tape recorders Mechanical Look at (Mohan)	Oct	82
Nomorule in Electronic Calculations (Fasal)	Apr	48	Troubleshooter's Casebook (Mueller) Type acceptance (NB)	Aug Jun	83 6	Noise Annoys a Tape? What Kind of (Stillwell)	May	71
Complete Calculator on Sheet of Paper (Fasal)	O.	52	Commercial overseas (NB) Jan 6; (NB) Jun 4; (Corres)	Jun	14	Battery eliminator from tube tester (TTO)	Sept	95
Nonpolarized Zener Clipper (Ives)	Feb	55	Communications Antenna Rotation, Electronic (Thrower)*	Aug	47	Circuit-Breaker Testing (Darr) <sup>c</sup> Coils	Feb	38
Nullers, Two Interference (Althouse and Van Houten)*§	Aug	38	Nullers, Two Interference (Althouse and Van Houten) §	Aug	38	Forms, quick, from tape (TTO) Toroids, Simple Winding Aid for (Null)	Apr Mar	89 81
			FM, see FM Hydronic-Radiation Transmitter (Althouse)*§		37	Creative Electronic (Allen) Dial-cord tension (Tech)	Sep Apr	39 85
			Hydronics, More About, 1C's in (NB)	Aug Feb	82	Drill bits, protect (TTO) Hints on New Color-TV Sets (Mandl)	Nov Nov	97 37
0			Intercom remote will signal master (NC) Law, Electronics and (NB)	Feb Jun	92	Industrial Ignition contactors, indicator for (TTO)	Feb	89
Ohm Splitter (McCormick) §	Sept	67	Licensing, Incentive, and Distinctive Call Signs	Nov	16	Interlock (Remington CardVeyor) (Tech) Lathe	Apr	85
Organ Music, Special Sounds of (Dorf)	Jun Jan		Missile base, teenage students discover Soviet	Mar		Chattering (Monarch EE-10) (Tech) Speed change (Cleveland) (Tech)	Apr Feb	85 74
Oslo, What Happened at (Haskett)	Jan	41	Police—big brother listens (NB) Receiver (Eico 711) (ER)	May Oct	67	Insulation, Shrink on the (Jablin) It Can't Be All Bad (Prindle)	Nov Sep	61 58
			Shortwave					91
			Broadcasting, more (NB)	Jan	12	Lead-bending jig (TTO) Lead-ins, In's and Out's of (Lacy)	Jul Aug	
p			Receiver, Your Own (Queen) Aug 57; (Corr)	Sept	12	Lead-bending jig (170) Lead-ins, In's and Out's of (Lacy) Man's World? Not to These Women (Smyth) PA amplifiers (CI)	Aug	42 62 22
P			Receiver, Your Own (Queen) Aug 57; (Corr) Squelch circuit, unusual (NC) Superregenerator, remote-tuned†	Sept Sep May	12 98 53	Lead-ins, In's and Out's of (Lacy) Man's World? Not to These Women (Smyth) PA amplifiers (CI) Radio Servicing	Aug	42 62
P  Pattern Generator, DOTnBAR—Professional Quality (Lancaster)*§	Jul	36	Receiver, Your Own (Queen) Aug 57; (Corr) Squeich circuit, unusual (NC) Superregenerator, remote-tuned† Time signals (NB) Transmitter	Sept Sep May Jul	12 98 53 4	Lead-ins, In's and Out's of (Lacy) Man's World? Not to These Women (Smyth) PA amplifiers (CI)  Radio Servicing and TV Troubles (Davidson) Auto	Aug Jul Oct	42 62
Pattern Generator, DOTnBAR—Professional Quality (Lancaster)*§			Receiver, Your Own (Queen) Aug 57; (Corr) Squeich circuit, unusual (NC) Superregenerator, remote-tuned† Time signals (NB) Transmitter Hydronic-Radiation (Althouse)°§ Microwave microtransmitter (NB)	Sept Sep May Jul May Mar	12 98 53 4 37	Lead-ins, In's and Out's of (Lacy) Man's World? Not to These Women (Smyth) PA amplifiers (CI) Radio Servicing and TV Troubles (Davidson) Auto Interference (Tech) Intermittent (Delco/Chevrolet, 1965)	Aug Jul Oct Oct Jun	42 62 22 52 84
Pattern Generator, DOTnBAR—Professional Quality (Lancaster)*§ PHOTOGRAPHY Camera, Solid-State, Is Here (Clifton) Flash	Jun	58	Receiver, Your Own (Queen) Aug 57; (Corr) Squeich circuit, unusual (NC) Superregenerator, remote-tuned† Time signals (NB) Transmitter Hydronic-Radiation (Althouse)*\$ Microwave microtransmitter (NB) Transistor—Be Brave! Take On! (Davidson) Walkie-Talkie	Sept Sep May Jul May	12 98 53 4	Lead-ins, In's and Out's of (Lacy) Man's World? Not to These Women (Smyth) PA amplifiers (CI)  Radio Servicing and TV Troubles (Davidson) Auto Interference (Tech) Intermittent (Delco/Chevrolet, 1965) (Tech) Overload (1962 Chevrolet) (CI)	Aug Jul Oct Oct Jun Sep Sep	42 62 22 52 84 92 26
Pattern Generator, DOTnBAR—Professional Quality (Lancaster)*§  PHOTOGRAPHY Camera, Solid-State, Is Here (Clifton) Flash Power of Electronic, Measure (Norman) Stave for \$5, Electronic (Keith)*		58	Receiver, Your Own (Queen) Aug 57; (Corr) Squelch circuit, unusual (NC) Superregenerator, remote-tuned† Time signals (NB) Transmitter Hydronic-Radiation (Althouse)°§ Microwave microtransmitter (NB) Transistor—Be Brave! Take On! (Davidson) Walkie-Talkie Power Booster (Crane) °§ Mar 60; (Corres) May 16; Corr	Sept Sep May Jul May Mar Sep	12 98 53 4 37 4 51	Lead-ins, In's and Out's of (Lacy) Man's World? Not to These Women (Smyth) PA amplifiers (CI)  Radio Servicing and TV Troubles (Davidson) Auto Interference (Tech) Intermittent (Delco/Chevrolet, 1965) (Tech) Overload (1962 Chevrolet) (CI) Remote volume control (CI) Squelch and audio (Motorola Motran	Aug Jul Oct Oct Jun Sep Sep Aug	42 62 22 52 84 92 26 27
Pattern Generator, DOTnBAR—Professional Quality (Lancaster)*§  PHOTOGRAPHY Camera, Solid-State, Is Here (Clifton) Flash Power of Electronic, Measure (Norman) Stave, for, \$5, Electronic (Keith)* Strobe Slaves, Twin 200-Watt-Second (Rice) *§ Mar 49; (Corres)	Jun Mar	58 83	Receiver, Your Own (Queen) Aug 57; (Corr) Squeich circuit, unusual (NC) Superregenerator, remote-tuned† Time signals (NB) Transmitter Hydronic-Radiation (Althouse)*\$ Microwave microtransmitter (NB) Transistor—Be Brave! Take On! (Davidson) Walkie-Talkie Power Booster (Crane) *\$ Mar 60; (Corres) May 16; Corr Rule change (NB) Apr 6; (NB) Radio-Electronics Interviews Consumers Union	Sept Sep May Jul May Mar Sep Jul	12 98 53 4 37 4 51	Lead-ins, In's and Out's of (Lacy) Man's World? Not to These Women (Smyth) PA amplifiers (CI)  Radio Servicing and TV Troubles (Davidson) Auto Interference (Tech) Intermittent (Delco/Chevrolet, 1965) (Tech) Overload (1962 Chevrolet) (CI) Remote volume control (CI) Squelch and audio (Motorola Motran U51LLT) (Tech) Battery eliminator from tube tester (TTO)	Aug Jul Oct Oct Jun Sep Sep	42 62 22 52 84 92 26
Pattern Generator, DOTnBAR—Professional Quality (Lancaster)*§  PHOTOGRAPHY Camera, Solid-State, Is Here (Clifton) Flash Power of Electronic, Measure (Norman) Slave, for, \$5, Electronic (Keith)* Strobe Slaves, Twin 200-Watt-Second (Rice)*§ Mar 49; (Corres) Holography Direct-View 3-d Images! (Smith)	Jun Mar Jun Sep Jan	58 83 45 6	Receiver, Your Own (Queen) Aug 57; (Corr) Squeich circuit, unusual (NC) Superregenerator, remote-tuned† Time signals (NB) Transmitter Hydronic-Radiation (Althouse)*\$ Microwave microtransmitter (NB) Transistor—Be Brave! Take On! (Davidson) Walkie-Talkie Power Booster (Crane) *\$ Mar 60; (Corres) May 16; Corr Rule change (NB) Apr 6; (NB)	Sept Sep May Jul May Mar Sep	12 98 53 4 37 4 51	Lead-ins, In's and Out's of (Lacy) Man's World? Not to These Women (Smyth) PA amplifiers (CI)  Radio Servicing and TV Troubles (Davidson) Auto Interference (Tech) Intermittent (Delco/Chevrolet, 1965) (Tech) Overload (1962 Chevrolet) (CI) Remote volume control (CI) Squelch and audio (Motorola Motran U51LLT) (Tech) Battery eliminator from tube tester (TTO) CB Frequencies, Check with BC-221 and a	Oct Jun Sep Sep Aug Aug Conve	42 62 22 52 84 92 26 27 86 95
Pattern Generator, DOTnBAR—Professional Quality (Lancaster)*§  PHOTOGRAPHY Camera, Solid-State, Is Here (Clifton) Flash Power of Electronic, Measure (Norman) Stave, for \$5, Electronic (Keith)* Strobe Slaves, Twin 200-Watt-Second (Rice)*§ Mar 49; (Corres) Holography Direct-View 3-d Images! (Smith) Lasers for (NB) 3-D, with ordinary light (NB)	Jun Mar Jun Sep	58 83 45 6	Receiver, Your Own (Queen) Aug 57; (Corr) Squeich circuit, unusual (NC) Superregenerator, remote-tuned† Time signals (NB) Transmitter Hydronic-Radiation (Althouse)*\$ Microwave microtransmitter (NB) Transistor—Be Brave! Take On! (Davidson) Walkie-Talkie Power Booster (Crane) *\$ Mar 60; (Corres) May 16; Corr Rule change (NB) Apr 6; (NB) Radio-Electronics Interviews Consumers Union (Belt) R/C Job, World's Toughest (Smith) Reaction-Time Testing of Race Drivers (Davis)	Sept Sep May Jul May Mar Sep Jul Jul	12 98 53 4 37 4 51	Lead-ins, In's and Out's of (Lacy) Man's World? Not to These Women (Smyth) PA amplifiers (CI)  Radio Servicing and TV Troubles (Davidson) Auto Interference (Tech) Intermittent (Delco/Chevrolet, 1965) (Tech) Overload (1962 Chevrolet) (CI) Remote volume control (CI) Squelch and audio (Motorola Motran U51LLT) (Tech) Battery eliminator from tube tester (TTO) CB Frequencies, Check with BC-221 and a (Gunn) <sup>©</sup> Professional Touch for (Darr)	Oct Jun Sep Sep Aug Aug Conve	42 62 22 52 84 92 26 27 86 95
Pattern Generator, DOTnBAR—Professional Quality (Lancaster)*§  PHOTOGRAPHY Camera, Solid-State, Is Here (Clifton) Flash Power of Electronic, Measure (Norman) Slave, for \$5, Electronic (Keith)* Strobe Slaves, Twin 200-Watt-Second (Rice) *§ Mar 49; (Corres) Holography Direct-View 3-d Images! (Smith) Lasers for (NB) 3-D, with ordinary light (NB) Home Movies Time-Compression Machine (Johnson) *§	Jun Mar Jun Sep Jan Feb Apr	58 83 45 6 46 13 12	Receiver, Your Own (Queen) Aug 57; (Corr) Squelch circuit, unusual (NC) Superregenerator, remote-tuned† Time signals (NB) Transmitter Hydronic-Radiation (Althouse)°§ Microwave microtransmitter (NB) Transsitor—Be Brave! Take On! (Davidson) Walkie-Talkie Power Booster (Crane) °§ Mar 60; (Corres) May 16; Corr Rule change (NB) Apr 6; (NB) Radio-Electronics Interviews Consumers Union (Belt) R/C Job, World's Toughest (Smith) Reaction-Time Testing of Race Drivers (Davis) Record and Play Video Tapes with Your TV Set (McGinty) §	Sept Sep May Jul May Mar Sep Jul Jun May May	12 98 53 4 37 4 51 4 60 39	Lead-ins, In's and Out's of (Lacy) Man's World? Not to These Women (Smyth) PA amplifiers (CI)  Radio Servicing and TV Troubles (Davidson) Auto Interference (Tech) Intermittent (Delco/Chevrolet, 1965) (Tech) Overload (1962 Chevrolet) (CI) Remote volume control (CI) Squelch and audio (Motorola Motran U51LLT) (Tech) Battery eliminator from tube tester (TTO) CB Frequencies, Check with BC-221 and a (Gunn)* Professional Touch for (Darr) Range (CI) Talk Troubles (Rice and Mueller)	Oct Jun Sep Sep Aug Aug Conve Aug Jan Aug Oct	42 62 22 52 84 92 26 27 86 95 erter 50 44 22 48
Pattern Generator, DOTnBAR—Professional Quality (Lancaster)*§  PHOTOGRAPHY Camera, Solid-State, Is Here (Clifton) Flash Power of Electronic, Measure (Norman) Slave, for \$5, Electronic (Keith)* Strobe Slaves, Twin 200-Watt-Second (Rice) *§ Mar 49; (Corres) Holography Direct-View 3-d Images! (Smith) Lasers for (NB) 3-D, with ordinary light (NB) Home Movies Time-Compression Machine (Johnson) *§ Slide changer, transistor (NC) Timers, Double Feature, Starring (Chesson	Jun Mar Jun Sep Jan Feb Apr Oct Aug	58 83 45 6 46 13 12 41 94	Receiver, Your Own (Queen) Aug 57; (Corr) Squelch circuit, unusual (NC) Superregenerator, remote-tuned† Time signals (NB) Transmitter Hydronic-Radiation (Althouse)°§ Microwave microtransmitter (NB) Transistor—Be Brave! Take On! (Davidson) Walkie-Talkie Power Booster (Crane) °§ Mar 60; (Corres) May 16; Corr Rule change (NB) Apr 6; (NB) Radio-Electronics Interviews Consumers Union (Belt) R/C Job, World's Toughest (Smith) Reaction-Time Testing of Race Drivers (Davis) Record and Play Video Tapes with Your TV Set (McGinty) § Relay Capacitance, unusual (NC)	Sept Sept May Jul May Mar Sep Jul Jul Jun May May May	12 98 53 4 37 4 51 4 4 60 39 32 32	Lead-ins, In's and Out's of (Lacy) Man's World? Not to These Women (Smyth) PA amplifiers (CI)  Radio Servicing and TV Troubles (Davidson) Auto Interference (Tech) Intermittent (Delco/Chevrolet, 1965) (Tech) Overload (1962 Chevrolet) (CI) Remote volume control (CI) Sauelch and audio (Motorola Motran U51LLT) (Tech) Battery eliminator from tube tester (TTO) CB Frequencies, Check with BC-221 and a (Gunn)* Professional Touch for (Darr) Range (CI) Talk Troubles (Rice and Mueller) Troubleshooter's Casebook (Mueller) Hum (Silvertone 6023) (Tech)	Oct Jun Sep Sep Aug Aug Aug Aug Jan Aug Oct Aug Jun	42 62 22 52 84 92 26 27 86 95 erter 50 44 22 48 83
Pattern Generator, DOTnBAR—Professional Quality (Lancaster)*§  PHOTOGRAPHY Camera, Solid-State, Is Here (Clifton) Flash Power of Electronic, Measure (Norman) Slave, for \$5, Electronic (Keith)* Strobe Slaves, Twin 200-Watt-Second (Rice)*§ Mar 49; (Corres) Holography Direct-View 3-d Images! (Smith) Lasers for (NB) 3-D, with ordinary light (NB) Home Movies Time-Compression Machine (Johnson)*§ Slide changer, transistor (NC) Timers, Double Feature, Starring (Chesson and Ives)* Weather photos, low-cost, by satellite (NB)	Jun Mar Jun Sep Jan Feb Apr Oct Aug Feb Jun	58 83 45 6 46 13 12 41 94 56	Receiver, Your Own (Queen) Aug 57; (Corr) Squeich circuit, unusual (NC) Superregenerator, remote-tuned† Time signals (NB) Transmitter Hydronic-Radiation (Althouse)*§ Microwave microtransmitter (NB) Transistor—Be Brave! Take On! (Davidson) Walkie-Talkie Power Booster (Crane) *§ Mar 60; (Corres) May 16; Corr Rule change (NB) Apr 6; (NB) Radio-Electronics Interviews Consumers Union (Belt) R/C Job, World's Toughest (Smith) Reaction-Time Testing of Race Drivers (Davis) Record and Play Video Tapes with Your TV Set (McGinty) \$ Relay Capacitance, unusual (NC) Self-Holding, Updating the (Ives) Sound IC (Greenlee)*§	Sept Sep May Jul May Sep Jun May May Apr Jan Sep Jun	12 98 53 4 37 4 51 4 4 60 39 32 32 102 61 77	Lead-ins, In's and Out's of (Lacy) Man's World? Not to These Women (Smyth) PA amplifiers (CI)  Radio Servicing and TV Troubles (Davidson) Auto Interference (Tech) Intermittent (Delco/Chevrolet, 1965) (Tech) Overload (1962 Chevrolet) (CI) Remote volume control (CI) Squelch and audio (Motorola Motran U51LLT) (Tech) Battery eliminator from tube tester (TTO) CB Frequencies, Check with BC-221 and a (Gunn)* Professional Touch for (Darr) Range (CI) Talk Troubles (Rice and Mueller) Troubleshooter's Casebook (Mueller) Hum (Silvertone 6023) (Tech) Knob pointers (TTO) PC bard cracked (Pilot 602MA) (Tech)	Oct Jun Sep Sep Aug Aug Aug Jan Aug Jan Aug Jun Nov Apr	42 62 22 52 84 92 26 27 86 95 erter 50 44 22 48 83 84 97 84
Pattern Generator, DOTnBAR—Professional Quality (Lancaster)*§  PHOTOGRAPHY Camera, Solid-State, Is Here (Clifton) Flash Power of Electronic, Measure (Norman) Stave, for, \$5, Electronic (Keith)* Strobe Slaves, Twin 200-Watt-Second (Rice) *§ Mar 49; (Corres) Holography Direct-View 3-d Images! (Smith) Lasers for (NB) 3-D, with ordinary light (NB) Home Movies Time-Compression Machine (Johnson) *§ Slide changer, transistor (NC) Timers, Double Feature, Starring (Chesson and Ives)**	Jun Mar Jun Sep Jan Feb Apr Oct Aug	58 83 45 6 46 13 12 41 94	Receiver, Your Own (Queen) Aug 57; (Corr) Squeich circuit, unusual (NC) Superregenerator, remote-tuned† Time signals (NB) Transmitter Hydronic-Radiation (Althouse)*§ Microwave microtransmitter (NB) Transistor—Be Brave! Take On! (Davidson) Walkie-Talkie Power Booster (Crane) *§ Mar 60; (Corres) May 16; Corr Rule change (NB) Apr 6; (NB) Radio-Electronics Interviews Consumers Union (Belt) R/C Job, World's Toughest (Smith) Reaction-Time Testing of Race Drivers (Davis) Record and Play Video Tapes with Your TV Set (McGinty) § Relay Capacitance, unusual (NC) Self-Holding, Updating the (Ives) Sound IC (Greenlee)*§ Time-delay, SCR† Remote Control	Sept Sep May Jul Mar Sep Jul Jun May May May Apr Jan Sep	12 98 53 4 37 4 51 4 4 60 39 32 32 102 61	Lead-ins, In's and Out's of (Lacy) Man's World? Not to These Women (Smyth) PA amplifiers (CI)  Radio Servicing and TV Troubles (Davidson) Auto Interference (Tech) Intermittent (Delco/Chevrolet, 1965) (Tech) Overload (1962 Chevrolet) (CI) Remote volume control (CI) Squelch and audio (Motorola Motran U51LLT) (Tech) Battery eliminator from tube tester (TTO) CB Frequencies, Check with BC-221 and a (Gunn) <sup>©</sup> Professional Touch for (Darr) Range (CI) Talk Troubles (Rice and Mueller) Troubleshooter's Casebook (Mueller) Hum (Silvertone 6023) (Tech) Knob pointers (TTO) PC board cracked (Pilot 602MA) (Tech) 35W4 tubes pop (Motorola 56CD) (Tech) Table-Model AM/FM (Davidson)	Oct Jun Sep Sep Aug Aug Aug Jan Aug Jan Aug Aug Jan Aug	42 62 22 52 84 92 26 27 86 95 84 44 22 48 83 84 97
Pattern Generator, DOTnBAR—Professional Quality (Lancaster)*§  PHOTOGRAPHY Camera, Solid-State, Is Here (Clifton) Flash Power of Electronic, Measure (Norman) Slave, for \$5, Electronic (Keith)* Strobe Slaves, Twin 200-Watt-Second (Rice)*§ Mar 49; (Corres) Holography Direct-View 3-d Images! (Smith) Lasers for (NB) 3-D, with ordinary light (NB) Home Movies Time-Compression Machine (Johnson)*§ Slide changer, transistor (NC) Timers, Double Feature, Starring (Chesson and Ives)* Weather photos, low-cost, by satellite (NB) Plasma and Balls of Fire, Lightning (Smith) Plastic Transistors—Future Billions (Bose) Polarity-reversal hint†	Jun Mar Jun Sep Jan Feb Apr Oct Aug Feb Jun Apr	58 83 45 6 46 13 12 41 94 56 12 40	Receiver, Your Own (Queen) Aug 57; (Corr) Squeich circuit, unusual (NC) Superregenerator, remote-tuned† Time signals (NB) Transmitter Hydronic-Radiation (Althouse)°§ Microwave microtransmitter (NB) Transistor—Be Brave! Take On! (Davidson) Walkie-Talkie Power Booster (Crane) °§ Mar 60; (Corres) May 16; Corr Rule change (NB) Apr 6; (NB) Radio-Electronics Interviews Consumers Union (Belt) R/C Job, World's Toughest (Smith) Reaction-Time Testing of Race Drivers (Davis) Record and Play Video Tapes with Your TV Set (McGinty) § Relay Capacitance, unusual (NC) Self-Holding, Updating the (Ives) Sound IC (Greenlee)°§ Time-delay, SCR† Remote Control Blackboard (NB) PA Systems (Darr)	Sept Sep May Jul May Mar Sep Jul Jul Jul May May May May Jan May Jan May	12 98 53 4 37 4 51 4 4 60 39 32 32 102 61 77 53	Lead-ins, In's and Out's of (Lacy) Man's World? Not to These Women (Smyth) PA amplifiers (CI)  Radio Servicing and TV Troubles (Davidson) Auto Interference (Tech) Interference (Tech) Overload (1962 Chevrolet) (CI) Remote volume control (CI) Squelch and audio (Motorola Motran U51LLT) (Tech) Battery eliminator from tube tester (TTO) CB Frequencies, Check with BC-221 and a (Gunn)* Professional Touch for (Darr) Range (CI) Talk Troubles (Rice and Mueller) Troubleshooter's Casebook (Mueller) Hum (Silvertone 6023) (Tech) Yender (TTO) PC board cracked (Pilot 602MA) (Tech) Table-Model AM/FM (Davidson) Transistor Be Brave! Take On! (Davidson)	Aug Juli Oct Jun Sep Aug Aug Aug Aug Aug Aug Nov Apr Jun Nov Sep	42 62 22 52 84 92 26 27 86 95 95 95 44 48 83 97 84 97 84 97
Pattern Generator, DOTnBAR—Professional Quality (Lancaster)*§  PHOTOGRAPHY Camera, Solid-State, Is Here (Clifton) Flash Power of Electronic, Measure (Norman) Slave, for \$5, Electronic (Keith)* Strobe Slaves, Twin 200-Watt-Second (Rice)*§ Mar 49; (Corres) Holography Direct-View 3-d Images! (Smith) Lasers for (NB) 3-D, with ordinary light (NB) Home Movies Time-Compression Machine (Johnson) § Slide changer, transistor (NC) Timers, Double Feature, Starring (Chesson and Ives)* Weather photos, low-cost, by satellite (NB) Plasma and Balls of Fire, Lightning (Smith) Plastic Transistors—Future Billions (Bose)	Jun Mar Jun Sep Jan Feb Apr Oct Aug Feb Jun Apr Mar May	58 83 45 6 46 13 12 41 94 56 12 40 55	Receiver, Your Own (Queen) Aug 57; (Corr) Squelch circuit, unusual (NC) Superregenerator, remote-tuned† Time signals (NB) Transmitter Hydronic-Radiation (Althouse)°§ Microwave microtransmitter (NB) Transsitor—Be Brave! Take On! (Davidson) Walkie-Talkie Power Booster (Crane) °§ Mar 60; (Corres) May 16; Corr Rule change (NB) Apr 6; (NB) Radio-Electronics Interviews Consumers Union (Belt) R/C Job, World's Toughest (Smith) Reaction-Time Testing of Race Drivers (Davis) Record and Play Video Tapes with Your TV Set (McGinty) § Relay Capacitance, unusual (NC) Self-Holding, Updating the (Ives) Sound IC (Greenlee)°§ Time-delay, SCRT Remote Control Blackboard (NB) PA Systems (Darr) Sequential tone control† Sound Relay, IC (Greenlee)°§	Sept Sep May Jul May Mar Sep Jul Jun May Apr Jan May Jan May Jun May Jun May Jun Jun May	12 98 53 4 37 4 51 4 4 60 39 32 32 102 61 77 53 6 47 77	Lead-ins, In's and Out's of (Lacy) Man's World? Not to These Women (Smyth) PA amplifiers (CI)  Radio Servicing and TV Troubles (Davidson) Auto Interference (Tech) Intermittent (Delco/Chevrolet, 1965) (Tech) Overload (1962 Chevrolet) (CI) Remote volume control (CI) Squelch and audio (Motorola Motran U51LLT) (Tech) Battery eliminator from tube tester (TTO) CB Frequencies, Check with BC-221 and a (Gunn) <sup>6</sup> Professional Touch for (Darr) Range (CI) Talk Troubles (Rice and Mueller) Troubleshooter's Casebook (Mueller) Hum (Silvertone 6023) (Tech) Yoboard cracked (Pilot 602MA) (Tech) 35W4 tubes pop (Motorola 56CD) (Tech) Table-Model AM/FM (Davidson) Transistor Be Bravel Take On! (Davidson) Speaker matching, solid-state (CI) Tuners, Signal-Trace FM-Radio and TV, with	Aug Juli Oct Jun Sep Aug Aug Aug Aug Jun Nov Sep Juli Iun Nov Sep Juli Iun Nov Sep Juli Iun Iun Iun Nov Sep Juli Iun Iun Iun Iun Nov Sep Juli Iun	42 62 22 52 84 92 26 27 86 95 86 95 44 22 48 83 84 97 50 44 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50
Pattern Generator, DOTnBAR—Professional Quality (Lancaster)*§  PHOTOGRAPHY Camera, Solid-State, Is Here (Clifton) Flash Power of Electronic, Measure (Norman) Stave, for \$5, Electronic (Keith)* Strobe Staves, Twin 200-Watt-Second (Rice)*§ Mar 49; (Corres) Holography Direct-View 3-d Images! (Smith) Lasers for (NB) 3-D, with ordinary light (NB) Home Movies Time-Compression Machine (Johnson) § Slide changer, transistor (NC) Timers, Double Feature, Starring (Chesson and Ives)* Weather photos, low-cost, by satellite (NB) Plasma and Balls of Fire, Lightning (Smith) Plastic Transistors—Future Billions (Bose) Polarity-reversal hint† Poor Man's Digital Voltmeter (Todd §), (Corres) Jan 22; Portable Color Recorder (Roizen)	Jun Mar Jun Sep Jan Feb Apr Oct Aug Feb Jun Apr Mar May	58 83 45 6 46 13 12 41 94 56 12 40 55 54	Receiver, Your Own (Queen) Aug 57; (Corr) Squeich circuit, unusual (NC) Superregenerator, remote-tuned† Time signals (NB) Transmitter Hydronic-Radiation (Althouse)*§ Microwave microtransmitter (NB) Transistor—Be Brave! Take On! (Davidson) Walkie-Talkie Power Booster (Crane) *§ Mar 60; (Corres) May 16; Corr Rule change (NB) Apr 6; (NB) Radio-Electronics Interviews Consumers Union (Belt) R/C Job, World's Toughest (Smith) Reaction-Time Testing of Race Drivers (Davis) Record and Play Video Tapes with Your TV Set (McGinty) § Relay Capacitance, unusual (NC) Self-Holding, Updating the (Ives) Sound IC (Greenlee)*§ Time-delay, SCR† Remote Control Blackboard (NB) PA Systems (Darr) Sequential tone control† Sound Relay, IC (Greenlee)*§ World's Toughest R/C Job (Smith)	Sept Sep May Jul May Mar Sep Jun May May May May May May May May May May	12 98 53 4 37 4 51 4 4 4 60 39 32 32 32 102 61 77 53 64 47 73 73 93	Lead-ins, In's and Out's of (Lacy) Man's World? Not to These Women (Smyth) PA amplifiers (CI)  Radio Servicing and TV Troubles (Davidson) Auto Interference (Tech) Intermittent (Delco/Chevrolet, 1965) (Tech) Overload (1962 Chevrolet) (CI) Remote volume control (CI) Squelch and audio (Motorola Motran U51LLT) (Tech) Battery eliminator from tube tester (TTO) CB Frequencies, Check with BC-221 and a (Gunn)* Professional Touch for (Darr) Range (CI) Talk Troubles (Rice and Mueller) Troubleshooter's Casebook (Mueller) Hum (Silvertone 6023) (Tech) Knob pointers (TTO) PC board cracked (Pilot 602MA) (Tech) 35W4 tubes pop (Motorola 56CD) (Tech) Table-Model AM/FM (Davidson) Transistor Be Brave! Take On! (Davidson) Speaker matching, solid-state (CI) Tuners, Signal-Trace FM-Radio and TV, with	Oct Jun Sep Sep Aug Aug Aug Jan Aug Jan Aug Jan Nov Apr Jun Nov Sep Jul Oct May	42 62 22 52 84 92 26 27 86 95 86 95 87 88 44 22 48 83 84 84 85 55 57 86 87 88 88 88 88 88 88 88 88 88 88 88 88
Pattern Generator, DOTnBAR—Professional Quality (Lancaster)*§  PHOTOGRAPHY Camera, Solid-State, Is Here (Clifton) Flash Power of Electronic, Measure (Norman) Slave, for, \$5, Electronic (Keith)* Strobe Slaves, Twin 200-Watt-Second (Rice) *§ Mar 49; (Corres) Holography Direct-View 3-d Images! (Smith) Lasers for (NB) 3-D. with ordinary light (NB) Home Movies Time-Compression Machine (Johnson) *§ Slide changer, transistor (NC) Timers, Double Feature, Starring (Chesson and Ives)* Weather photos, low-cost, by satellite (NB) Plasma and Balls of Fire, Lightning (Smith) Plastic Transistors—Future Billions (Bose) Polarity-reversal hintt Poor Man's Digital Voltmeter (Todd §), (Corres) Jan 22; Portable Color Recorder (Roizen) Power Res stor, Need a? Try a Transistor (Pepper)	Jun Mar Jun Sep Jan Feb Apr Oct Aug Feb Jun Apr Mar May	58 83 45 6 46 13 12 41 94 56 12 40 55 54	Receiver, Your Own (Queen) Aug 57; (Corr) Squeich circuit, unusual (NC) Superregenerator, remote-tuned† Time signals (NB) Transmitter Hydronic-Radiation (Althouse)*\$ Microwave microtransmitter (NB) Transistor—Be Brave! Take On! (Davidson) Walkie-Talkie Power Booster (Crane) *\$ Mar 60; (Corres) May 16; Corr Rule change (NB) Apr 6; (NB) Radio-Electronics Interviews Consumers Union (Belt) R/C Job, World's Toughest (Smith) Reaction-Time Testing of Race Drivers (Davis) Record and Play Video Tapes with Your TV Set (McGinty) \$ Relay Capacitance, unusual (NC) Self-Holding, Updating the (Ives) Sound IC (Greenlee)*\$ Time-delay, SCR† Remote Control Blackboard (NB) PA Systems (Darr) Sequential tone control† Sound Relay, IC (Greenlee)*\$ World's Toughest R/C Job (Smith) Remote-Reading Field Meter (White) *\$ Repair CB Talk Troubles (Rice and Mueller)	Sept Sep May Jul May Mar Sep Jul Jun May Apr Jan May Jan May Jun May Jun May Jun Jun May	12 98 53 4 37 4 51 4 4 60 39 32 32 102 61 77 53 6 47 77	Lead-ins, In's and Out's of (Lacy) Man's World? Not to These Women (Smyth) PA amplifiers (CI)  Radio Servicing and TV Troubles (Davidson) Auto Interference (Tech) Intermittent (Delco/Chevrolet, 1965) (Tech) Overload (1962 Chevrolet) (CI) Remote volume control (CI) Squelch and audio (Motorola Motran U51LLT) (Tech) Battery eliminator from tube tester (TTO) CB Frequencies, Check with BC-221 and a (Gunn)* Professional Touch for (Darr) Range (CI) Talk Troubles (Rice and Mueller) Troubleshooter's Casebook (Mueller) Hum (Silvertone 6023) (Tech) Knob pointers (TTO) PC board cracked (Pilot 602MA) (Tech) 35W4 tubes pop (Motorola 56CD) (Tech) Table-Model AM/FM (Davidson) Transistor Be Brave! Take On! (Davidson) Speaker matching, solid-state (CI) Tuners, Signal-Trace FM-Radio and TV, with a Field-Strength Meter (Fitzgibbon) Series-string service, speeding (TTO) Socket wrenches, midget (TTO)	Aug Juli Oct Jun Sep Sep Aug Aug Convec Aug Jun Nov Sep Jul Oct May Mar	42 62 22 84 92 26 27 86 27 86 27 44 49 77 48 83 84 84 84 85 57 99 93
Pattern Generator, DOTnBAR—Professional Quality (Lancaster)*§  PHOTOGRAPHY Camera, Solid-State, Is Here (Clifton) Flash Power of Electronic, Measure (Norman) Slave, for, \$5, Electronic (Keith)* Strobe Slaves, Twin 200-Watt-Second (Rice) *§ Mar 49; (Corres) Holography Direct-View 3-d Images! (Smith) Lasers for (NB) 3-D, with ordinary light (NB) Home Movies Time-Compression Machine (Johnson) *§ Slide changer, transistor (NC) Timers, Double Feature, Starring (Chesson and Ives)* Weather photos, low-cost, by satellite (NB) Plasma and Balls of Fire, Lightning (Smith) Plastic Transistors—Future Billions (Bose) Polarity-reversal hint† Poor Man's Digital Voltmeter (Todd §), (Corres) Jan 22; Portable Color Recorder (Roizen) Power Res stor, Need a? Try a Transistor (Pepper) Power Supply Ali-Silicon Regulated (Rogers*§), (Corres)	Jun Mar Jun Sep Jan Feb Apr Mar Mar Mar Feb Aug	58 83 45 6 46 13 12 41 94 55 54 16 38 51	Receiver, Your Own (Queen) Aug 57; (Corr) Squelch circuit, unusual (NC) Superregenerator, remote-tuned† Time signals (NB) Transmitter Hydronic-Radiation (Althouse)*§ Microwave microtransmitter (NB) Transistor—Be Brave! Take On! (Davidson) Walkie-Talkie Power Booster (Crane) *§ Mar 60; (Corres) May 16; Corr Rule change (NB) Apr 6; (NB) Radio-Electronics Interviews Consumers Union (Belt) R/C Job, World's Toughest (Smith) Reaction-Time Testing of Race Drivers (Davis) Record and Play Video Tapes with Your TV Set (McGinty) § Relay Capacitance, unusual (NC) Self-Holding, Updating the (Ives) Sound IC (Greenlee)*§ Time-delay, SCR† Remote Control Blackboard (NB) PA Systems (Darr) Sequential tone control† Sound Relay, IC (Greenlee)*§ World's Toughest R/C Job (Smith) Remote-Reading Field Meter (White) *§ Repair CB Talk Troubles (Rice and Mueller) Resistor Breakthrough (NB)	Sept Sep May Jul May Mar Sep Jul Jun May May Apr Jan Sep Jun May May May May Jun May May May May May May May Mar Mar Mar May Mar May May May May May May May May May May	12 98 53 4 37 4 51 4 4 4 60 39 32 32 32 32 102 61 77 53 60 48 16	Lead-ins, In's and Out's of (Lacy) Man's World? Not to These Women (Smyth) PA amplifiers (Cl)  Radio Servicing and TV Troubles (Davidson) Auto Interference (Tech) Intermittent (Delco/Chevrolet, 1965) (Tech) Overload (1962 Chevrolet) (Cl) Remote volume control (Cl) Squelch and audio (Motorola Motran U51LLT) (Tech) Battery eliminator from tube tester (TTO) CB Frequencies, Check with BC-221 and a (Gunn) <sup>6</sup> Professional Touch for (Darr) Range (Cl) Talk Troubles (Rice and Mueller) Troubleshooter's Casebook (Mueller) Hum (Silvertone 6023) (Tech) Knob pointers (TTO) PC board cracked (Pilot 602MA) (Tech) 35W4 tubes pop (Motorola 56CD) (Tech) Table-Model AM/FM (Davidson) Transistor Be Bravel Take On! (Davidson) Speaker matching, solid-state (Cl) Tuners, Signal-Trace FM-Radio and TV, with a Field-Strength Meter (Fitzgibbon) Socket wrenches, midget (TTO) Soldering Caddy for bench or box (TTO) Desoldering	Aug Juin Oct Jun Sep Sep Aug Aug Aug Jan Oct Aur Jun Nor Nor Jun Oct May Mar Feb	42 62 22 52 84 92 26 27 86 95 86 95 87 88 44 22 48 83 84 84 85 55 57 86 87 88 88 88 88 88 88 88 88 88 88 88 88
Pattern Generator, DOTnBAR—Professional Quality (Lancaster)*§  PHOTOGRAPHY Camera, Solid-State, Is Here (Clifton) Flash Power of Electronic, Measure (Norman) Stave, for \$5, Electronic (Keith)* Strobe Staves, Twin 200-Watt-Second (Rice)*§ Mar 49; (Corres) Holography Direct-View 3-d Images! (Smith) Lasers for (NB) 3-D, with ordinary light (NB) Home Movies Time-Compression Machine (Johnson)*§ Slide changer, transistor (NC) Timers, Double Feature, Starring (Chesson and Ives)* Weather photos, low-cost, by satellite (NB) Plasma and Balls of Fire, Lightning (Smith) Plastic Transistors—Future Billions (Bose) Polarity-reversal hint† Poor Man's Digical Voltmeter (Todd §), (Corres) Jan 22; Portable Color Recorder (Roizen) Power Res stor, Need a? Try a Transistor (Pepper) Power Supply All-Silicon Regulated (Rogers*§), (Corres) (Pace 5803 Laboratory) (ER)	Jun Mar Jun Sep Jan Feb Apr Oct Aug Feb Jun Apr Mar Mar Apr Mar Feb	58 83 45 6 46 13 12 41 94 40 55 54 16 38 51	Receiver, Your Own (Queen) Aug 57; (Corr) Squelch circuit, unusual (NC) Superregenerator, Renote-tuned† Time signals (NB) Transmitter Hydronic-Radiation (Althouse)°§ Microwave microtransmitter (NB) Transistor—Be Brave! Take On! (Davidson) Walkie-Talkie Power Booster (Crane) °§ Mar 60; (Corres) May 16; Corr Rule change (NB) Apr 6; (NB) Radio-Electronics Interviews Consumers Union (Belt) R/C Job, World's Toughest (Smith) Reaction-Time Testing of Race Drivers (Davis) Record and Play Video Tapes with Your TV Set (McGinty) § Relay Capacitance, unusual (NC) Self-Holding, Updating the (Ives) Sound IC (Greenlee)°§ Time-delay, SCR† Remote Control Blackboard (NB) PA Systems (Darr) Sequential tone control† Sound Relay, IC (Greenlee)°§ World's Toughest R/C Job (Smith) Remote-Reading Field Meter (White) °§ Repair CB Talk Troubles (Rice and Mueller) Resistor Breakthrough (NB) Power, Need a? Try a Transistor (Pepper) Rf Meter, and Dummy Load (Rice and Mueller)° Rf Meter, and Dummy Load (Rice and Mueller)°	Sept Sep May Jul Jun May May Apr Jan May May Aug Oct Feb	12 98 53 4 37 4 51 4 4 4 60 39 32 32 32 61 77 77 39 60 48	Lead-ins, In's and Out's of (Lacy) Man's World? Not to These Women (Smyth) PA amplifiers (CI)  Radio Servicing and TV Troubles (Davidson) Auto Interference (Tech) Intermittent (Delco/Chevrolet, 1965) (Tech) Overload (1962 Chevrolet) (CI) Remote volume control (CI) Squelch and audio (Motorola Motran U51LLT) (Tech) Battery eliminator from tube tester (TTO) CB Frequencies, Check with BC-221 and a (Gunn)* Professional Touch for (Darr) Range (CI) Talk Troubles (Rice and Mueller) Troubleshooter's Casebook (Mueller) Hum (Silvertone 6023) (Tech) Yhob pointers (TTO) PC board cracked (Pilot 602MA) (Tech) 35W4 tubes pop (Motorola 56CD) (Tech) Table-Model AM/FM (Davidson) Transistor Be Bravel Take On! (Davidson) Speaker matching, solid-state (CI) Tuners, Signal-Trace FM-Radio and TV, with a Field-Strength Meter (Fitzgibbon) Sories-string service, speeding (TTO) Socket wrenches, midget (TTO) Soldering Caddy for bench or box (TTO)	Oct Jun Sep Sep Aug Aug Jun Aug Jun Aug Jun Aug Jun Aug Jun Apr Jun Sep Jul Oct May Mar Feb	42 62 22 84 92 26 27 86 95 86 95 84 42 48 83 84 84 84 88 88 88 88 88 88 88 88 88
Pattern Generator, DOTnBAR—Professional Quality (Lancaster)*§  PHOTOGRAPHY Camera, Solid-State, Is Here (Clifton) Flash Power of Electronic, Measure (Norman) Slave, for \$5, Electronic (Keith)* Strobe Slaves, Twin 200-Watt-Second (Rice)*§ Mar 49; (Corres) Holography Direct-View 3-d Images! (Smith) Lasers for (NB) 3-D, with ordinary light (NB) Home Movies Time-Compression Machine (Johnson)*§ Slide changer, transistor (NC) Timers, Double Feature, Starring (Chesson and Ives)* Weather photos, low-cost, by satellite (NB) Plasma and Balls of Fire, Lightning (Smith) Plastic Transistors—Future Billions (Bose) Polarity-reversal hint† Poor Man's Digital Voltmeter (Todd §), (Corres) Jan 22; Portable Color Recorder (Roizen) Power Res'stor, Need a? Try a Transistor (Pepper) Power Supply All-Silicon Regulated (Rogers*§), (Corres) (Pace 5803 Laboratory) (ER) Preamp Mast-mounted (Schenfeld) Solid-State and High-Z Too (Wherry*§),	Jun Mar Jun Sep Jan Feb Apr Oct Aug Apr Mar Mar Apr Mar Apr Apr Apr Apr Apr Apr	58 83 45 6 46 13 12 41 94 55 54 16 38 51 16 70 36	Receiver, Your Own (Queen) Aug 57; (Corr) Squelch circuit, unusual (NC) Superregenerator, remote-tuned† Time signals (NB) Transmitter Hydronic-Radiation (Althouse)°§ Microwave microtransmitter (NB) Transsitor—Be Brave! Take On! (Davidson) Walkie-Talkie Power Booster (Crane) °§ Mar 60; (Corres) May 16; Corr Rule change (NB) Apr 6; (NB) Radio-Electronics Interviews Consumers Union (Belt) R/C Job, World's Toughest (Smith) Reaction-Time Testing of Race Drivers (Davis) Record and Play Video Tapes with Your TV Set (McGinty) § Relay Capacitance, unusual (NC) Self-Holding, Updating the (Ives) Sound IC (Greenlee)°§ Time-delay, SCRT Remote Control Blackboard (NB) PA Systems (Darr) Sequential tone control† Sound Relay, IC (Greenlee)°§ World's Toughest R/C Job (Smith) Remote-Reading Field Meter (White) °§ Repair CB Talk Troubles (Rice and Mueller) Resistor Breakthrough (NB) Power, Need a? Try a Transistor (Pepper)	Sept Sep May Jul May May May May May Jun May May Jun May Jun May Jun May Oct Oct Feb Nov	12 98 53 4 37 4 51 4 4 51 60 39 32 32 61 77 77 39 60 48 16 51	Lead-ins, In's and Out's of (Lacy) Man's World? Not to These Women (Smyth) PA amplifiers (CI)  Radio Servicing and TV Troubles (Davidson) Auto Interference (Tech) Intermittent (Delco/Chevrolet, 1965) (Tech) Overload (1962 Chevrolet) (CI) Remote volume control (CI) Squelch and audio (Motorola Motran U51LLT) (Tech) Battery eliminator from tube tester (TTO) CB Frequencies, Check with BC-221 and a (Gunn) <sup>©</sup> Professional Touch for (Darr) Range (CI) Talk Troubles (Rice and Mueller) Troubleshooter's Casebook (Mueller) Hum (Silvertone 6023) (Tech) Knob pointers (TTO) PC board cracked (Pilot 602MA) (Tech) 35W4 tubes pop (Motorola 56CD) (Tech) Table-Model AM/FM (Davidson) Transistor Be Bravel Take On! (Davidson) Speaker matching, solid-state (CI) Tuners, Signal-Trace FM-Radio and TV, with a Field-Strength Meter (Fitzgibbon) Series-string service, speeding (TTO) Socket wrenches, midget (TTO) Desoldering Caddy for bench or box (TTO) Desoldering Blow, don't suck (Tech) Iron kink (TTO)	Oct Jun Sep Sep Aug Aug Aug Aug Aug Aug Oct Aug Jam Nov Sep Jun Nov	422 52 84 92 26 27 86 95 86 95 87 87 88 89 89 89 89 89 89 89 89 89 89 89 89
Pattern Generator, DOTnBAR—Professional Quality (Lancaster)*§  PHOTOGRAPHY Camera, Solid-State, Is Here (Clifton) Flash Power of Electronic, Measure (Norman) Slave, for, \$5, Electronic (Keith)* Strobe Slaves, Twin 200-Watt-Second (Rice) *§ Mar 49; (Corres) Holography Direct-View 3-d Images! (Smith) Lasers for (NB) 3-D, with ordinary light (NB) Home Movies Time-Compression Machine (Johnson) *§ Slide changer, transistor (NC) Timers, Double Feature, Starring (Chesson and Ives)* Weather photos, low-cost, by satellite (NB) Plasma and Balls of Fire, Lightning (Smith) Plastic Transistors—Future Billions (Bose) Polarity-reversal hint† Poor Man's Digital Voltmeter (Todd §), (Corres) Jan 22; Portable Color Recorder (Roizen) Power Res stor, Need a? Try a Transistor (Pepper) Power Supply All-Silicon Regulated (Rogers*§), (Corres) (Pace 5803 Laboratory) (ER) Preamp Mast-mounted (Schenfeld)	Jun Mar Jun Sep Jan Feb Apr Oct Aug Apr Mar Mar Apr Mar Apr Apr Apr Apr Apr Apr	58 83 45 6 46 13 12 41 94 40 55 54 16 38 51	Receiver, Your Own (Queen) Aug 57; (Corr) Squelch circuit, unusual (NC) Superregenerator, remote-tuned† Time signals (NB) Transmitter Hydronic-Radiation (Althouse)*§ Microwave microtransmitter (NB) Transistor—Be Brave! Take On! (Davidson) Walkie-Talkie Power Booster (Crane) *§ Mar 60; (Corres) May 16; Corr Rule change (NB) Apr 6; (NB) Radio-Electronics Interviews Consumers Union (Belt) R/C Job, World's Toughest (Smith) Reaction-Time Testing of Race Drivers (Davis) Record and Play Video Tapes with Your TV Set (McGinty) § Relay Capacitance, unusual (NC) Self-Holding, Updating the (Ives) Sound IC (Greenlee)*§ Time-delay, SCR† Remote Control Blackboard (NB) PA Systems (Darr) Sequential tone control† Sound Relay, IC (Greenlee)*§ World's Toughest R/C Job (Smith) Remote-Reading Field Meter (White) *§ Repair CB Talk Troubles (Rice and Mueller) Resistor Breakthrough (NB) Power, Need a? Try a Transistor (Pepper) Rf Meter, and Dummy Load (Rice and Mueller)* Rotary Stepping Switches—They're Everywhere	Sept Sep May Jul May May May May May Jun May May Jun May Jun May Jun May Oct Oct Feb Nov	12 98 53 4 37 4 51 4 4 4 60 39 32 32 32 32 102 61 77 53 60 48 16 51 51	Lead-ins, In's and Out's of (Lacy) Man's World? Not to These Women (Smyth) PA amplifiers (CI)  Radio Servicing and TV Troubles (Davidson) Auto Interference (Tech) Intermittent (Delco/Chevrolet, 1965) (Tech) Overload (1962 Chevrolet) (CI) Remote volume control (CI) Squelch and audio (Motorola Motran U51LLT) (Tech) Battery eliminator from tube tester (TTO) CB Frequencies, Check with BC-221 and a (Gunn)® Professional Touch for (Darr) Range (CI) Talk Troubles (Rice and Mueller) Troubleshooter's Casebook (Mueller) Hum (Silvertone 6023) (Tech) Knob pointers (TTO) PC board cracked (Pilot 602MA) (Tech) 35W4 tubes pop (Motorola 56CD) (Tech) Table-Model AM/FM (Davidson) Transistor Be Bravel Take On! (Davidson) Speaker matching, solid-state (CI) Tuners, Signal-Trace FM-Radio and TV, with a Field-Strength Meter (Fitzgibbon) Series-string service, speeding (TTO) Soldering Caddy for bench or box (TTO) Desoldering Blow, don't suck (Tech) Iron kink (TTO) Tool (TTO) Masking tape as aid (TTO)	Oct Jun Sep Sep Aug Aug Convec Aug Jan Nov Nov Sep Jun Jun Nov Sep Jun Jun Nov Jun Nov Jun Nov Jun Jun Jun Nov Jun	42 62 22 84 92 26 27 86 27 86 95 86 95 87 88 88 84 99 99 93 88 88 88 88 98 88 88 88 88 88 88 88 88
Pattern Generator, DOTnBAR—Professional Quality (Lancaster)*§  PHOTOGRAPHY Camera, Solid-State, Is Here (Clifton) Flash Power of Electronic, Measure (Norman) Slave, for \$5, Electronic (Keith)* Strobe Slaves, Twin 200-Watt-Second (Rice)*§ Mar 49; (Corres) Holography Direct-View 3-d Images! (Smith) Lasers for (NB) 3-D, with ordinary light (NB) Home Movies Time-Compression Machine (Johnson)*§ Slide changer, transistor (NC) Timers, Double Feature, Starring (Chesson and Ives)* Weather photos, low-cost, by satellite (NB) Plasma and Balls of Fire, Lightning (Smith) Plastic Transistors—Future Billions (Bose) Polarity-reversal hint† Poor Man's Digital Voltmeter (Todd §), (Corres) Power Res'stor, Need a? Try a Transistor (Pepper) Power Supply All-Silicon Regulated (Rogers*§), (Corres) (Pace 5803 Laboratory) (ER) Preamp Mast-mounted (Schenfeld) Solid-State and High-Z Too (Wherry*§), Corr Printed-Circuit Boards, How to Make (Montan'e)	Jun Mar Jun Sep Jan Feb Apr Oct Aug Apr Mar Mar Apr Mar Apr Apr Apr Apr Apr Apr	58 83 45 6 46 13 12 41 94 56 12 40 38 51 16 70 36 12	Receiver, Your Own (Queen) Aug 57; (Corr) Squelch circuit, unusual (NC) Superregenerator, remote-tuned† Time signals (NB) Transmitter Hydronic-Radiation (Althouse)*§ Microwave microtransmitter (NB) Transistor—Be Brave! Take On! (Davidson) Walkie-Talkie Power Booster (Crane) *§ Mar 60; (Corres) May 16; Corr Rule change (NB) Apr 6; (NB) Radio-Electronics Interviews Consumers Union (Belt) R/C Job, World's Toughest (Smith) Reaction-Time Testing of Race Drivers (Davis) Record and Play Video Tapes with Your TV Set (McGinty) § Relay Capacitance, unusual (NC) Self-Holding, Updating the (Ives) Sound IC (Greenlee)*§ Time-delay, SCR† Remote Control Blackboard (NB) PA Systems (Darr) Sequential tone control† Sound Relay, IC (Greenlee)*§ World's Toughest R/C Job (Smith) Remote-Reading Field Meter (White) *§ Repair CB Talk Troubles (Rice and Mueller) Resistor Breakthrough (NB) Power, Need a? Try a Transistor (Pepper) Rf Meter, and Dummy Load (Rice and Mueller)* Rotary Stepping Switches—They're Everywhere	Sept Sep May Jul May May May May May Jun May May Jun May Jun May Jun May Oct Oct Feb Nov	12 98 53 4 37 4 51 4 4 4 60 39 32 32 32 32 102 61 77 53 60 48 16 51 51	Lead-ins, In's and Out's of (Lacy) Man's World? Not to These Women (Smyth) PA amplifiers (CI)  Radio Servicing and TV Troubles (Davidson) Auto Interference (Tech) Interference (Tech) Intermittent (Delco/Chevrolet, 1965) (Tech) Overload (1962 Chevrolet) (CI) Remote volume control (CI) Squelch and audio (Motorola Motran U51LLT) (Tech) Battery eliminator from tube tester (TTO) CB Frequencies, Check with BC-221 and a (Gunn) <sup>e</sup> Professional Touch for (Darr) Range (CI) Talk Troubles (Rice and Mueller) Troubleshooter's Casebook (Mueller) Hum (Silvertone 6023) (Tech) Yhob pointers (TTO) PC board cracked (Pilot 602MA) (Tech) 35W4 tubes pop (Motorola 56CD) (Tech) Table-Model AM/FM (Davidson) Transistor Be Bravel Take On! (Davidson) Speaker matching, solid-state (CI) Tuners, Signal-Trace FM-Radio and TV, with a Field-Strength Meter (Fitzgibbon) Socket wrenches, midget (TTO) Soldering Caddy for bench or box (TTO) Desoldering Blow, don't suck (Tech) Iron kink (TTO) Tool (TTO) Masking tape as aid (TTO) Technician Training grows (NB) Vanishing (NB) Television Servicing	Aug Juli Oct Jun Sep Sep Aug Aug Aug Jan Aug Jan Aug Jun Nov Nor Sep Juli Oct May Tun Aug Jun Aug Apr Jun Jun Aug	42 62 52 84 92 26 27 86 95 86 95 50 44 42 51 52 52 53 84 83 84 84 84 85 86 86 87 88 88 88 88 88 88 88 88 88 88 88 88
Pattern Generator, DOTnBAR—Professional Quality (Lancaster)*§  PHOTOGRAPHY Camera, Solid-State, Is Here (Clifton) Flash Power of Electronic, Measure (Norman) Slave, for, \$5, Electronic (Keith)* Strobe Slaves, Twin 200-Watt-Second (Rice) *§ Mar 49; (Corres) Holography Direct-View 3-d Images! (Smith) Lasers for (NB) 3-D, with ordinary light (NB) Home Movies Time-Compression Machine (Johnson) *§ Slide changer, transistor (NC) Timers, Double Feature, Starring (Chesson and Ives)* Weather photos, low-cost, by satellite (NB) Plasma and Balls of Fire, Lightning (Smith) Plastic Transistors—Future Billions (Bose) Polarity-reversal hint† Poor Man's Digital Voltmeter (Todd §), (Corres) Power Res stor, Need a? Try a Transistor (Pepper) Power Supply Ali-Silicon Regulated (Rogers*§), (Corres) (Pace 5803 Laboratory) (ER) Preamp Mast-mounted (Schenfeld) Solid-State and High-Z Too (Wherry*§), Corr  Printed-Circuit Boards, How to Make (Montan'e) Professiona! Quality Transmitter Monitor (Neil) *§	Jun Mar Jun Sep Jan Feb Apr Mar Mar Feb Apr Jan Nov Dec	58 83 45 6 46 13 12 41 94 56 12 40 55 54 16 70 36 12 62 56	Receiver, Your Own (Queen) Aug 57; (Corr) Squeich circuit, unusual (NC) Superregenerator, remote-tuned† Time signals (NB) Transmitter Hydronic-Radiation (Althouse)*§ Microwave microtransmitter (NB) Transistor—Be Brave! Take On! (Davidson) Walkie-Talkie Power Booster (Crane) *§ Mar 60; (Corres) May 16; Corr Rule change (NB) Apr 6; (NB) Radio-Electronics Interviews Consumers Union (Belt) R/C Job, World's Toughest (Smith) Reaction-Time Testing of Race Drivers (Davis) Record and Play Video Tapes with Your TV Set (McGinty) § Relay Capacitance, unusual (NC) Self-Holding, Updating the (Ives) Sound IC (Greenlee)*§ Time-delay, SCR† Remote Control Blackboard (NB) PA Systems (Darr) Sequential tone control† Sound Relay, IC (Greenlee)*§ World's Toughest R/C Job (Smith) Remote-Reading Field Meter (White) *§ Repair CB Talk Troubles (Rice and Mueller)* Resistor Breakthrough (NB) Power, Need a? Try a Transistor (Pepper) Rf Meter, and Dummy Load (Rice and Mueller)* Rotary Stepping Switches—They're Everywhere (Jaski) Nov 39;	Sept Sep May Jul May May May May May Jun May May Jun May Jun May Jun May Oct Oct Feb Nov	12 98 53 4 37 4 51 4 4 4 60 39 32 32 32 32 102 61 77 53 60 48 16 51 51	Lead-ins, In's and Out's of (Lacy) Man's World? Not to These Women (Smyth) PA amplifiers (CI)  Radio Servicing and TV Troubles (Davidson) Auto Interference (Tech) Intermittent (Delco/Chevrolet, 1965) (Tech) Overload (1962 Chevrolet) (CI) Remote volume control (CI) Squelch and audio (Motorola Motran U51LLT) (Tech) Battery eliminator from tube tester (TTO) CB Frequencies, Check with BC-221 and a (Gunn) <sup>e</sup> Professional Touch for (Darr) Range (CI) Talk Troubles (Rice and Mueller) Troubleshooter's Casebook (Mueller) Hum (Silvertone 6023) (Tech) Mob pointers (TTO) PC board cracked (Pilot 602MA) (Tech) 35W4 tubes pop (Motorola 56CD) (Tech) Table-Model AM/FM (Davidson) Transistor Be Brave! Take On! (Davidson) Speaker matching, solid-state (CI) Tuners, Signal-Trace FM-Radio and TV, with a Field-Strength Meter (Fitzgibbon) Series-string service, speeding (TTO) Soldering Caddy for bench or box (TTO) Desoldering Blow, don't suck (Tech) Iron kink (TTO) Tool (TTO) Masking tape as aid (TTO) Technician Training grows (NB) Vanishing (NB)  Television Servlcing and Radio Troubles (Davidson) Antenna	Aug Juli Oct Oct Jun Sep Sep Aug Aug Aug Jun Aug Jun Nov Sep Jul Oct May Mar Feb Jul Jun Aug Oct Oct	422 52 84 92 262 27 86 95 86 95 50 44 22 48 88 84 97 93 88 94 95 95 88 95 95 95 95 95 95 95 95 95 95 95 95 95
Pattern Generator, DOTnBAR—Professional Quality (Lancaster)*§  PHOTOGRAPHY Camera, Solid-State, Is Here (Clifton) Flash Power of Electronic, Measure (Norman) Stave, for \$5, Electronic (Keith)* Strobe Slaves, Twin 200-Watt-Second (Rice)*§ Mar 49; (Corres) Holography Direct-View 3-d Images! (Smith) Lasers for (NB) 3-D, with ordinary light (NB) Home Movies Time-Compression Machine (Johnson) \$ Slide changer, transistor (NC) Timers, Double Feature, Starring (Chesson and Ives)* Weather photos, low-cost, by satellite (NB) Plasma and Balls of Fire, Lightning (Smith) Plastic Transistors—Future Billions (Bose) Polarity-reversal hint† Poor Man's Digital Voltmeter (Todd \$), (Corres) Power Res'stor, Need a? Try a Transistor (Pepper) Power Supply All-Silicon Regulated (Rogers*§), (Corres) (Pace 5803 Laboratory) (ER) Preamp Mast-mounted (Schenfeld) Solid-State and High-Z Too (Wherry*§), Corr Printed-Circuit Boards, How to Make (Montan'e) Professional Quality Transmitter Monitor (Neil) \$ Professional Touch for CB (Darr)	Jun Mar Jun Sep Jan Feb Aug Feb Jun Apr Mar Mar Feb Aug Feb Apr Jan Nov	58 83 45 6 46 13 12 41 94 56 12 40 55 54 16 70 36 12 62 56	Receiver, Your Own (Queen) Aug 57; (Corr) Squelch circuit, unusual (NC) Superregenerator, Renote-tuned† Time signals (NB) Transmitter Hydronic-Radiation (Althouse)°§ Microwave microtransmitter (NB) Transsitor—Be Brave! Take On! (Davidson) Walkie-Talkie Power Booster (Crane) °§ Mar 60; (Corres) May 16; Corr Rule change (NB) Apr 6; (NB) Radio-Electronics Interviews Consumers Union (Belt) R/C Job, World's Toughest (Smith) Reaction-Time Testing of Race Drivers (Davis) Record and Play Video Tapes with Your TV Set (McGinty) § Relay Capacitance, unusual (NC) Self-Holding, Updating the (Ives) Sound IC (Greenlee)°§ Time-delay, SCR† Remote Control Blackboard (NB) PA Systems (Darr) Sequential tone control† Sound Relay, IC (Greenlee)°§ World's Toughest R/C Job (Smith) Remote-Reading Field Meter (White) °§ Repair CB Talk Troubles (Rice and Mueller) Resistor Breakthrough (NB) Power, Need a? Try a Transistor (Pepper) Rf Meter, and Dummy Load (Rice and Mueller)° Rotary Stepping Switches—They're Everywhere (Jaski) Now 39;	Sept Sep May Jul May May May May May Jun May May Jun May Jun May Jun May Oct Oct Feb Nov	12 98 53 4 37 4 51 4 4 4 60 39 32 32 32 32 102 61 77 53 60 48 16 51 51	Lead-ins, In's and Out's of (Lacy) Man's World? Not to These Women (Smyth) PA amplifiers (CI)  Radio Servicing and TV Troubles (Davidson) Auto Interference (Tech) Intermittent (Delco/Chevrolet, 1965) (Tech) Overload (1962 Chevrolet) (CI) Remote volume control (CI) Squelch and audio (Motorola Motran U51LLT) (Tech) Battery eliminator from tube tester (TTO) CB Frequencies, Check with BC-221 and a (Gunn) <sup>©</sup> Professional Touch for (Darr) Range (CI) Talk Troubles (Rice and Mueller) Troubleshooter's Casebook (Mueller) Hum (Silvertone 6023) (Tech) Knob pointers (TTO) PC board cracked (Pilot 602MA) (Tech) 35W4 tubes pop (Motorola 56CD) (Tech) Table-Model AM/FM (Davidson) Transistor Be Bravel Take On! (Davidson) Speaker matching, solid-state (CI) Tuners, Signal-Trace FM-Radio and TV, with a Field-Strength Meter (Fitzgibbon) Series-string service, speeding (TTO) Socket wrenches, midget (TTO) Soldering Caddy for bench or box (TTO) Desoldering Blow, don't suck (Tech) Iron kink (TTO) Tool (TTO) Masking tape as aid (TTO) Technician Training grows (NB) Vanishing (NB) Television Servicing and Radio Troubles (Davidson) Antenna Rotator (Tech) Tuning stub, "second chance," (TTO)	Aug Juli Oct Jun Sep Sep Aug Aug Aug Jan Aug Jun Nort May Mar Feb Jul Jun Jun Aug Apr Jun Oct May Mar Sep Jun Oct Sep	42 62 52 84 92 26 27 86 95 86 95 50 44 42 51 52 52 53 84 83 84 84 84 85 86 86 87 88 88 88 88 88 88 88 88 88 88 88 88
Pattern Generator, DOTnBAR—Professional Quality (Lancaster)*§  PHOTOGRAPHY Camera, Solid-State, Is Here (Clifton) Flash Power of Electronic, Measure (Norman) Slave, for \$5, Electronic (Keith)* Strobe Slaves, Twin 200-Watt-Second (Rice)*§ Mar 49; (Corres) Holography Direct-View 3-d Images! (Smith) Lasers for (NB) 3-D, with ordinary light (NB) Home Movies Time-Compression Machine (Johnson)*§ Slide changer, transistor (NC) Timers, Double Feature, Starring (Chesson and Ives)* Weather photos, low-cost, by satellite (NB) Plasma and Balls of Fire, Lightning (Smith) Plastic Transistors—Future Billions (Bose) Polarity-reversal hint† Poor Man's Digital Voltmeter (Todd §), (Corres) Power Stor, Need a? Try a Transistor (Pepper) Power Res stor, Need a? Try a Transistor (Pepper) Power Supply All-Silicon Regulated (Rogers*§), (Corres) (Pace 5803 Laboratory) (ER) Preamp Mast-mounted (Schenfeld) Solid-State and High-Z Too (Wherry*§), Corr Printed-Circuit Boards, How to Make (Montan'e) Professional Touch for CB (Darr) PUBLIC ADDRESS Amplifiers (CI)	Jun Mar Jun Sep Jan Feb Apr Mar May Apr Mar Feb Apr Jan Nov Dec Jan Oct	58 83 45 6 46 13 12 41 94 55 54 16 38 51 16 70 36 12 62 55 64 44	Receiver, Your Own (Queen) Aug 57; (Corr) Squelch circuit, unusual (NC) Superregenerator, remote-tuned† Time signals (NB) Transmitter Hydronic-Radiation (Althouse)°§ Microwave microtransmitter (NB) Transsitor—Be Brave! Take On! (Davidson) Walkie-Talkie Power Booster (Crane) °§ Mar 60; (Corres) May 16; Corr Rule change (NB) Apr 6; (NB) Radio-Electronics Interviews Consumers Union (Belt) R/C Job, World's Toughest (Smith) Reaction-Time Testing of Race Drivers (Davis) Record and Play Video Tapes with Your TV Set (McGinty) § Relay Capacitance, unusual (NC) Self-Holding, Updating the (Ives) Sound IC (Greenlee)°§ Time-delay, SCR† Remote Control Blackboard (NB) PA Systems (Darr) Sequential tone control† Sound Relay, IC (Greenlee)°§ World's Toughest R/C Job (Smith) Remote-Reading Field Meter (White) °§ Repair CB Talk Troubles (Rice and Mueller) Resistor Breakthrough (NB) Power, Need a? Try a Transistor (Pepper) Rf Meter, and Dummy Load (Rice and Mueller)° Rotary Stepping Switches—They're Everywhere (Jaski)  Satellite(s) Comsat: Communication in the Space Age	Sept Sep May Jul May Mar Sep Jul Jun May May Apr Jan May May Jun May Aug Oct Oct Feb Nov Dec	12 98 53 4 37 4 51 4 4 4 4 60 39 32 32 32 102 61 77 77 39 60 48 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16	Lead-ins, In's and Out's of (Lacy) Man's World? Not to These Women (Smyth) PA amplifiers (Cl)  Radio Servicing and TV Troubles (Davidson) Auto Interference (Tech) Intermittent (Delco/Chevrolet, 1965) (Tech) Overload (1962 Chevrolet) (Cl) Remote volume control (Cl) Squelch and audio (Motorola Motran U51LLT) (Tech) Battery eliminator from tube tester (TTO) CB Frequencies, Check with BC-221 and a (Gunn) <sup>©</sup> Professional Touch for (Darr) Range (Cl) Talk Troubles (Rice and Mueller) Troubleshooter's Casebook (Mueller) Hum (Silvertone 6023) (Tech) Knob pointers (TTO) PC board cracked (Pilot 602MA) (Tech) 35W4 tubes pop (Motorola 56CD) (Tech) Table-Model AM/FM (Davidson) Transistor Be Bravel Take On! (Davidson) Speaker matching, solid-state (Cl) Tuners, Signal-Trace FM-Radio and TV, with a Field-Strength Meter (Fitzgibbon) Series-string service, speeding (TTO) Socket wrenches, midget (TTO) Socket wrenches, midget (TTO) Desoldering Caddy for bench or box (TTO) Desoldering Taning grows (NB) Vanishing (NB)  Television Servicing and Radio Troubles (Davidson) Antenna Rotator (Tech) Tuning stub, "second chance," (TTO) Audio Distortion (G-E TB chassis) (Tech)	Aug Juli Oct Jun Sep Sep Aug Aug Aug Jan Aug Jun Nort May Mar Feb Jul Jun Jun Aug Apr Jun Oct May Mar Sep Jun Oct Sep	42 62 22 84 92 26 27 86 95 95 86 95 44 83 84 84 84 84 84 95 95 95 95 95 95 95 95 95 95 95 95 95
Pattern Generator, DOTnBAR—Professional Quality (Lancaster)*§  PHOTOGRAPHY Camera, Solid-State, Is Here (Clifton) Flash Power of Electronic, Measure (Norman) Slave, for \$5, Electronic (Keith)* Strobe Slaves, Twin 200-Watt-Second (Rice)*§ Mar 49; (Corres) Holography Direct-View 3-d Images! (Smith) Lasers for (NB) 3-D, with ordinary light (NB) Home Movies Time-Compression Machine (Johnson)*§ Slide changer, transistor (NC) Timers, Double Feature, Starring (Chesson and Ives)* Weather photos, low-cost, by satellite (NB) Plasma and Balls of Fire, Lightning (Smith) Plastic Transistors—Future Billions (Bose) Polarity-reversal hint† Poor Man's Digital Voltmeter (Todd §), (Corres) Power Res'stor, Need a? Try a Transistor (Pepper) Power Supply All-Silicon Regulated (Rogers*§), (Corres) (Pace 5803 Laboratory) (ER) Preamp Mast-mounted (Schenfeld) Solid-State and High-Z Too (Wherry*§), Corr Printed-Circuit Boards, How to Make (Montan'e) Professional Quality Transmitter Monitor (Neil) § Professional Touch for CB (Darr)  PUBLIC ADDRESS Amplifiers (Cl) Remote Control for PA Systems (Darr) Switching circuit, audio (NC)	Jun Mar Jun Sep Jan Feb Apr Oct May Mar Nov Dec May Sep	58 83 45 6 46 13 12 41 94 55 54 16 38 51 16 70 36 12 62 44 44 44 47 48 48 48 48 48 48 48 48 48 48 48 48 48	Receiver, Your Own (Queen) Aug 57; (Corr) Squelch circuit, unusual (NC) Superregenerator, remote-tuned† Time signals (NB) Transmitter Hydronic-Radiation (Althouse)*§ Microwave microtransmitter (NB) Transsitor—Be Brave! Take On! (Davidson) Walkie-Talkie Power Booster (Crane) *§ Mar 60; (Corres) May 16; Corr Rule change (NB) Apr 6; (NB) Radio-Electronics Interviews Consumers Union (Belt) R/C Job, World's Toughest (Smith) Reaction-Time Testing of Race Drivers (Davis) Record and Play Video Tapes with Your TV Set (McGinty) *§ Relay Capacitance, unusual (NC) Self-Holding, Updating the (Ives) Sound IC (Greenlee)*§ Time-delay, SCR† Remote Control Blackboard (NB) PA Systems (Darr) Sequential tone control† Sound Relay, IC (Greenlee)*§ World's Toughest R/C Job (Smith) Remote-Reading Field Meter (White) *§ Repair CB Talk Troubles (Rice and Mueller) Resistor Breakthrough (NB) Power, Need a? Try a Transistor (Pepper) Rf Meter, and Dummy Load (Rice and Mueller)* Rotary Stepping Switches—They're Everywhere (Jaski)  Satellite(s) Comsat: Communication in the Space Age (Thrower) Missile base, teenage students discover Soviet	Sept Sep May Jul May Mar Sep Jul Jun May May Apr Jan May May Jun May May Jun May Oct Oct Feb Nov Dec	12 98 34 37 4 51 4 4 4 60 39 32 32 32 102 61 77 53 60 48 16 51 50 46	Lead-ins, In's and Out's of (Lacy) Man's World? Not to These Women (Smyth) PA amplifiers (CI)  Radio Servicing and TV Troubles (Davidson) Auto Interference (Tech) Intermittent (Delco/Chevrolet, 1965) (Tech) Overload (1962 Chevrolet) (CI) Remote volume control (CI) Squelch and audio (Motorola Motran U51LLT) (Tech) Battery eliminator from tube tester (TTO) CB Frequencies, Check with BC-221 and a (Gunn) <sup>©</sup> Professional Touch for (Darr) Ranga (CI) Talk Troubles (Rice and Mueller) Troubleshooter's Casebook (Mueller) Hum (Silvertone 6023) (Tech) Knob pointers (TTO) PC board cracked (Pilot 602MA) (Tech) 35W4 tubes pop (Motorola 56CD) (Tech) Table-Model AM/FM (Davidson) Transistor Be Bravel Take On! (Davidson) Speaker matching, solid-state (CI) Tuners, Signal-Trace FM-Radio and TV, with a Field-Strength Meter (Fitzgibbon) Sorket wrenches, midget (TTO) Socket wrenches, midget (TTO) Socket wrenches, midget (TTO) Tool (TTO) Masking tape as aid (TTO) Technician Training grows (NB) Vanishing (NB) Television Servicing and Radio Troubles (Davidson) Antenna Rotator (Tech) Tuning stub, "second chance," (TTO) Audio Distortion (G-E TB chassis) (Tech) Sound-tuning range (G-E SB and SC chassis) (Tech)	Aug Juli Oct Jun Sep Sep Aug Aug Aug Jun Ang Oct May May Feb Jul Jun Aug Apr Jun Oct May Mar Aug Mar Mar	42 62 52 84 92 26 27 86 95 95 86 95 95 87 99 93 88 84 84 84 84 84 95 95 95 95 95 95 95 95 95 95 95 95 95
Pattern Generator, DOTnBAR—Professional Quality (Lancaster)*§  PHOTOGRAPHY Camera, Solid-State, Is Here (Clifton) Flash Power of Electronic, Measure (Norman) Slave, for, \$5, Electronic (Keith)* Strobe Slaves, Twin 200-Watt-Second (Rice) *§ Mar 49; (Corres) Holography Direct-View 3-d Images! (Smith) Lasers for (NB) 3-D, with ordinary light (NB) Home Movies Time-Compression Machine (Johnson) *§ Slide changer, transistor (NC) Timers, Double Feature, Starring (Chesson and Ives)* Weather photos, low-cost, by satellite (NB) Plasma and Balls of Fire, Lightning (Smith) Plastic Transistors—Future Billions (Bose) Polarity-reversal hint† Poor Man's Digical Voltmeter (Todd §), (Corres) Jan 22; Portable Color Recorder (Roizen) Power Res stor, Need a? Try a Transistor (Pepper) Power Supply All-Silicon Regulated (Rogers*§), (Corres) (Pace 5803 Laboratory) (ER) Preamp Mast-mounted (Schenfeld) Solid-State and High-Z Too (Wherry*§), Corr Printed-Circuit Boards, How to Make (Montan'e) Professional Quality Transmitter Monitor (Neil) *§ Professional Touch for CB (Darr)  PUBLIC ADDRESS Amplifiers (CI) Remote Control for PA Systems (Darr) Switching circuit, audio (NC) Tape recording from PA output (CI) Tone control, five-channel (NC)	Jun Mar Jun Sep Jan Feb Apr Mar Mar Feb Apr Jan Nov Dec Jan Oct May Sep Nov	58 83 45 6 46 13 12 41 94 55 54 16 38 51 16 70 36 12 62 44 44 44 47 48 48 48 48 48 48 48 48 48 48 48 48 48	Receiver, Your Own (Queen) Aug 57; (Corr) Squelch circuit, unusual (NC) Superregenerator, remote-tuned† Time signals (NB) Transmitter Hydronic-Radiation (Althouse)*§ Microwave microtransmitter (NB) Transsistor—Be Brave! Take On! (Davidson) Walkie-Talkie Power Booster (Crane) *§ Mar 60; (Corres) May 16; Corr Rule change (NB) Apr 6; (NB) Radio-Electronics Interviews Consumers Union (Belt) R/C Job, World's Toughest (Smith) Reaction-Time Testing of Race Drivers (Davis) Record and Play Video Tapes with Your TV Set (McGinty) *§ Relay Capacitance, unusual (NC) Self-Holding, Updating the (Ives) Sound IC (Greenlee)*§ Time-delay, SCR† Remote Control Blackboard (NB) PA Systems (Darr) Sequential tone control† Sound Relay, IC (Greenlee)*§ World's Toughest R/C Job (Smith) Remote-Reading Field Meter (White) *§ Repair CB Talk Troubles (Rice and Mueller) Resistor Breakthrough (NB) Power, Need a? Try a Transistor (Pepper) Rf Meter, and Dummy Load (Rice and Mueller) Rotary Stepping Switches—They're Everywhere (Jaski)  Satellite(s) Comsat: Communication in the Space Age (Thrower) Missile base, teenage students discover Soviet (NB) Pacific, in regular service (NB)	Sept Sep May Jul May Mar Sep Jul Jun May May May Apr Jan Sep Jun May May Aug Oct Oct Feb Nov Dec May May May Aug	12 98 33 4 37 4 51 4 4 4 60 39 32 32 61 77 73 39 60 48 16 15 10 46 48 49	Lead-ins, In's and Out's of (Lacy) Man's World? Not to These Women (Smyth) PA amplifiers (CI)  Radio Servicing and TV Troubles (Davidson) Auto Interference (Tech) Interference (Tech) Intermittent (Delco/Chevrolet, 1965) (Tech) Overload (1962 Chevrolet) (CI) Remote volume control (CI) Squelch and audio (Motorola Motran U51LLT) (Tech) Battery eliminator from tube tester (TTO) CB Frequencies, Check with BC-221 and a (Gunn) <sup>©</sup> Professional Touch for (Darr) Range (CI) Talk Troubles (Rice and Mueller) Troubleshooter's Casebook (Mueller) Hum (Silvertone 6023) (Tech) Knob pointers (TTO) PC board cracked (Pilot 602MA) (Tech) 35W4 tubes pop (Motorola 56CD) (Tech) Table-Model AM/FM (Davidson) Transistor Be Bravel Take On! (Davidson) Speaker matching, solid-state (CI) Tuners, Signal-Trace FM-Radio and TV, with a Field-Strength Meter (Fitzgibbon) Series-string service, speeding (TTO) Socket wrenches, midget (TTO) Soldering Caddy for bench or box (TTO) Desoldering Blow, don't suck (Tech) Iron kink (TTO) Tool (TTO) Masking tape as aid (TTO) Technician Training grows (NB) Vanishing (NB)  Television Servicing and Radio Troubles (Davidson) Antenna Rotator (Tech) Tuning stub, "second chance," (TTO) Audio Distortion (G-E TB chassis) (Tech) Sound-tuning range (G-E SB and SC chassis) (Tech) Boost (CI) Checking out (CI)	Aug Juli Oct Oct Jun Sep Sep Aug Aug Aug Jun Aug Jun Nov Sep Juli Oct May May Apr Jun Oct Sep Feb Mar	422 522 84 92 262 27 86 95 86 95 50 44 22 48 88 88 88 89 91 52 88 88 88 88 88 88 88 88 88 88 88 88 88
Pattern Generator, DOTnBAR—Professional Quality (Lancaster)*§  PHOTOGRAPHY Camera, Solid-State, Is Here (Clifton) Flash Power of Electronic, Measure (Norman) Stave, for \$5, Electronic (Keith)* Strobe Slaves, Twin 200-Watt-Second (Rice) *§ Mar 49; (Corres) Holography Direct-View 3-d Images! (Smith) Lasers for (NB) 3-D, with ordinary light (NB) Home Movies Time-Compression Machine (Johnson) *§ Slide changer, transistor (NC) Timers, Double Feature, Starring (Chesson and Ives)* Weather photos, low-cost, by satellite (NB) Plasma and Balls of Fire, Lightning (Smith) Plastic Transistors—Future Billions (Bose) Polarity-reversal hint† Poor Man's Digital Voltmeter (Todd \$), (Corres) Power Res stor, Need a? Try a Transistor (Pepper) Power Supply Ali-Silicon Regulated (Rogers*§), (Corres) (Pace 5803 Laboratory) (ER) Preamp Mast-mounted (Schenfeld) Solid-State and High-Z Too (Wherry*§), Cor  Printed-Circuit Boards, How to Make (Montan'e) Professional Quality Transmitter Monitor (Neil) *§ Professional Touch for CB (Darr) PUBLIC ABDRESS Amplifiers (CI) Remote Control for PA Systems (Darr) Switching circuit, audio (NC) Tape recording from PA output (CI)	Jun Mar Jun Sep Jan Feb Apr Oct May Apr Mar Mar Feb Apr Aug Feb Apr Jan Nov Dec Jan Oct May Nov Oct	58 83 45 6 46 13 12 41 94 56 12 40 55 54 16 70 36 12 62 44 47 98 26 44 22 47 98 26 26 27 28 28 28 28 28 28 28 28 28 28	Receiver, Your Own (Queen) Aug 57; (Corr) Squelch circuit, unusual (NC) Superregenerator, remote-tuned† Time signals (NB) Transmitter Hydronic-Radiation (Althouse)*\$ Microwave microtransmitter (NB) Transistor—Be Brave! Take On! (Davidson) Walkie-Talkie Power Booster (Crane) *\$ Mar 60; (Corres) May 16; Corr Rule change (NB) Apr 6; (NB) Radio-Electronics Interviews Consumers Union (Belt) R/C Job, World's Toughest (Smith) Reaction-Time Testing of Race Drivers (Davis) Record and Play Video Tapes with Your TV Set (McGinty) *\$ Relay Capacitance, unusual (NC) Self-Holding, Updating the (Ives) Sound IC (Greenlee)*\$ Time-delay, SCR† Remote Control Blackboard (NB) PA Systems (Darr) Sequential tone control† Sound Relay, IC (Greenlee)*\$ World's Toughest R/C Job (Smith) Remote-Reading Field Meter (White) *\$ Repair CB Talk Troubles (Rice and Mueller) Resistor Breakthrough (NB) Power, Need a? Try a Transistor (Pepcer) Rf Meter, and Dummy Load (Rice and Mueller)* Rotary Stepping Switches—They're Everywhere (Jaski)  Satellite(s) Comsat: Communication in the Space Age (Thrower) Missile base, teenage students discover Soviet (NB)	Sept Sep May Mar Sep Jul Jun May May Apr Jan May May Aug Oct Oct Frow Dec May	12 98 34 37 4 51 4 4 4 60 39 32 32 32 102 61 77 53 60 48 16 51 50 46	Lead-ins, In's and Out's of (Lacy) Man's World? Not to These Women (Smyth) PA amplifiers (CI)  Radio Servicing and TV Troubles (Davidson) Auto Interference (Tech) Intermittent (Delco/Chevrolet, 1965) (Tech) Overload (1962 Chevrolet) (CI) Remote volume control (CI) Squelch and audio (Motorola Motran U51LLT) (Tech) Battery eliminator from tube tester (TTO) CB Frequencies, Check with BC-221 and a (Gunn) <sup>6</sup> Professional Touch for (Darr) Range (CI) Talk Troubles (Rice and Mueller) Troubleshooter's Casebook (Mueller) Hum (Silvertone 6023) (Tech) Knob pointers (TTO) PC board cracked (Pilot 602MA) (Tech) 35W4 tubes pop (Motorola 56CD) (Tech) Table-Model AM/FM (Davidson) Transistor Be Bravel Take On! (Davidson) Speaker matching, solid-state (CI) Tuners, Signal-Trace FM-Radio and TV, with a Field-Strength Meter (Fitzgibbon) Series-string service, speeding (TTO) Socket wrenches, midget (TTO) Socket wrenches, midget (TTO) Desoldering Blow, don't suck (Tech) Iron kink (TTO) Tool (TTO) Masking tape as aid (TTO) Technician Training grows (NB) Vanishing (NB)  Television Servlcing and Radio Troubles (Davidson) Antenna Rotator (Tech) Tuning stub, "second chance," (TTO) Audio Distortion (G-E TB chassis) (Tech) Sound-tuning range (G-E SB and SC chassis) (Tech) Boost (CI)	Aug Juin Oct Jun Sep Sep Sep Aug	422 52 84 92 262 27 86 95 86 95 86 95 87 88 84 84 92 88 88 95 88 88 95 95 88 88 95 95 95 95 95 95 95 95 95 95 95 95 95

Servicing (continued)			Socket wrenches, midget (TTO)	Mar	93	Television (continued)		
Television servicing (continued)			Solar-powered Gamma Goat (Hoke)*		34	\$50 (NB)	Aug	4
Blue misconvergence (Olympic CTC-19, -20, -21) (Tech)	Nov	86	Soldering			IC's in (NB) Image enhancer (NB)	Feb Aug	6
Chroma, Troubleshooting, with vtvm	May	60	Caddy for bench or box (TTO)	Feb	88	Microwave/video pictures for pilots (NB)	Aug	6
(Babcoke) Conversions (CI) May 22	May	26	Desoldering Blow, don't suck (Tech)	Jul	84	Multiplex, with printed copy (NB) Picture size (NB)	Aug Feb	6
Degaussers in metal cabinets, automatic	Jan	26	Tool (TTO)	Jun	91	Pocketable (NB)	Sep	4
(RCA CTC11) (CI) Exploring the Jungle of Color Troubles	Jan		Iron kink (TTO) Masking tepe as aid (TTO)	Jan Aug	98 95	Portable Color, small-screen (NB)	Aug	6
(Davidson)	Jan	56	Solid State	, lug	•••	Pocketable (NB)	Sep	4
Horizontal streaking (Zenith 25MC36) (CI)	Jut	25	and High-Z Too (Wherry*§), Corr		12	Tiny black-and-white (NB) Tiny, tiny (NB)	Aug Feb	6
Linearity, Don't Neglect (Mandl)	Jan	7 <del>6</del> 26	Camera Is Here (Clifton) C-D Ingition under \$25 (Ward)*§ Feb 32;	Jun	58	Preamp, Mast-mounted (Schenfeld)	Apr	
Loss, selective (CI) Pix dim, raster small (RCA CTC16)	Sep	20	Corr	Apr		Satellite(s) Comsat: Communication in the Space Age		
(Tech)	Jan	97	Electric Appliances (Haskett) Jun 42 MAT • MOST • MOSFET • UFET • FET:	; Jul	41	(Thrower)	May	
Purity and Convergence Interaction (Murphy and Carr)	Jan	32	Understanding Solid-State Talk (Turner)	Sep	48	Pacific, in regular service (NB) Slow-motion replay (NB)	Apr Jan	4
Red intermittent (RCA CTC15) (CI) Remote control (Admiral) (Tech)	Jan	26	Radar (NB) Relay, Updating the Self-Holding (Ives)	Mar	12 61	Station, one-man (NB)	Aug	6
Screen won't light (CI)	Aug	86 24	Strobe Slaves, Twin 200-Watt-Second			Tape recorder Color		
Servicing Hints on New (Mandl) 6CB5 life short (RCA 21CS7815U) (CI)	Nov	37	(Rice)*§ Mar 49; (Corres) Tape/Slide Synchronizer (Havenhill)*§	Sep	6 32	Home, \$500 (NB)	Aug	6
Socket, burned-up (Zenith) (CI)	Aug	24 27	Television, color (NB)	Aug		More low-cost color on tape (NB) Portable (Roizen)	Apr Mar	12
Test-jig adapter (Admiral) (Tech)	Dec	87	TV Camera pickup "tube" (NB)	Feb	4	Dielectric camera (WN)	Jan	
Triggered Scope for (Allen) Trouble That Couldn't Happen	Jan	50	Something New in Color Generators (Allen)	May	42	Record and Play Video Tapes with Your TV Set (McGinty)*S	Apr	32
(Lowens) Jan 94;	Feb	72	Sound Relay, IC (Greenlee)*§	Jun	77	Video visit from Vietnam (NB)	Jan	4
Troubles (G-E CB chassis) (Tech) Vertical retrace (Dumont) (Tech)	Jan Jul	97 84	Special Sounds of Organ Music (Dorf)	Jun	52	Uhf Multiantenna tower, world's first (WN)	Jan	45
Vertical roll (Zenith 25MC36) (Tech)	Jun	84	Stereo, see also Audio-high fidelity-stereo; F	M. st	ereo	Translator (Lectrotech U-75) (ER)	Mar	
Vertical roll during warmup (RCA CTC5) (Tech)	Jan	97	FM Stations Aug 34; (Corres)	Nov	12	Weather photos, low-cost, by satellite (NB) X-ray	Jun	12
Weak (CI)	Jun	16	Generator, Transistor (Payne)*§ Headphone Control Center (Sutheim)*		32 35	Calibacks (NB)	Aug	6
Width coil (Admiral 25-in.) (Tech) Worms (Zenith 29CJ20) (CI)	Jan Jan	97 26		May		Radiation, What You Should Know About (Lachenbruch)	Nov	E.A
D • U • D, Servicing with (Goodman)					00	Television's 40th Birthday (Ives)	Apr	
(fiction) Five-in-One TV Shop (Smith)	Apr Jun	39 55	Switch(es) No-contact (NB)	Jan	12	illiana de la companya del companya de la companya del companya de la companya de	Арі	30
Flybacks run hot (CI)	Dec	16	Rotary Stepping—They're Everywhere (Jaski) Nov 39;	Dee	AC	TEST INSTRUMENTS, see also Servicing Audio-frequency AM detector†	May	54
Heater-string electrolytic (Star-Lite TV-810) (CI)	Oct	26	200	Dec	40	Audio Generator, Sine-Square-Saw, IC		
Height insufficient (Philco 8H25) (Tech)	Feb	74	Synchronizer, Solid-State Tape/Slide (Havenhill)*§	Dec	32	(Hansen)*§ Check and Recalibrate Test Gear (Getz)	Jul Jul	
High voltage, shorting stick for (TTO) Horizontal	Sep	99				Circuit-Breaker Testing (Darr)* Feb 38;		
Hold, Lucky Hunts (Lemons)	Feb	42				(Corres) Color generator	Jul	14
Sync instability (Admiral 14UY3B)	Oct	82	~			Sencore CG-10 "Lo-Boy" (ER)	Jan	
(Tech) Intermittent sound and pix (DuMont RA-400	Oct		T			Something New in (Allen) Controlled Rectifiers, Quick-Checker for	May	42
and RA-401) (Tech)	Apr	84	T-40/40 Stereo Amplifier (Meyer §), output			(Anglin)*	Mar	70
Knob Twisting, Down With (Hadrick and Michelotti)	Jul	79	problem in (CI)	Jun	22	CRT tester-rejuvenator repair (Sencore CR-133) (Tech)	Let	0.4
Line adjustment transformer (Tech)	Nov	86	Table-Model AM/FM Radios, Service (Davidson)	Nov	52	D • U • D, Servicing with (Goodman)	Jul	84
Luck Is a Lady (Salerno) Pricing (NB)	Aug	4	Tachometar/Dwellmaster, Simplest (Sweet*);			(fiction) Dummy Load and Rf Meter (Rice and	Apr	39
Raster			Corr (Corres)	Jul	14	Mueller) ©	Nov	50
Gray spot (CI) Intermittent (RCA KCS 140) (Tech)	Feb Aug	27 86	Tape recorders, see Audio-high fidelity-stere	0		Field-Strength Meter, Signal-Trace FM-Radio		
Rectifier	1146	00	Technician to Technical Writer (Holder)	Feb	49	and TV Tuners with a (Fitzgibbon) Flutter Meter, Compact, High-Performance	Oct	5/
Substitution of HV (RCA CTC 16X) (Tech)	Dec	87	Technician's Apprentice (Barlow) (poem)	Jun	41	(Hansen)*§ Info, WANTED (Scott)	Dec	52
Testing with scope? (CI)	Jul	22	Telephone		-	Line-voltage indicator†	Jul May	50
Shop, Five-in-One (Smith) 6JE6's, watch those (Tech)	Jun Apr		Lineless (NB)	Sep		Meter temperature compensation (NC)	Jul	90
Transistor, Tools and Tests for (Darr)	Mar		No-talk (WN) Satellite(s)	Jan	45	Microammeter, what can you do with (CI) Mini-Tester, Transistor and Diode (Randall)*	Feb Oct	22
Trouble that Couldn't Happen (Lowens) Jan 94;	Enh	72	Comsat: Communication in the Space Age			Multiplex Generator, Stereo Generator,		
Tuners, Signal-Trace FM Radio and TV, with			(Thrower) Pacific, in regular service	May		Transistor (Payne)*§ Ohm Splitter (McCormick)*§	Jul Sep	
a Field-Strength Meter (Fitzgibbon) Vertical	Oct	57	Time's up!, sorry (NB)	Apr		Pattern Generator, DOTnBAR—Professional		
Output transformer (Tech)	May	91	TELEVISION, see also Servicing, television			Quality (Lancaster)*§ Power supply	Jul	36
Sweep Manual (Davidson) Troubles (Admiral C2227X) (Tech)	Dec Mar	49 82	Antenna(s), see also Antenna(s)			All-Silicon Regulated (Rogers*§) (Corres)	Aug	16
Video amplifiers, transistor (CI)	Jul	16	Auto (JFD ATV111) (ER)	Mar		(Pace 5803 Laboratory) (ER) Rf Meter, and Dummy Load (Rice and	Feb	70
Voltage reading reversed? (Zenith R2229R)	Jul	22	Coupler, TV/FM (NC) Height (CI)	Apr	22	Mueller)*	Nov	50
(CI) Why Services Like Servicing (Glass and	Jui	22	Ignition-noise pickup (CI) Preamp, Mast-mounted (Schenfeld)	Apr	22 36	Scope Laboratory (Knight-Kit KG-2100) (ER)	Jui	69
Tracy) Width, bars and blooming (Olympic CTC17,	May	45	Tower, world's first multiantenna (WN)	Jan	45	Peak voltage with diode and (TTO)	Jan	98
CTC18) (Tech)	Apr	85	Tuning stub, "second chance," (TTO) Birthday, Television's 40th (Ives)	Feb Apr	88 55	Rectifier testing with? (CI) Triggered, for Color (Allen) Jan 51;	Jul	22
X-ray callbacks (NB)	Aug	6	Camera			(Corres)	Jun	14
The state of the s			Dielectric (WN) Pickup ''tube,'' solid-state (NB)	Jan Feb	45	Servicing, see Servicing, test instruments Signal generator—FM at Your Fingertips		
Test Instrument Servicing Meter-rectifier hookups, ac (CI)	ar	25	Closed-circuit remote-control blackboard			(Buegel) *§	Jul	
Scope			(NB) Color	Jan	6	Stereo Generator, Transistor (Payne) S Tone-Burst Generator, Audio (DeSa)*S	Jul	32
Adjusting kit (Eico 460) (CI) Signal-tracing vertical amplifier in (Eico	Apr	26	Brighter ahead (NB)	Mar		Jul 44; Corres	Dec	12
460) (CI)	Feb	26	Development of a Color-TV Signal (Sizer) Indicator circuit (NC)	Jan May		Tracer of Lost Signals—Mr. IC (Greenlee)*§ Transistor	Jul	66
Tubes interchangeable? (Eico 425) (CI) Waveshape (Eico 435) (Tech)	May	27 92	Learn, the Programed Way (Rawlings)	Sep	32	Characteristic Plotter (Fasal)*§	Sep	44
Test-lead shorting, prevent (TTO) Toroids, Simple Winding Aid for (Null) Mar 81	Oct		1967 Color-TV Roundup (Lemons) One gun, two colors (NB)	Jan Aug		Experimenter's Set (Hicke) § Socket markings	Mar	57
Toroids, Simple Winding Aid for (Null) Mar 81 (Corres)	Aug	16	Oslo, What Happened at (Haskett)	Jan		Stereo Generator (Payne)*§	May	32
Transistor(s)	Lal		Purity and Convergence Interaction (Murph and Carr)	ıy) Jan	32	TV, Tools and Tests for (Darr)	Mar	35
Fundamentals (CI) Kink (TTO)	Mar Feb	22 89	Receiver			Tube tester Battery eliminator from (TTO)	Aug	95
Replacement (Admiral) (Tech)	Jun	85	Heathkit GR-25 (ER) Heathkit GR-180 (ER)	Jan May		CRT tester-rejuvenator repair (Sencore	100	
Ultrasonic Cleaners (Roetger) Vise jaws, electrical tape softens (TTO)	Sep	62 93	Recorder			CR-133) (Tech) Sencore MU-140 (ER)	Nov	84 72
Voltage, peak, measuring with scope and			Home \$500 (NB) More low-cost color on tape (NB)	Aug Apr	6	Vom (Mercury 1800) (ER)	Mar	
diode (TTO) Wire, stripping enameled (TTO)	Jan Jul		Portable (Roizen)	Mar	38	Voltmeter, Poor Man's Digital (Todd §), (Corres) Jan 22:	Apr	16
with D • U • D (Goodman)	Apr		Signal, Development of (Sizer) Small-screen (NB)	Jan Aug		Vtvm		10
			Solid-state (NB)	Aug	4	Chroma, Troubleshooting, with (Babcoke) Millivolt Commander (Amphenol 870) (ER)		60
Shrink on the Insulation (Jablin)	Nov	61	Subjective? (NB) Tube Popularity Guide	Jun Jan	100	22-Megohm FET Dc Voltmeter (Jaques)*§	Dec Oct	
Signal-Trace FM-Radio and TV Tuners with a Field-Strength Meter (Fitzgibbon)	Oct	57	Tuning indicator (NC)	Jan	102	Waveform generators†	May	
Simple Winding Aid for Toroids (Null) Mar 81;			Voltages Ain't Circular to Me! (Kirk) What Happened at Oslo? (Haskett)		53 41	Tests for Transistor TV, Tools and (Darr)	Mar	
(Corres)	Aug		Crystal switching with diodes (NC)	May	98	Thinking Computers? Think Small (Whitmer)	May	
Slave Flash for \$5, Electronic (Keith)*	Jun	45	Developments (NB)	Aug	4	30 Basic IC Projects (Marston)	Dec	43

Time-delay relay, SCR†	May	53	Tube(s) (continued)		100	W		
Timers, Double Feature, Starring (Chesson and	Eab	56	Popularity Chart, Color-TV Solid-state TV camera pickup "tube" (NB)	Feb	100	Walkie-talkie		
Ives)*	Feb Jul	4	Tester			Power Booster (Crane) S Mar 60; Corres		
Time signals (NB) Tone-Burst Generator, Audio (DeSa)*§	Jul	44	Battery eliminator from (TTO) CRT rejuvenator repair (Sencore CR-133)	Aug	95	May 16; Corr Rule change (NB) Apr 6;		1 4
Tools and Tests for Transistor TV (Darr)	Mar	35	(Tech)	Jul	84	Rule change (NB) Apr 6 WANTED: Test Instrument Info (Scott)	Jul	50
Toroids, Simple Winding Aid for (Null) Mar 81;			Sencore MU-140 (ER)	Nov	72	Weather photos, low-cost, by satellite (NB)	Jun	12
(Corres)	Aug		Twin 200-Watt-Second Solid-State Strobe Slaves			What Happened at Oslo? (Haskett)	-	41
T-Pads, Know Your L- and (Fred)	Sep	36	(Rice)*§	Mar	49	What Kind of Noise Annoys a Tape? (Stillwell)	Sep	43
Transmitter Monitor, Professional Quality (Neil)*§	Dec	56	Two Interference Nullers (Althouse and Van Houten) *§	Aug	38	Why Servicers Like Servicing (Glass and Tracy) Wider the Band, the Higher the Fi? (Sutheim)	May Oct	45 54
TRANSISTOR(IZED)(S), see also IC; subject as § following author's name	rticle	with	Two Useful Pitched-Roof Antenna Mounts (Pyle and Strand)	Apr	60	Wire, stripping enameled (TTO) Woofing the Tweeter (McCormick)		91
Audio, Engineer Talks About (Sutheim) Apr 57;	May	55	Two-Way, Two-Way Lamp (Wels)*	Dec	59	World's Toughest R/C Job (Smith)	May	
Characteristic Plotter (Fasal) § Sep 44; (Corres)	Nov	6						
Circuits from Scratch (Van Houten)	Mar	41						
Fundamentals (CI) Gain control, variable (NC)	Mar	22 94						
Kink (TTO)	Feb	89	U			X		
Mini-Tester, Diode and (Randall) § Mixer, High-Impedance (Lehman)*§	Oce Mar					V		
MOS FET, What's a (Jackson)	Oct	50	Uhf Multiantenna tower, world's first (WN)	lan	45	X-ray Callbacks (NB)	Aug	g 6
Plastic—The Future Billions (Bose) Power Amplifier, Convert Heath WA-P2 for	Mar	55	Translator (Lectrotech U-75) (ER)		67	Radiation in TV Sets, What You Should Know	1	U.
(Olson)	May	48	Ultrasonic Cleaners, Servicing (Roetger)	Sep	62	About (Lachenbruch)	Nov	54
Power Resistor, Need a? (Pepper) Radios—Be Brave! Take On! (Davidson)	Feb Sep	51 51	Updating the Self-Holding Relay (Ives)	Sep	61			
Replacement (Admiral) (Tech)	Jun	85	opading me out the angle (1909)	ССР	•-			
Slide changer (NC) Stereo Generator (Payne)*§	Aug	94 32						
Test Set, Experimenter's (Hicke) §	Mar					Υ		
Sockat markings (Corr) Three for a penny? (NB)	May					V . F		
TV, Tools and Tests for (Darr)	Mar		V			Your Future in Electronics (Clifton)	nec	38
Voltmeter, 22-Mehohm FET Dc (Jaques)' §	Oct		100			Your Own Shortwave Receiver (Queen) <sup>♠</sup> Aug 57; (Corr)	Sept	12
Treasure Finder (Rakes)*§	Nov	32	Verifying Amplifier Performance (Sutheim)	Jus	80			
Triggered Scope for Color (Allen Jan 51; (Corres)	lun	14	Vertical Sweap Manual (Davidson)	Dec	49			
Trouble That Couldn't Happen	Jun	14	Video Tapes, Record and Play, with Your TV Sel	t				
(Lowens) Jan 94;	Feb	72	(McGinty)*§	Apr	32	-		
Troubleshooting Chroma with Vtvm (Babcoke)	May	60	Voltages, Color, Aren't Circular to Me! (Kirk)	Jan	53	Z		
Tube(s) Brighter color ahead (NB)	Mar	14	Vom, see Test instruments			Zener Clipper, Nonpolarized (Ives)	Feb	55
Dimensions, TV (NB)	Feb		Vtvm's, see Test instruments, vtvm's			Zero-crossing detector, simple (NC)	Jun	5.7



#### Coming Next Month . . .

### COLOR TELEVISION

Learn how to get rid of color ghosts and see the best possible picture. Keep up to date on modern high-voltage and shunt-regulator circuits in color sets. Find out how to make purity adjustments, and attack intermittents in chroma circuits.

### SERVICING

Take a guided tour of your scope—how to get the most out of it. Learn how to troubleshoot relays and keep them in tiptop condition. Add to your file of case histories in CB transceiver troubles.

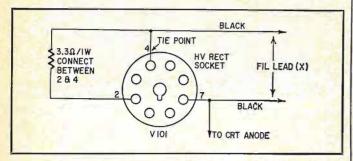
#### **PLUS**

Painless dB's—or how to use decibels without knowing logarithms. More applications for an 80-cent IC. Story of an unusual problem (how to use two-way radio in a subway tunnel) and its unusual solution. All these—and more construction projects—you'll find in our January issue.

## **TECHNOTES**

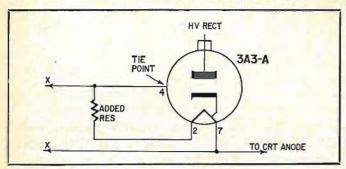
#### RCA CTC 16X HV RECTIFIER

Field reports show that the 3A3-A is being substituted for the 3CA3 high-voltage rectifier in this chassis. The 3A3-A



is an improved tube type and is a recommended replacement provided a 3.3-ohm, 1-watt resistor is inserted in series with the filament lead.

Some replacement tubes are double-branded 3A3-A/3CA3. These should be considered as type 3A3-A's when

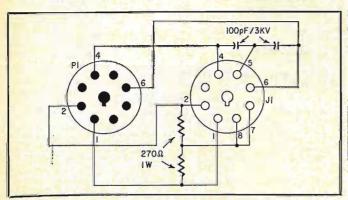


used as replacements in the CTC 16X chassis, requiring the addition of the filament resistor.

The resistor can be installed at the rectifier socket without removing the chassis. Transfer the black filament lead from pin 2 to pin 4 (used as a tie point). Connect the resistor between pins 2 and 4 as shown in the diagrams.— RCA Television Service Tips

#### ADMIRAL TV TEST-JIG ADAPTER

This diagram shows an adapter that enables you to use a color TV test jig having a 7-lead yoke to test current color TV sets employing 4-lead yokes. Plug P1 (Admiral part No.



88A23-6) fits 3H10, 4H10, 5H10, 6H10 and 9H10 chassis. Socket (part No. 87A84-2) fits 94D304-1, -2, -3, -4; 94D275-1 and 94D306-1 deflection yokes.—Admiral Service News Letter R-E



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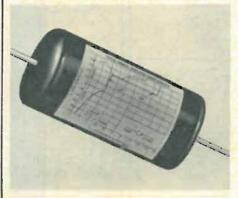
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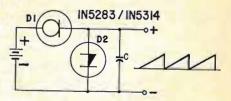
## **NEW SEMICONDUCTORS**

#### FIELD-EFFECT DIODES

The Motorola 1N5283 through 1N5314 series of current regulators are field-effect diodes that establish a constant current flow regardless of applied voltage. They are the analog of the Zener diode which establishes a constant voltage independent of current.



The diodes are ideal for use as constant-current sources for differential amplifiers, ramp generators and for



transistor biasing. In voltage-reference circuits, the current regulator can supply a temperature-compensated Zener diode with a constant current to limit voltage changes caused by large swings in an unregulated circuit.

The current regulators can be used to simplify the design of sawtooth and ramp generator circuits. The diagram shows a simple sawtooth generator with a linear positive-going ramp. D1 is the current regulator diode and D2 is a 4layer diode. The period of one cycle of the oscillator (T) is  $C \times V_{BR}/I_P$ ; where I<sub>P</sub> is the pinch-off current of D1, C is the value of the capacitor in µF and V<sub>BR</sub> is the breakover voltage of the 4layer diode.

The diodes are in a DO-7 glass

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	20 - EXPERIMENTER'S COIL "JACKPOT" assorted for 101 uses	51 [	50 —	ASSORTED ir ampere rati	#3AG FUSE	5 \$1	☐ 90°	TV DEFLE	TV's incl schel	SO		450/400/25	0v	•••••	۹1
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## AND MICROCIRCUITS

cartridge. They have a peak operating voltage rating of 100, power dissipation is 600 mW and cover 32 current ranges. Minimum dynamic impedance for diodes in the series ranges from 25.0 megohms for the 1N5283 (a 0.22-mA device) to 235,000 ohms for the 1N5314, a 4.7-mA unit.

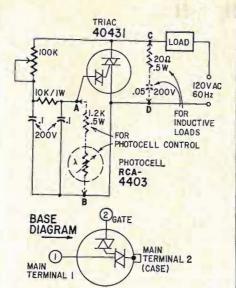
The price is \$4.90 in lots of 100 and up-but can be expected to drop as usage increases.

#### TRIAC WITH INTEGRAL TRIGGER

The RCA 40431 and 40432 Triacs are gate-controlled full-wave ac silicon switches with built-in triggers. They are intended for phase control of ac loads in such applications as light dimming, speed controls for universal and induction motors and in heating controls.

They are sealed in modified TO-5 packages which are tin-plated so they can be soldered to heat sinks.

The 40431 is for applications requiring repetitive peak off-state voltages



up to 200 and an on-state rms current up to 6 amps with case temperatures up to 75°C. The 40432 is for off-state voltages up to 400 under the same con-

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#### **Build A Tape/Slide Synchronizer**

continued from page 33

this is not important as there is plenty of signal for recording.

#### Construction

The parts layout is not critical as all circuits are low impedance. Figs. 6 and 7 are top and underside views and show the location of the few parts used.

The Triac is conveniently mounted on the small aluminum plate which is insulated from and fastened to the case with 1/2" insulated, threaded spacers. Transformer T1 is mounted on the opposite side of the cabinet (Fig. 7). P1, J1, J2 and J3 are mounted on the front. As Fig. 6 shows. R3, S1 and S2 are mounted on the top of the case.

Resistor R1 should be chosen to produce a 1-volt sync signal. The resistance value will depend on the voltage value and the amount of current drawn by the slide-changer motor or solenoid. If the motor draws about 0.3 amp, which is normal for home-type changers, R1 should be 3 ohms. Check the nameplate on your projector to find

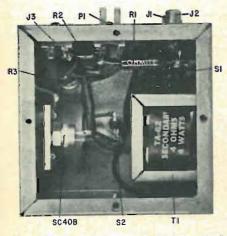


Fig. 7-Parts placement isn't critical within the box as the circuit is chiefly low impedance, Mount Triac carefully.

out how much current it draws. This figure may include the projector lamp wattage, which you must subtract. Better still, use an ac voltmeter across R1 and try different values until you come up with a 1-volt signal.

You will need a two-wire power cable with a receptacle to mate with P1 on one end. The other end of the cable should match the slide-changer remote socket. For the sync connections to the tape recorder, use phone plug on one end, and whatever you need on the other to match the recorder jacks.

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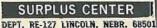
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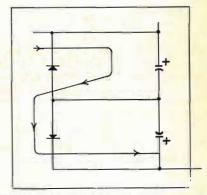
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The problem is solved in a neater way with isolating diodes. Their current rating should be at least equal to the peak ac. On the half-cycle when the upper electrode of the top capacitor in the drawing is positive, current flow (conventional) is as shown. The reverse is true, of course, on the next half-cycle.

Another advantage of this hookup is that the reverse voltage across each



capacitor is limited to the forward voltage drop across its associated capacitor. Thus there is no reverse current. And, of course, the capacitors can be the same size as the one to be replaced.

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—R. W. Neale

R-E



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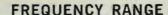
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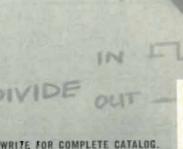
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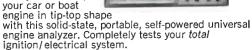
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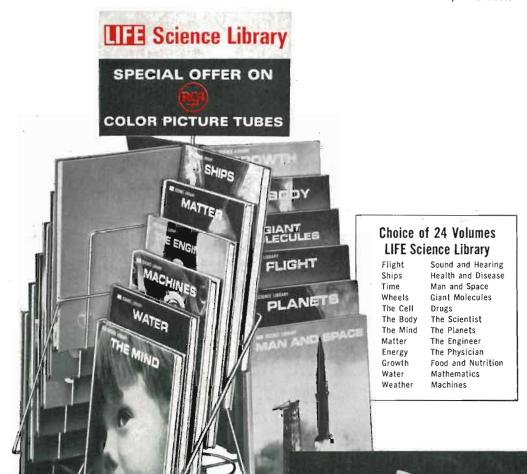
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